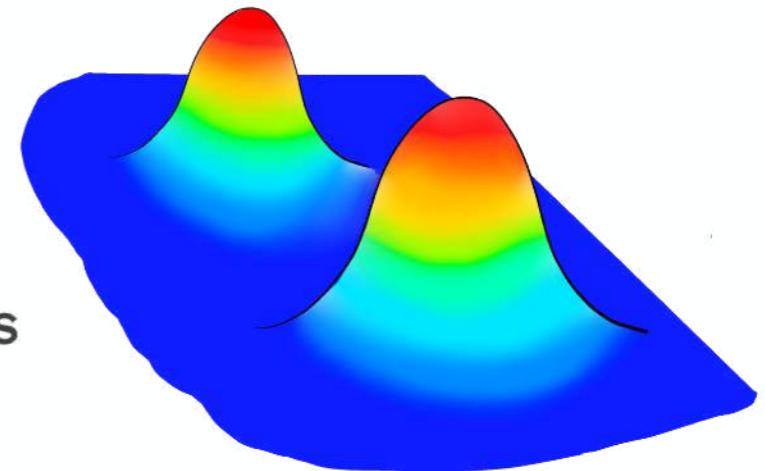




# Quantum technologies for future particle physics experiments

Clara Murgui



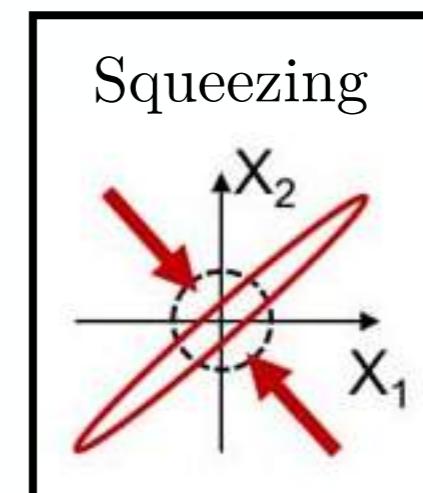
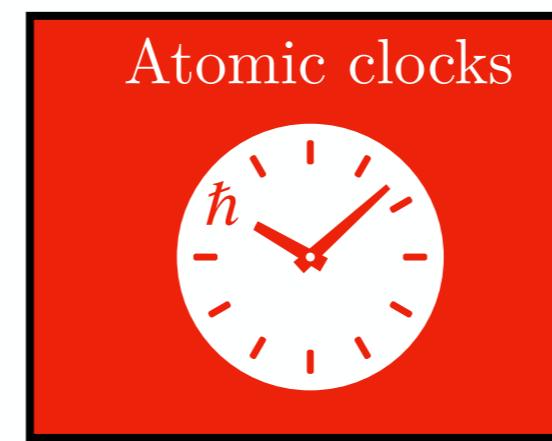
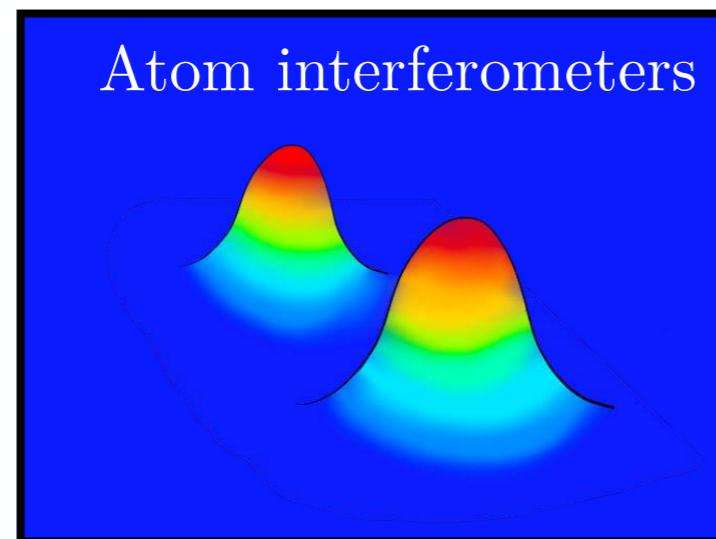
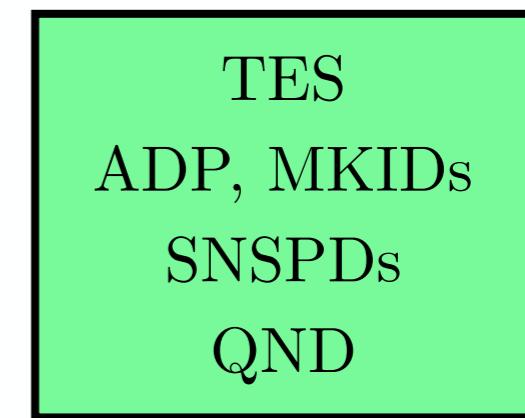
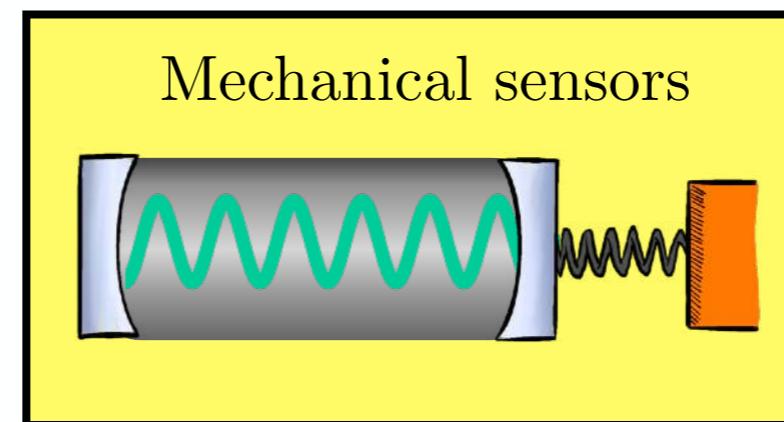
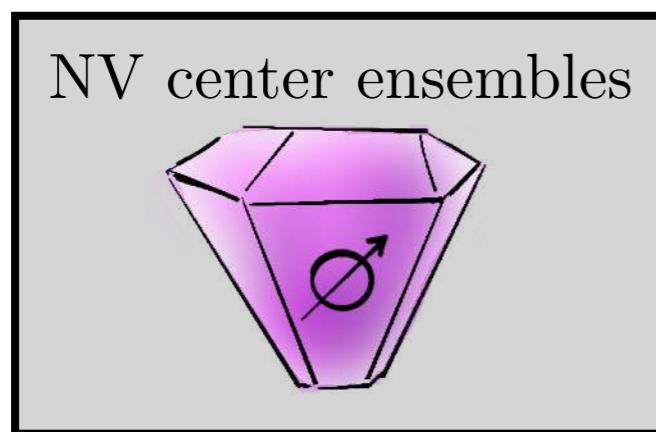
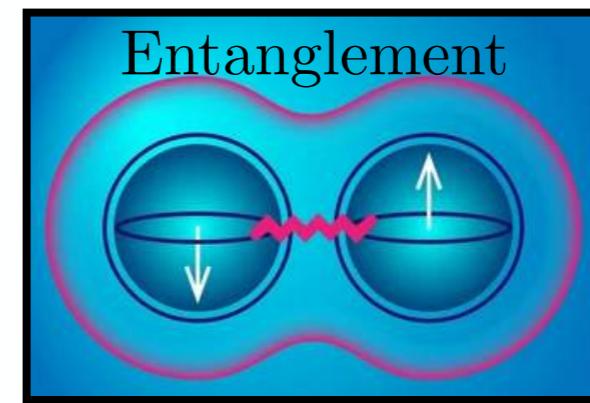
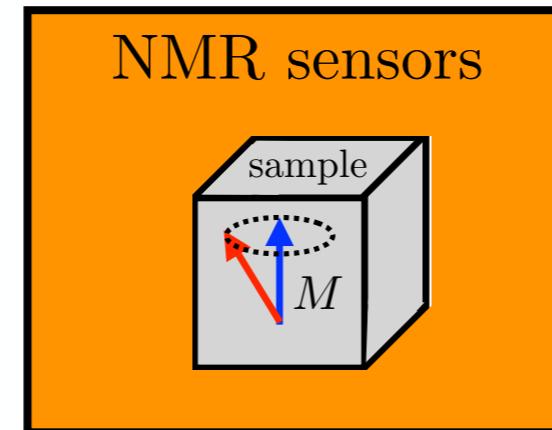
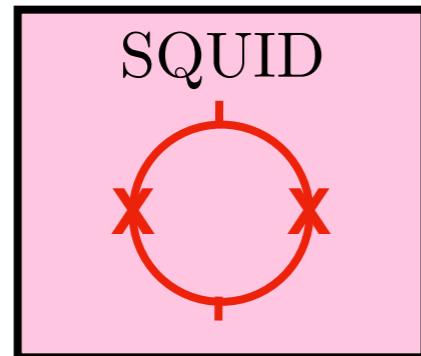
International Meeting on Fundamental Physics 2024, Sep 11

# Quantum Sensing

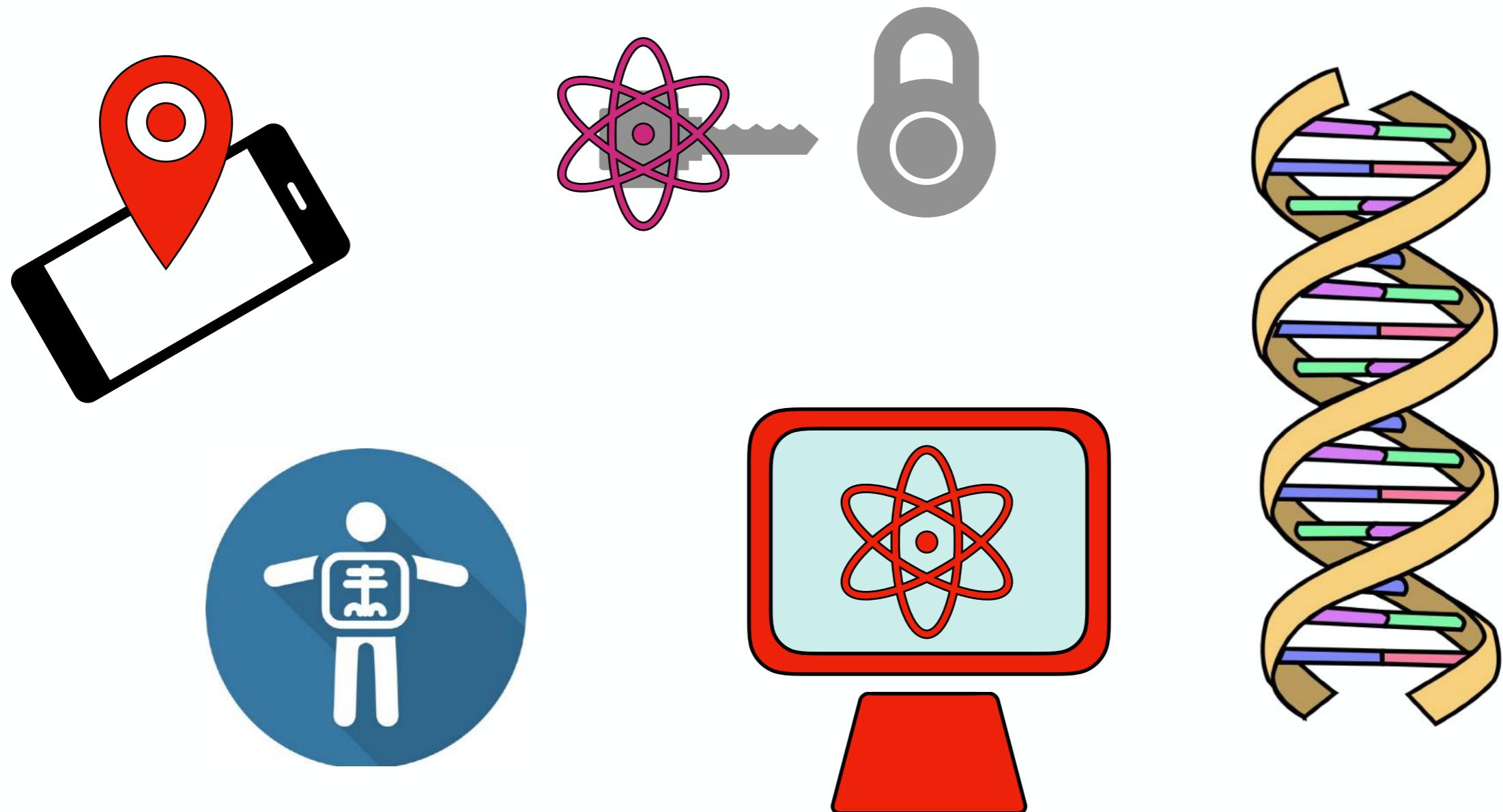
“Use of a quantum system, quantum properties or quantum phenomena to perform a measurement of a physical quantity”

[Degen, Reinhard, Cappellaro, 2017]

# Quantum Sensors: examples

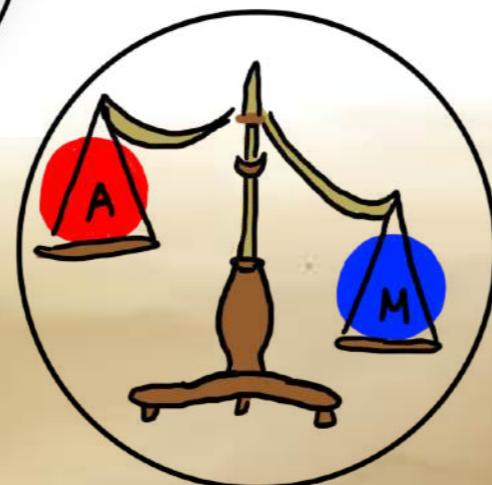
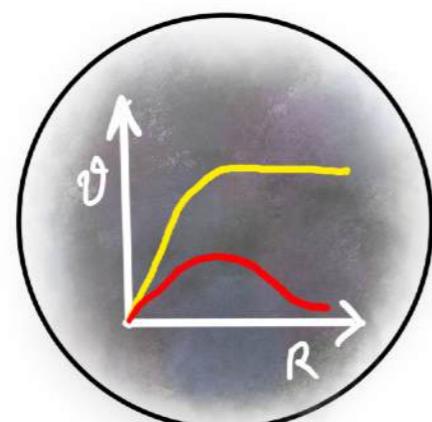
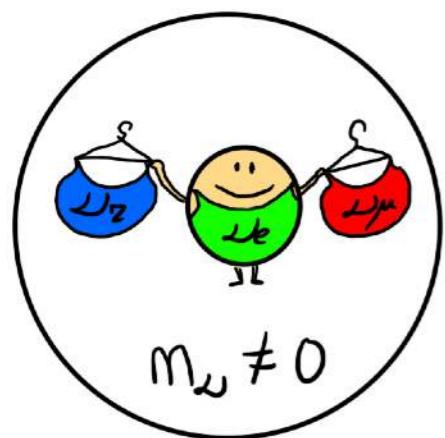


# Quantum Sensing: applications

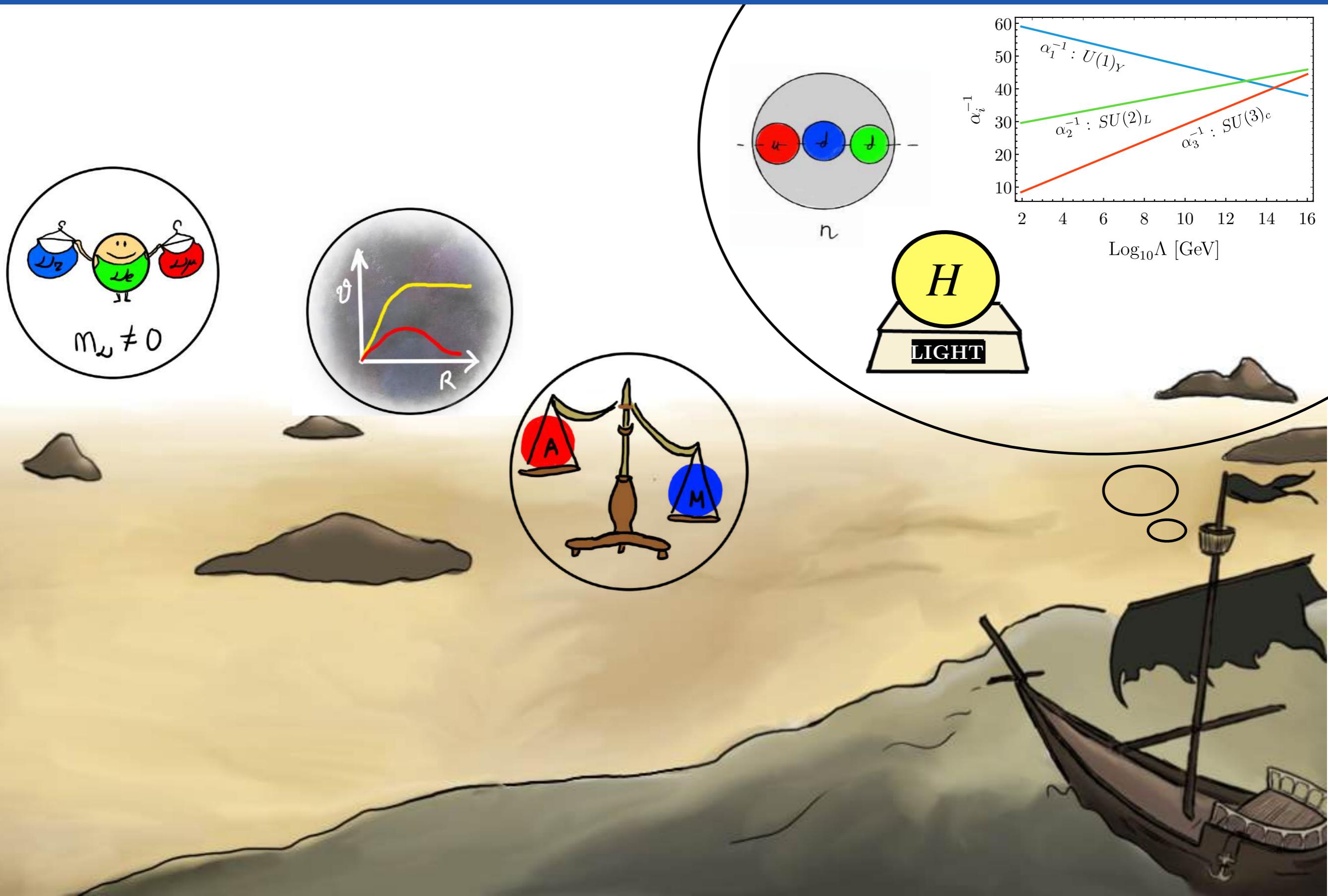


“Why a phenomenologist is given me this talk?”

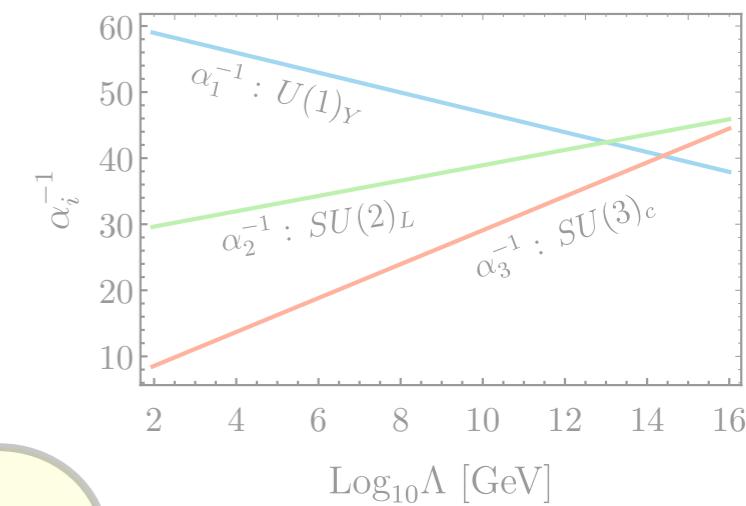
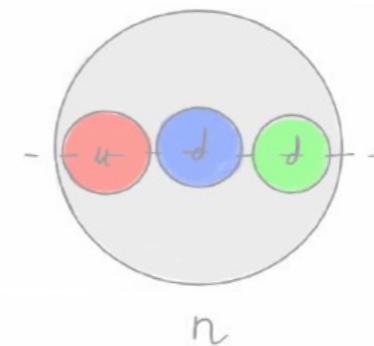
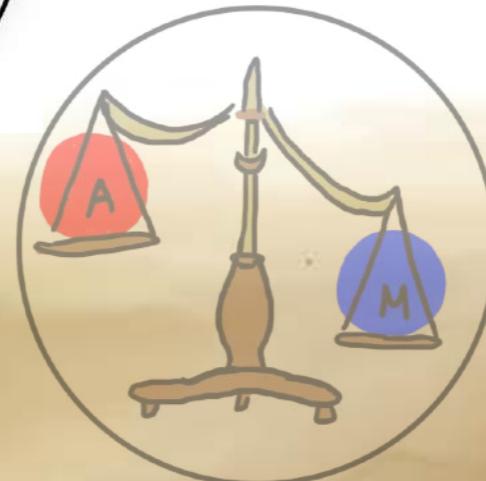
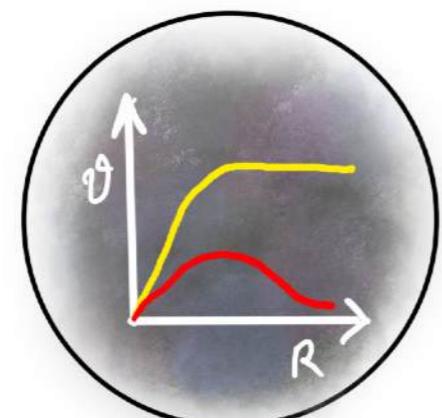
# The Need for New Physics



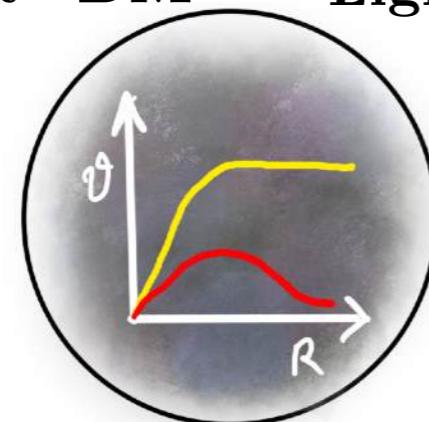
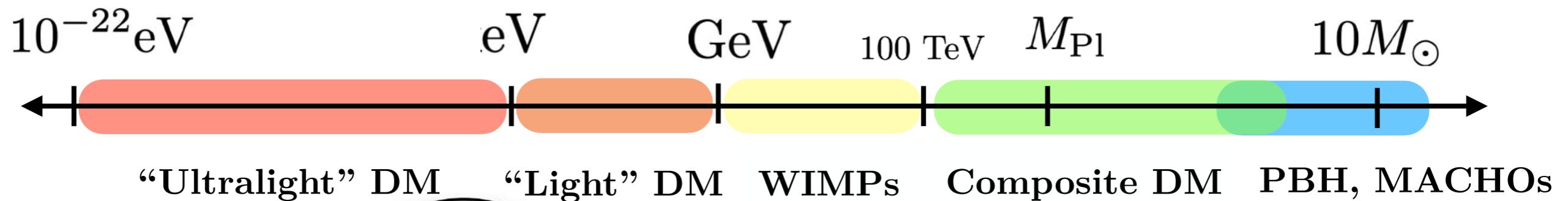
# The Need for New Physics



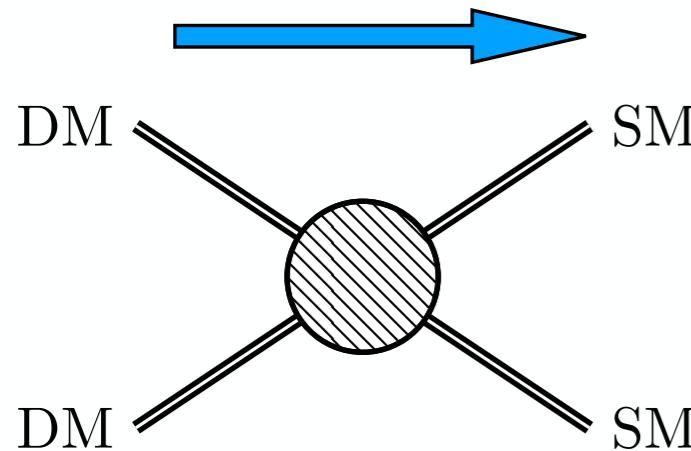
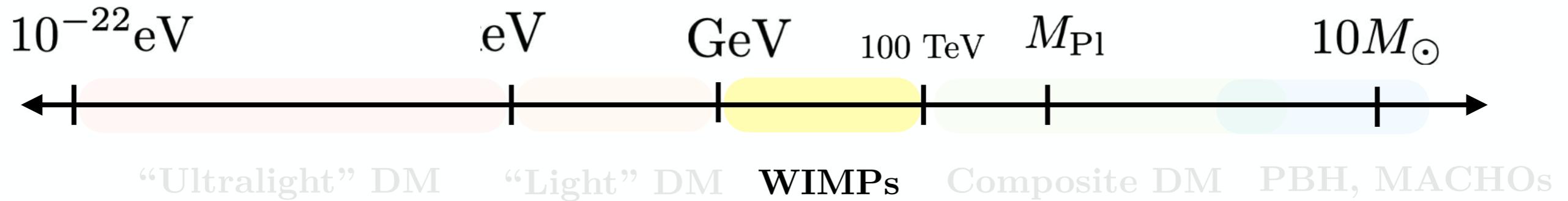
# The Need for New Physics



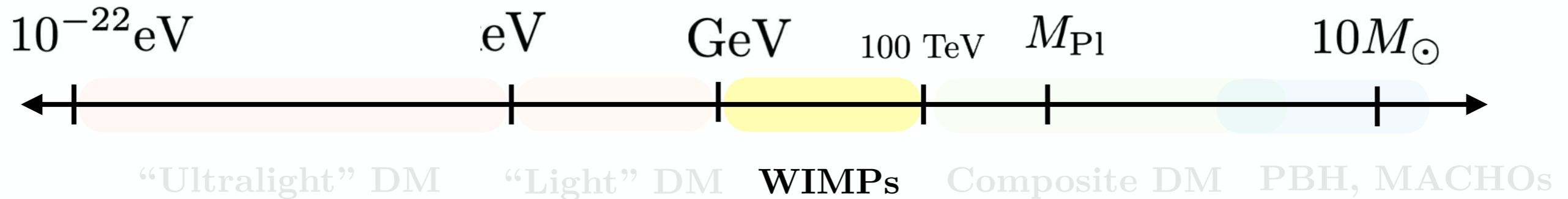
# Beyond the SM: where to look?



# Beyond the SM: where to look?



# Beyond the SM: where to look?



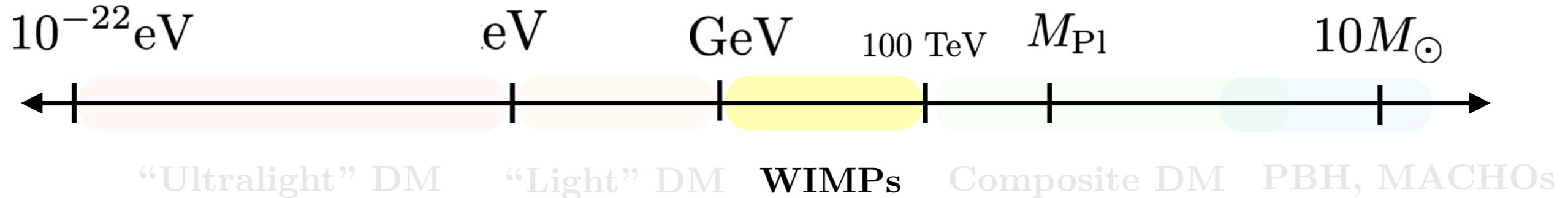
## The WIMP miracle

Feynman diagram illustrating the interaction of a WIMP with the Standard Model (SM). A shaded circle represents the WIMP exchange. Two incoming lines are labeled "DM" and two outgoing lines are labeled "SM". A blue arrow points to the right above the diagram.

Weak coupling

$$\langle \sigma v \rangle \sim \frac{G_F^2}{8\pi} m_\chi^2 \frac{c}{3} \sim 10^{-24} \text{ cm}^3/\text{s} \left( \frac{m_\chi}{100 \text{ GeV}} \right)^2$$

# Beyond the SM: where to look?



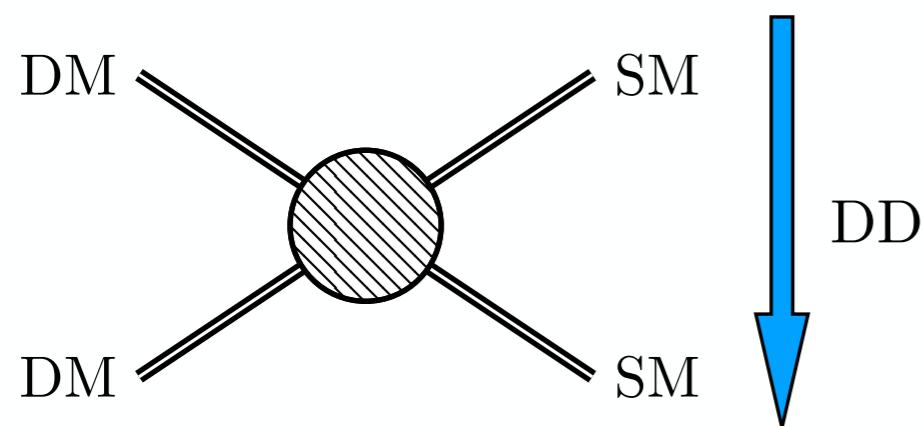
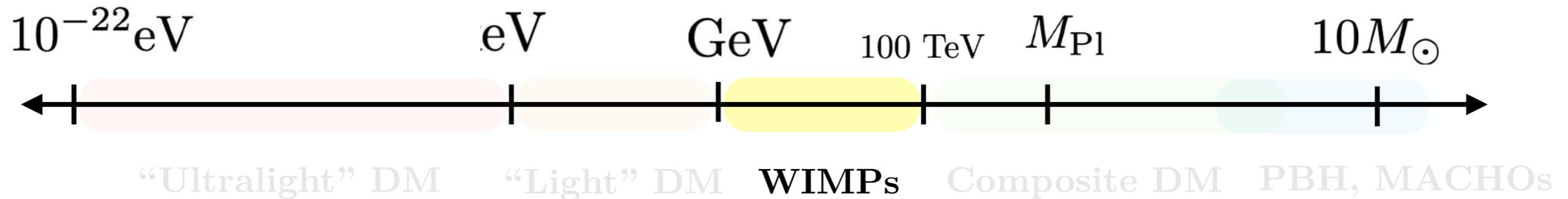
## The WIMP miracle

$$\langle \sigma v \rangle \sim \frac{G_F^2}{8\pi} m_\chi^2 \frac{c}{3} \sim 10^{-24} \text{ cm}^3/\text{s} \left( \frac{m_\chi}{100 \text{ GeV}} \right)^2$$

weak coupling

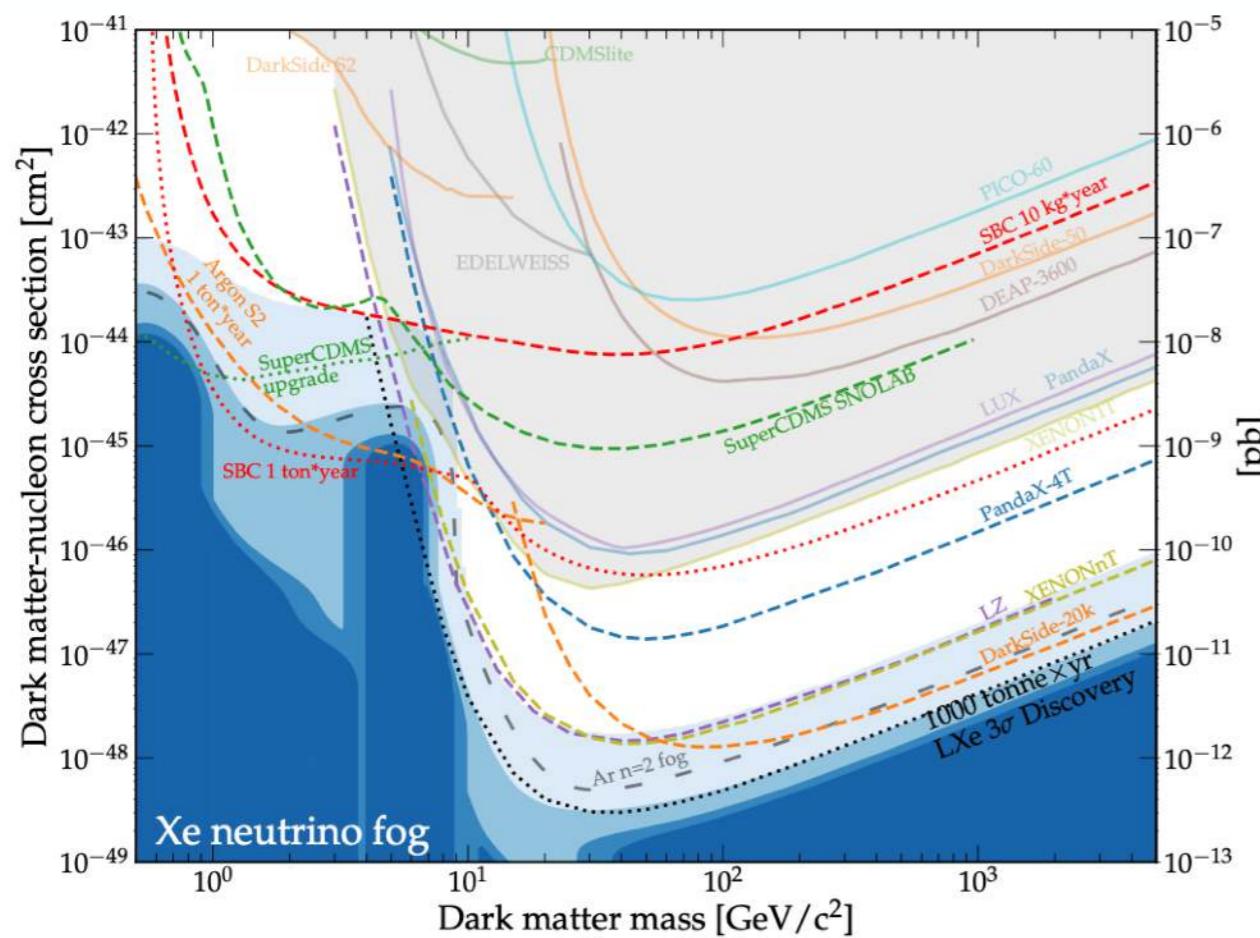
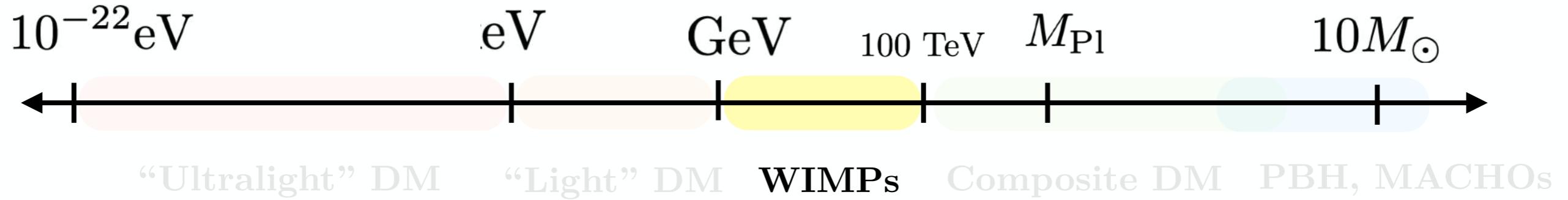
$$\Omega_{\text{DM}} \sim 0.1 \times \left( \frac{3 \times 10^{-26} \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}}{\langle \sigma v \rangle} \right)$$

# Beyond the SM: where to look?



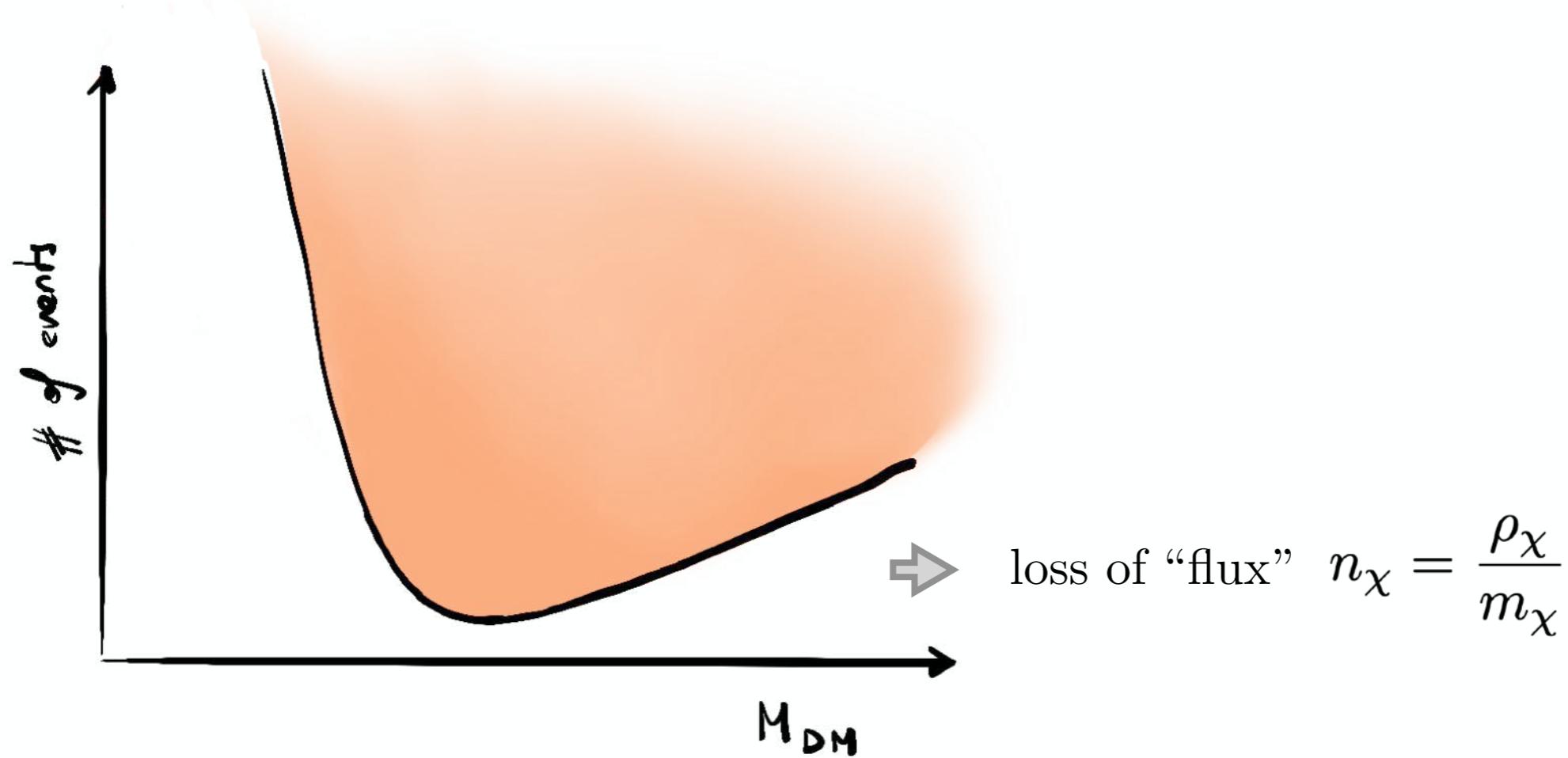
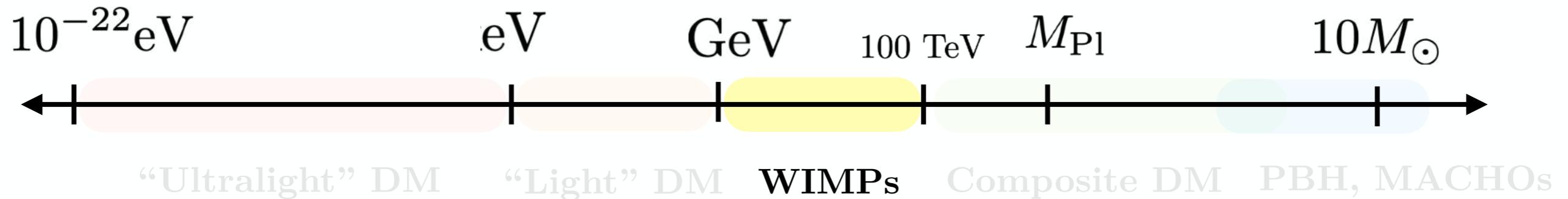
$$\sigma \sim 10^{-34} \text{ cm}^2 \left( \frac{m_\chi}{100 \text{ GeV}} \right)^2$$

# Beyond the SM: where to look?

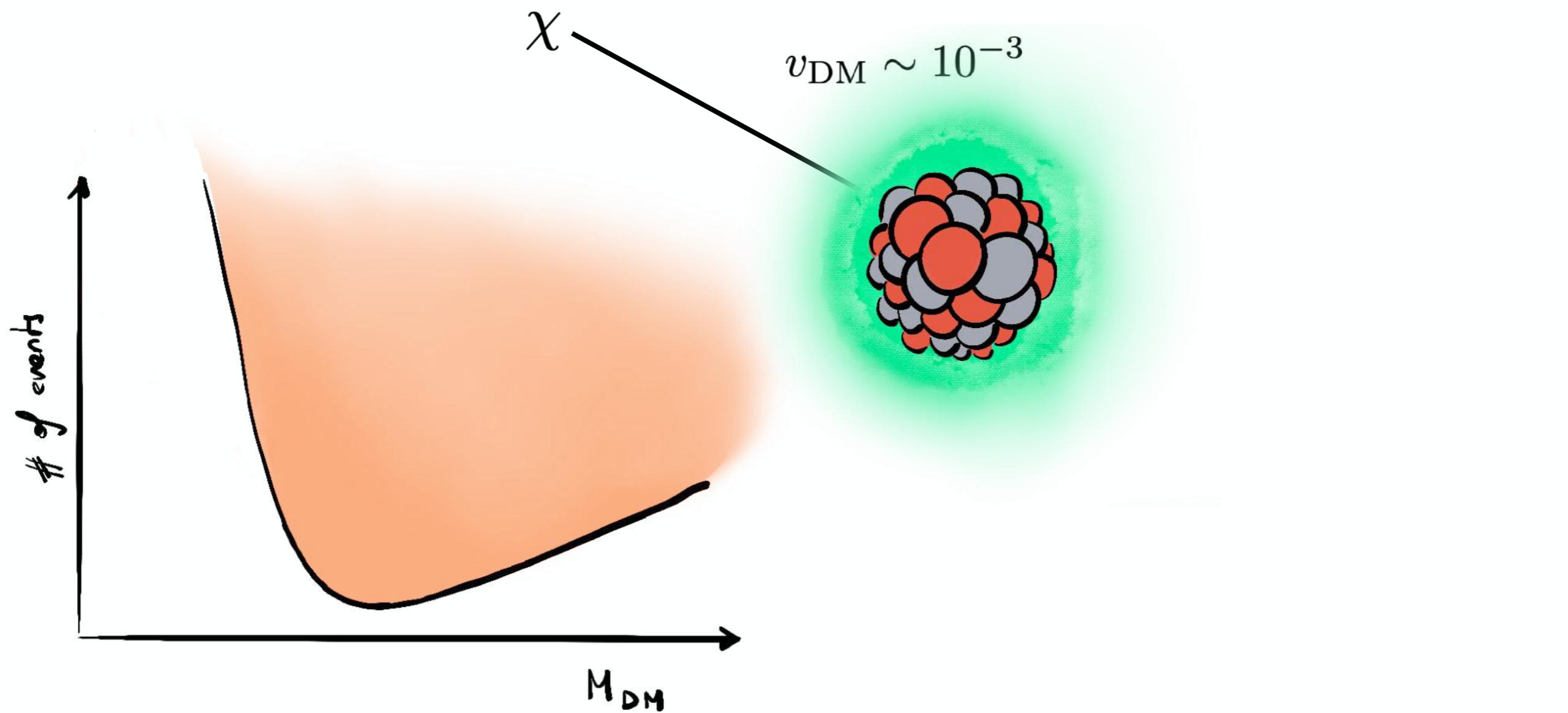
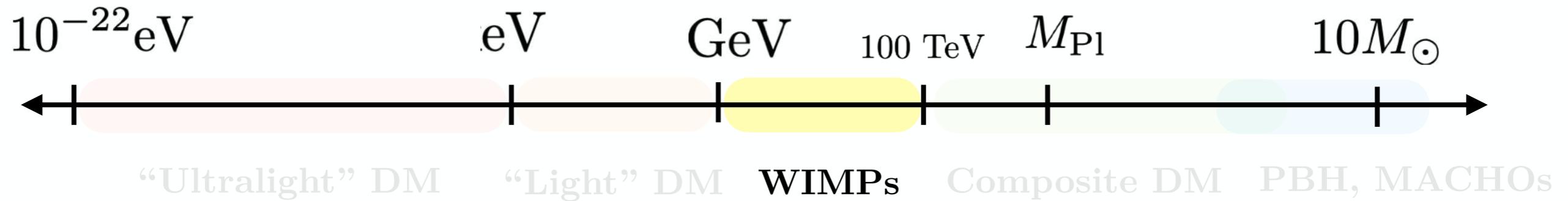


$$\sigma \sim 10^{-34} \text{ cm}^2 \left( \frac{m_\chi}{100 \text{ GeV}} \right)^2$$

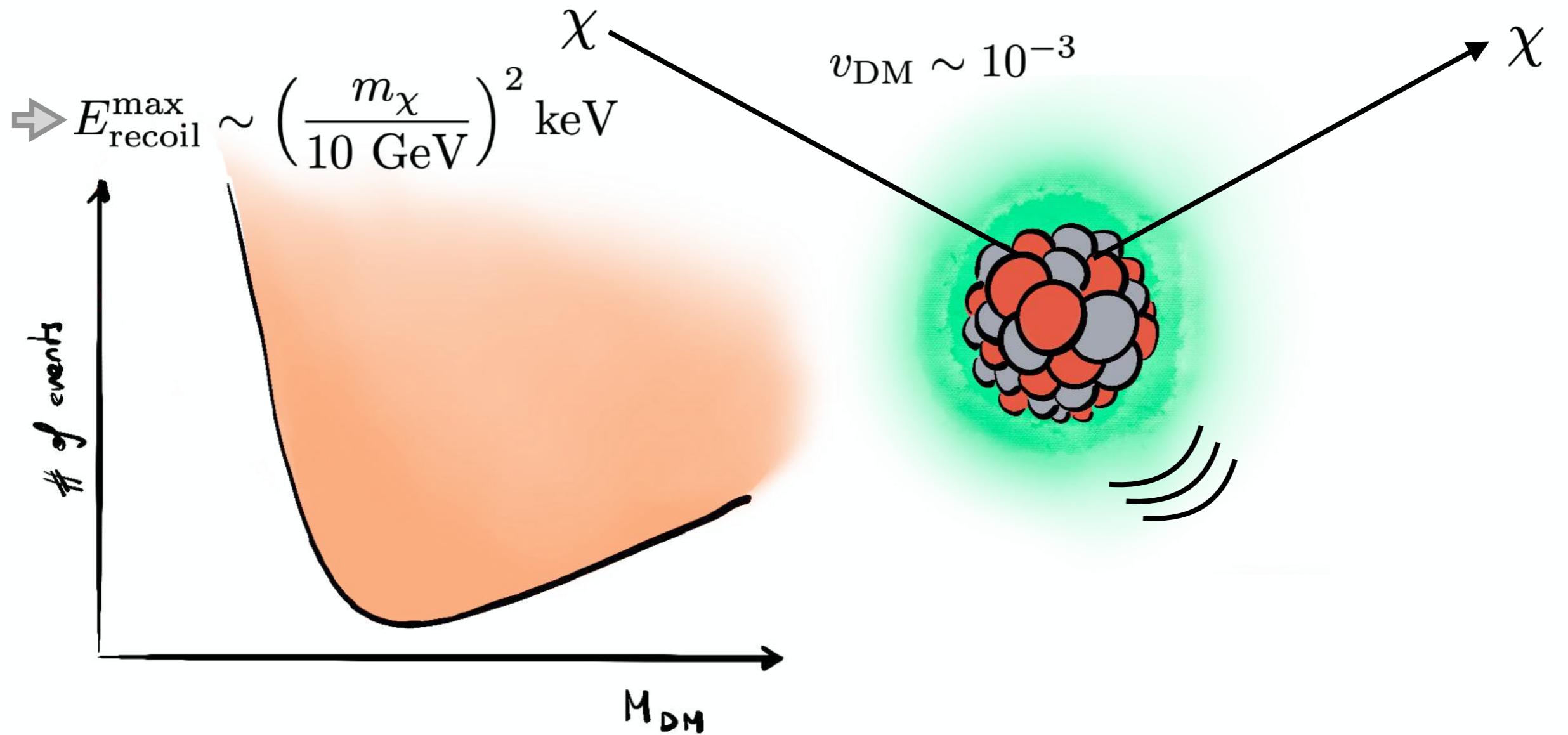
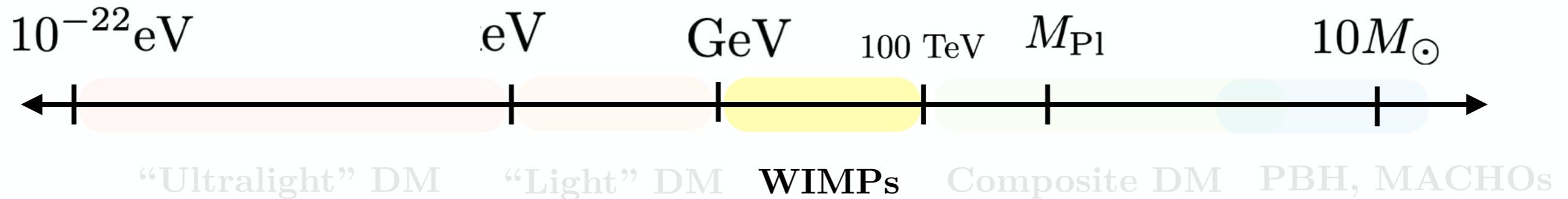
# Beyond the SM: where to look?



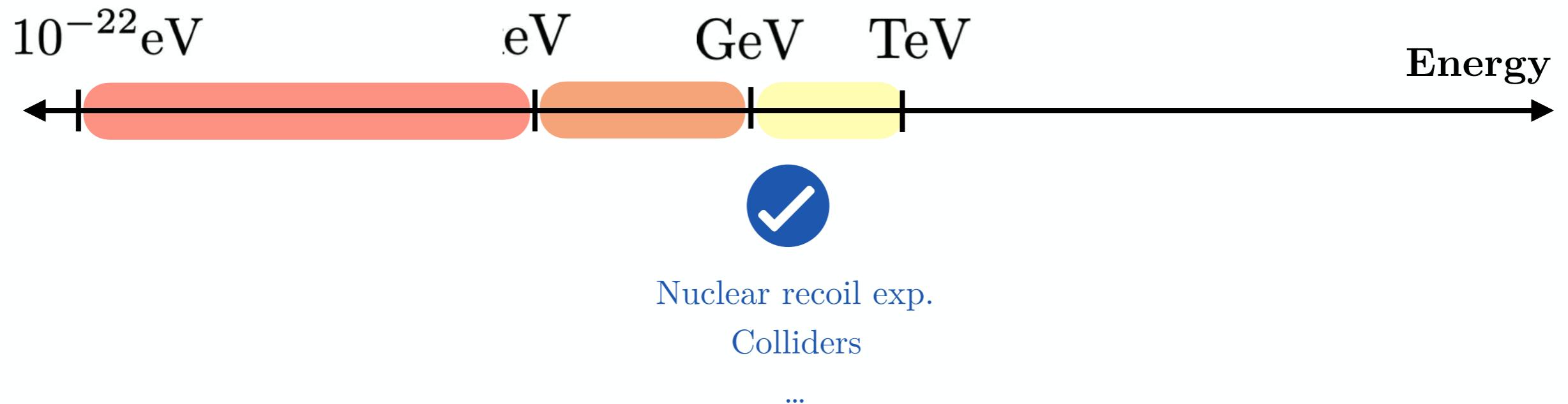
# Beyond the SM: where to look?



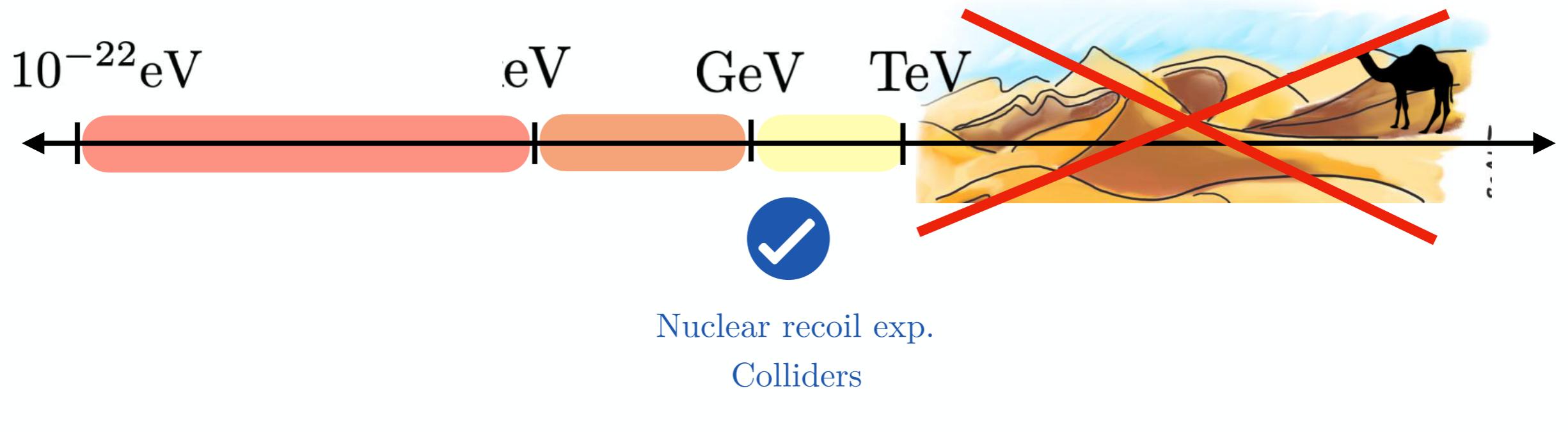
# Beyond the SM: where to look?



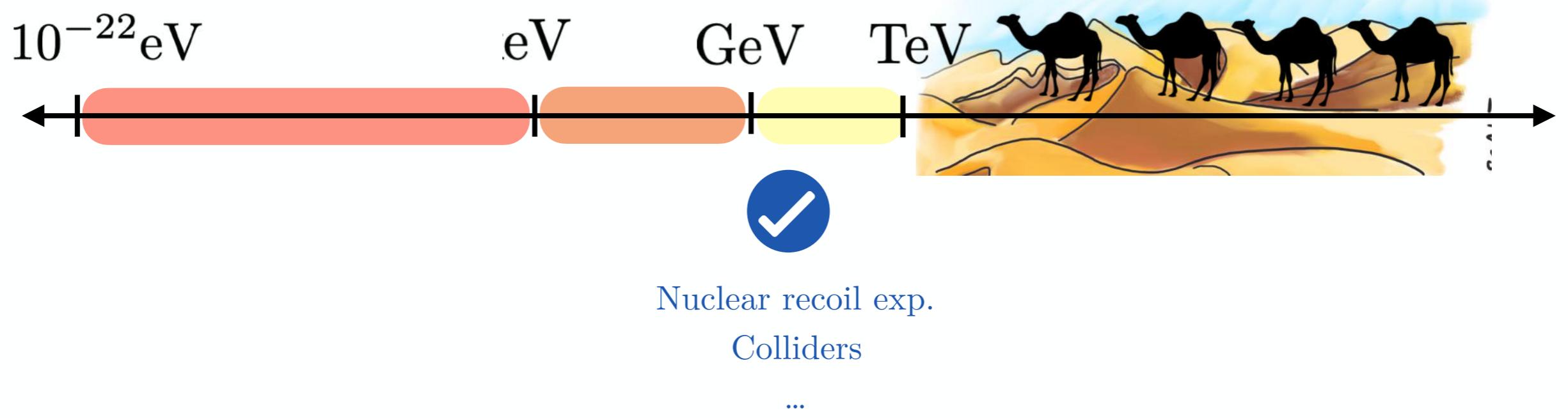
# Beyond the SM: “how” to look?



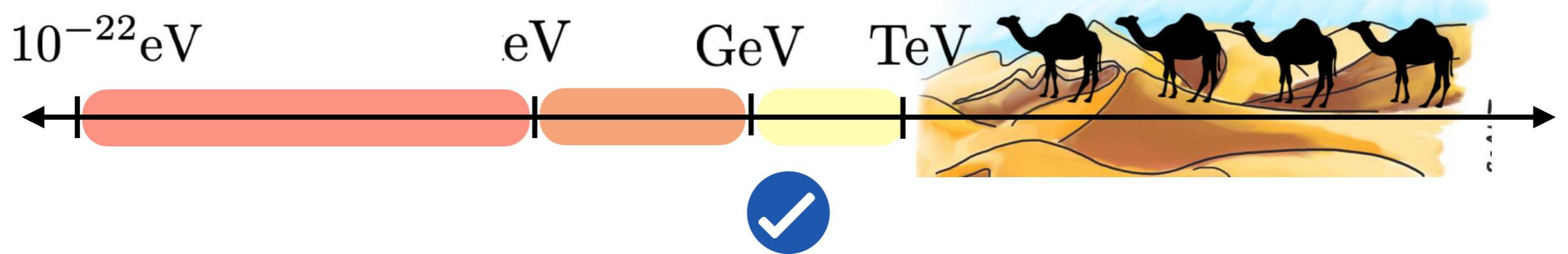
# Beyond the SM: “how” to look?



# Beyond the SM: “how” to look?



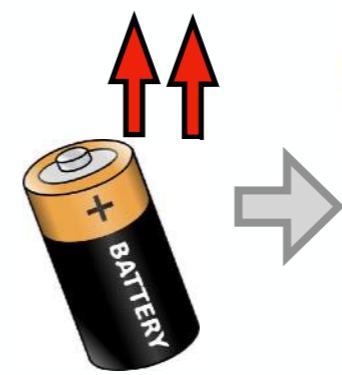
# Beyond the SM: “how” to look?



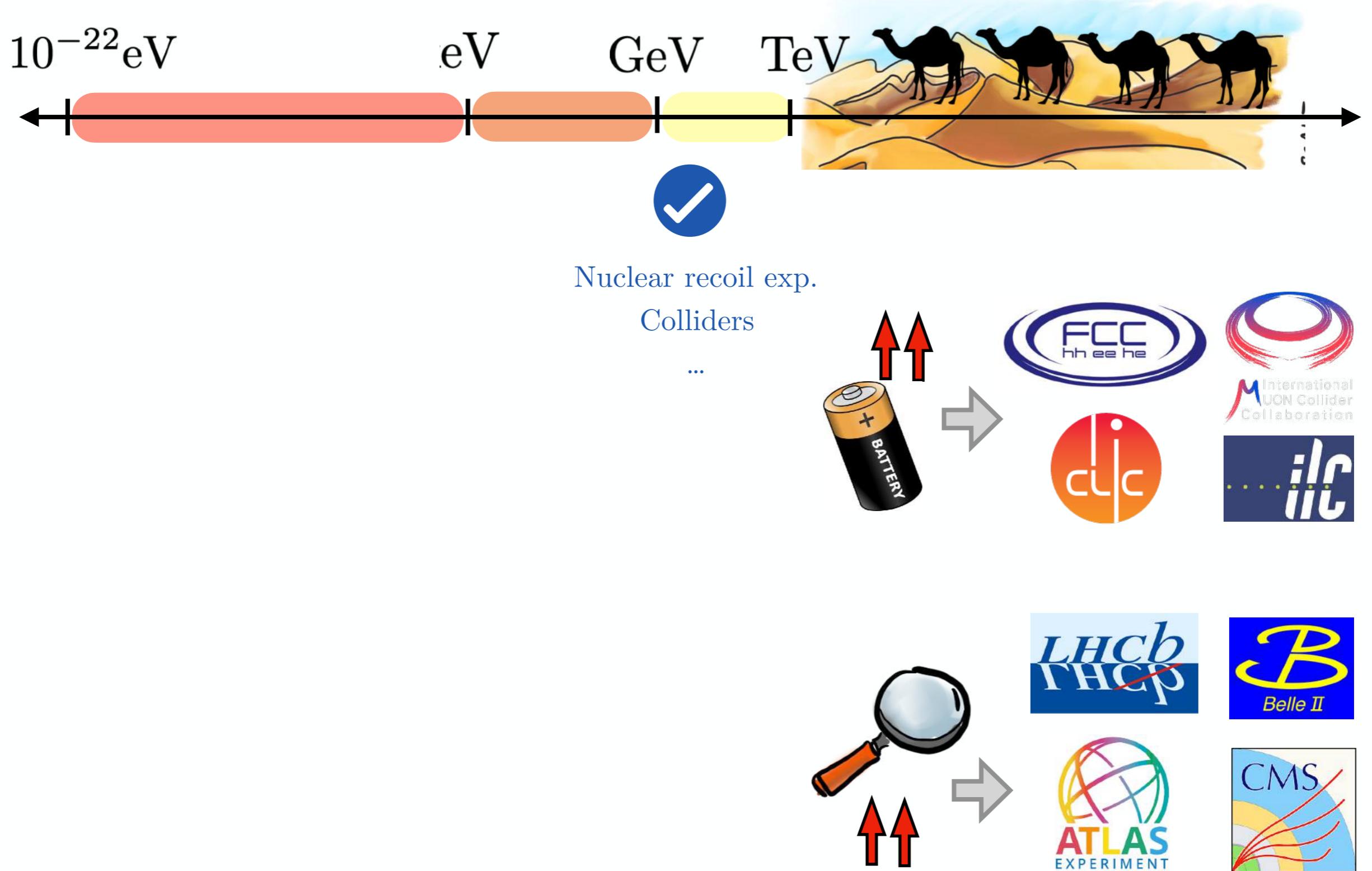
Nuclear recoil exp.

Colliders

...



# Beyond the SM: “how” to look?



# Beyond the SM: “how” to look?

$10^{-22}\text{eV}$

eV

GeV

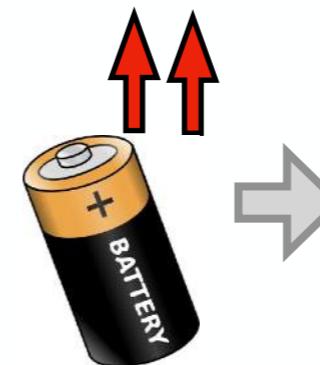
TeV



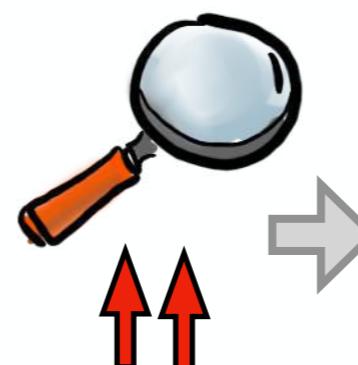
Nuclear recoil exp.

Colliders

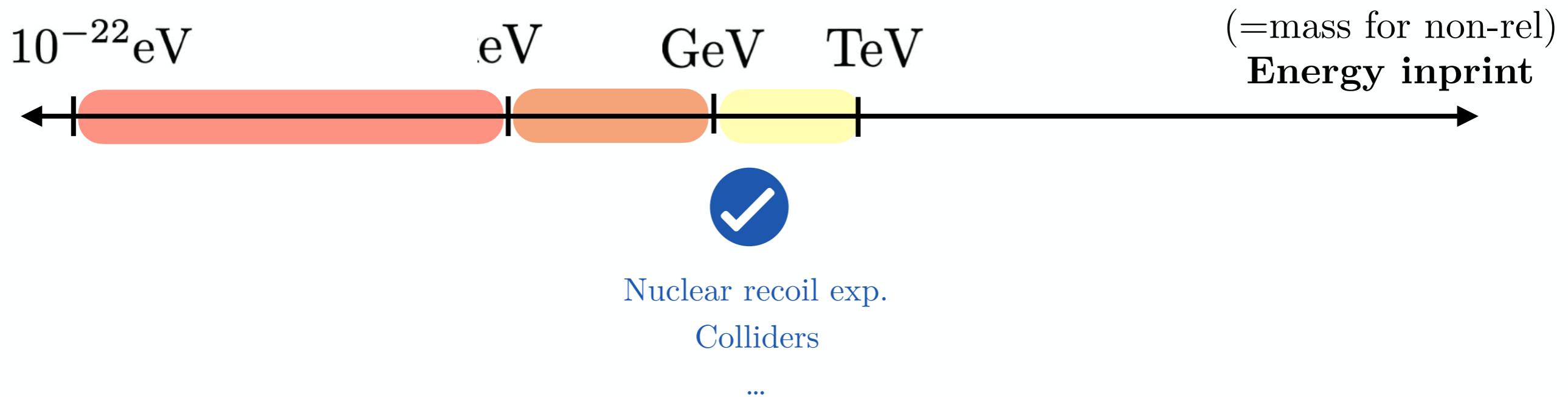
...



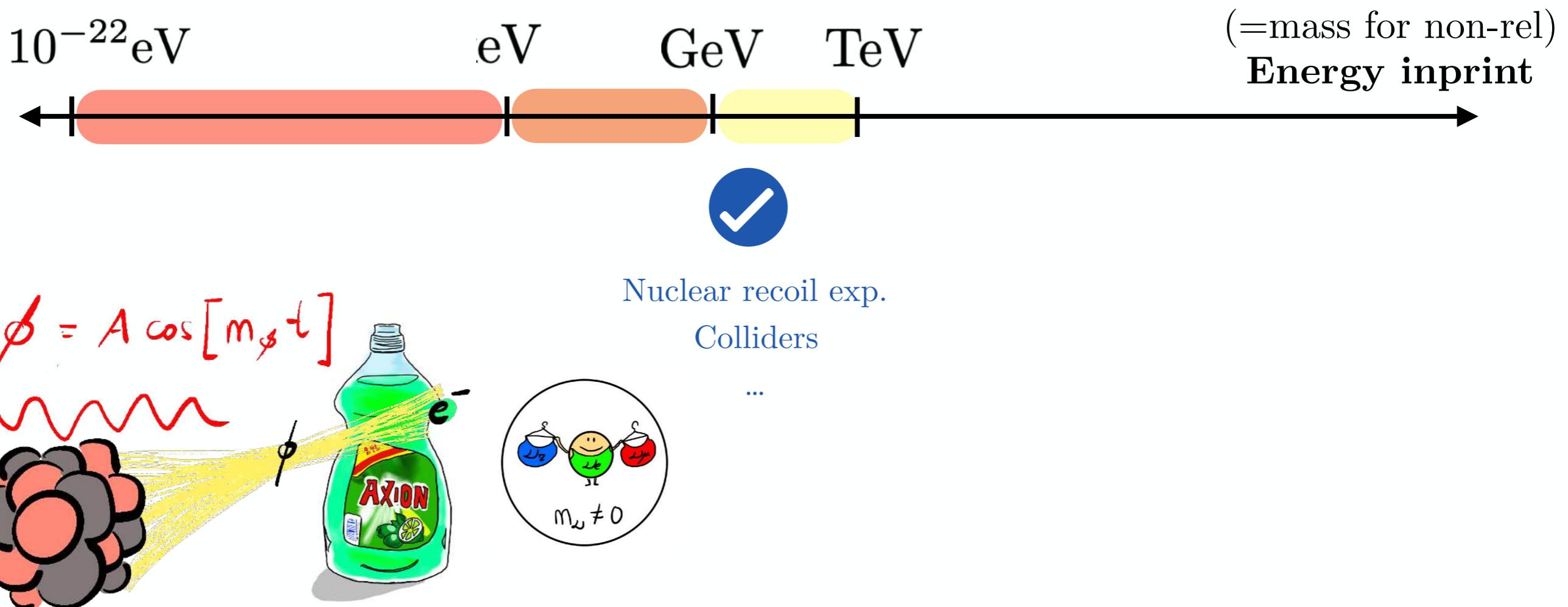
**MOTIVATION FOR PRECISION  
IN HIGH ENERGY PHYSICS**



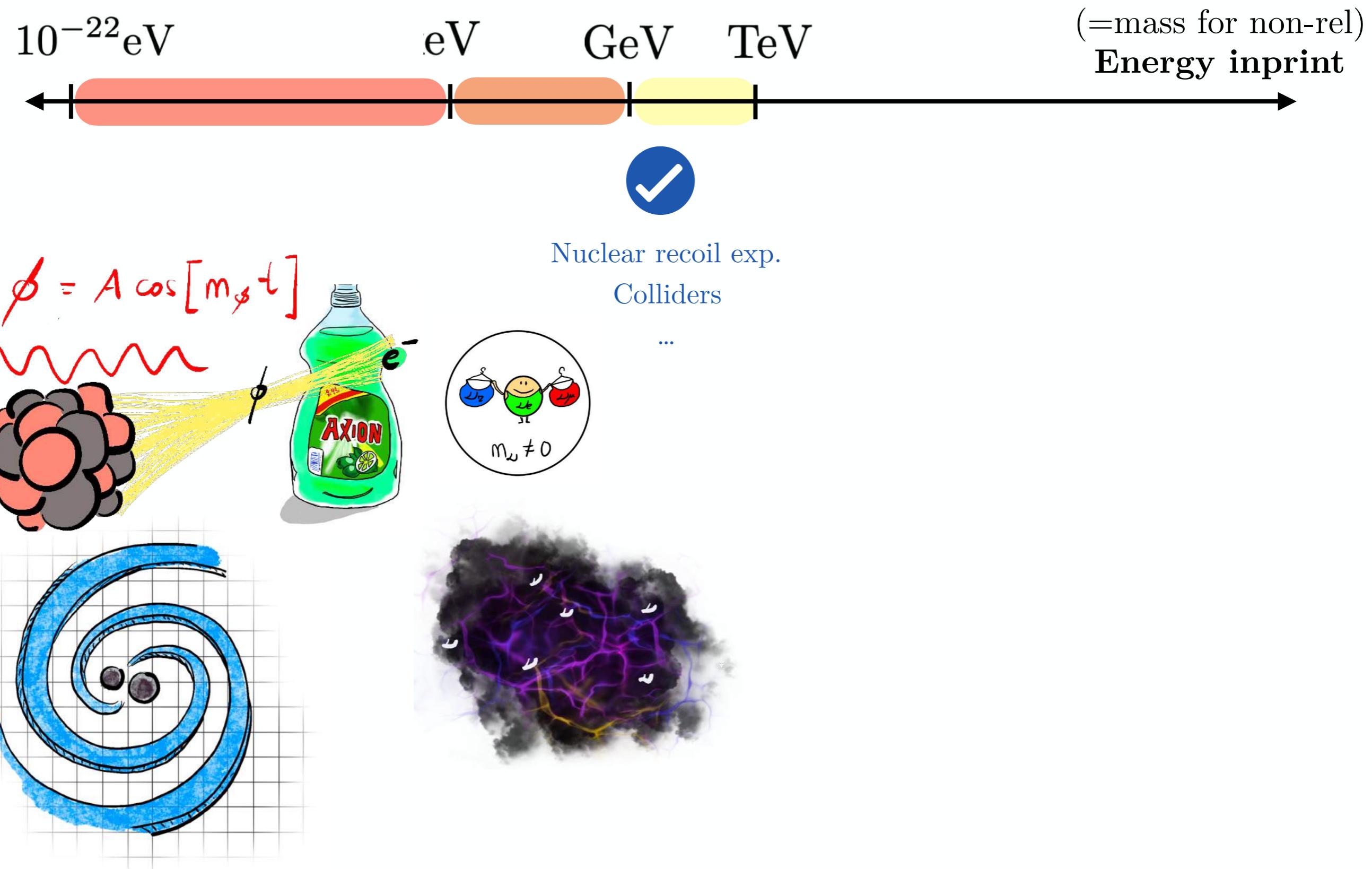
# Beyond the SM: “how” to look?



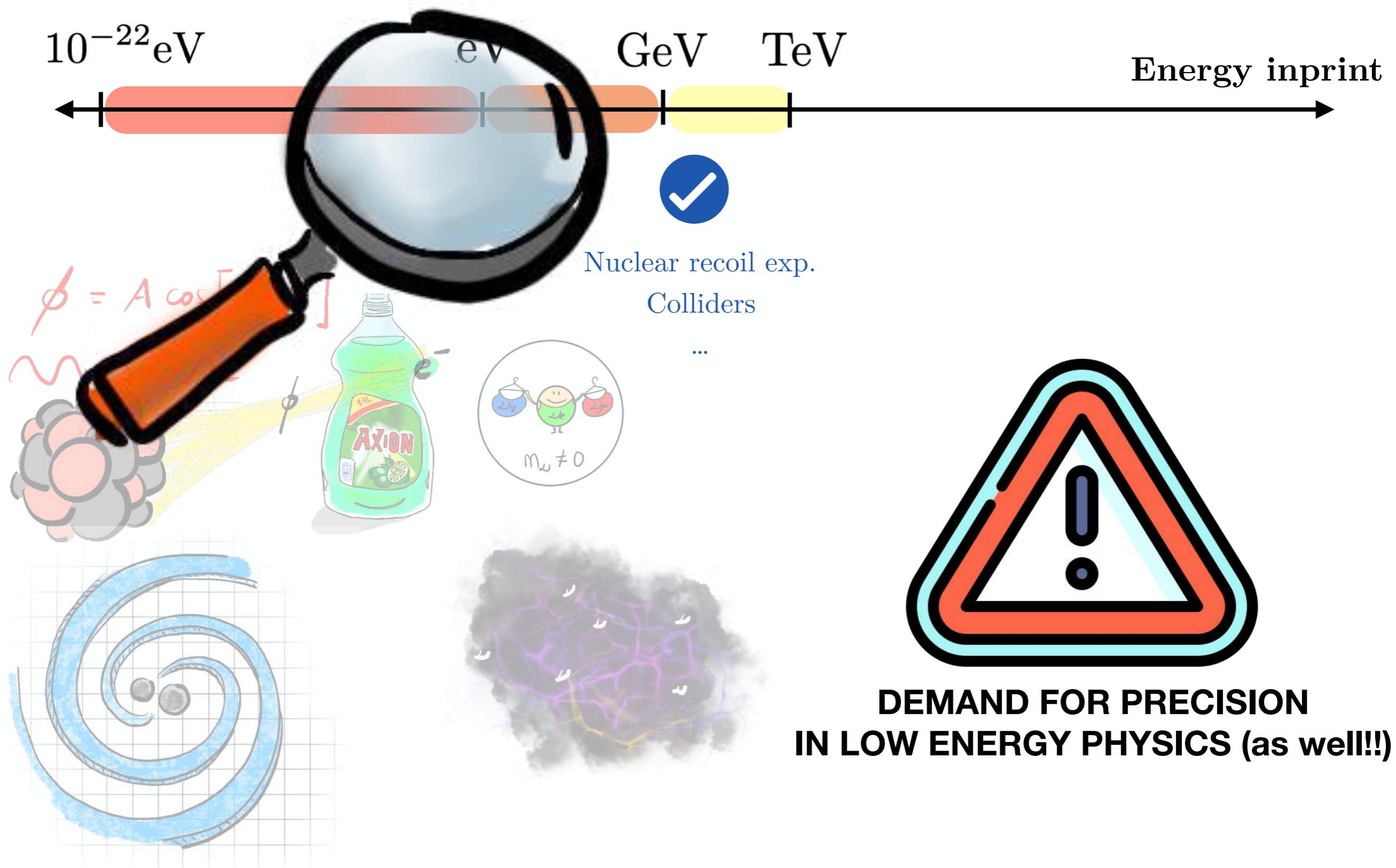
# Beyond the SM: “how” to look?



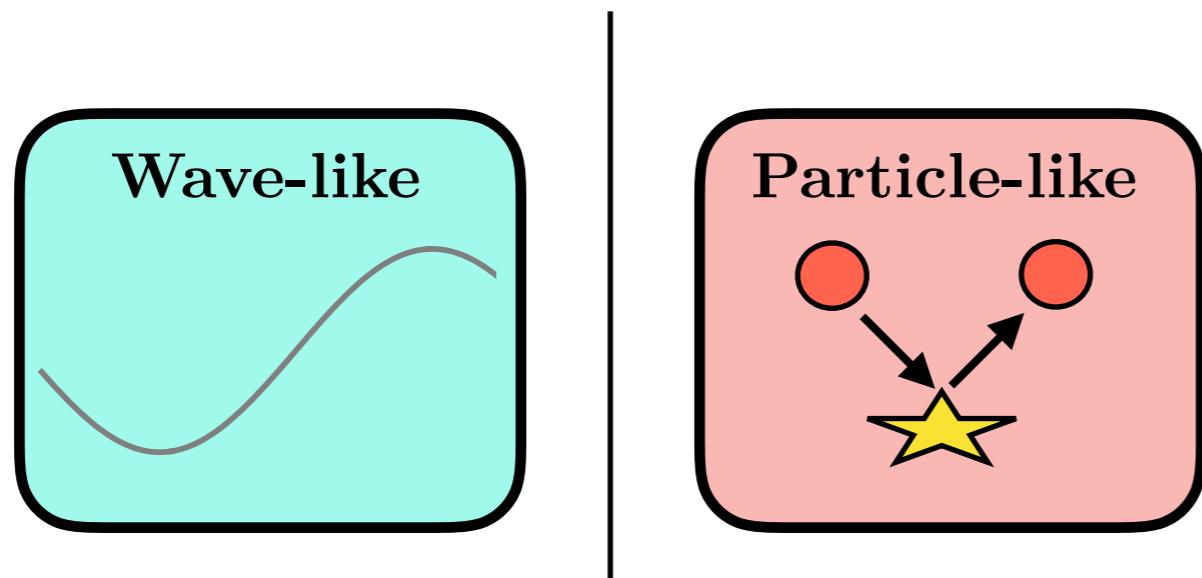
# Beyond the SM: “how” to look?



# Beyond the SM: “how” to look?

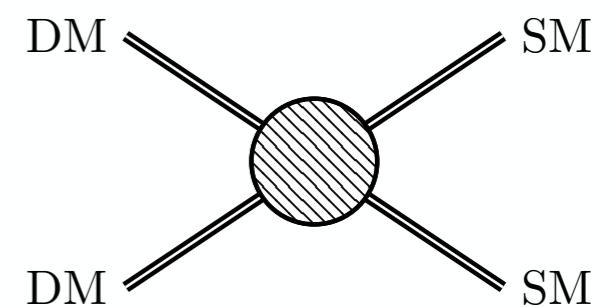
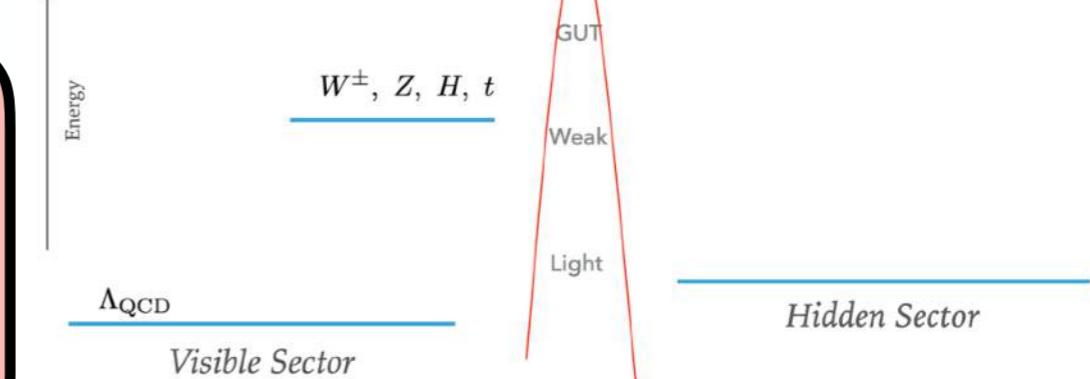
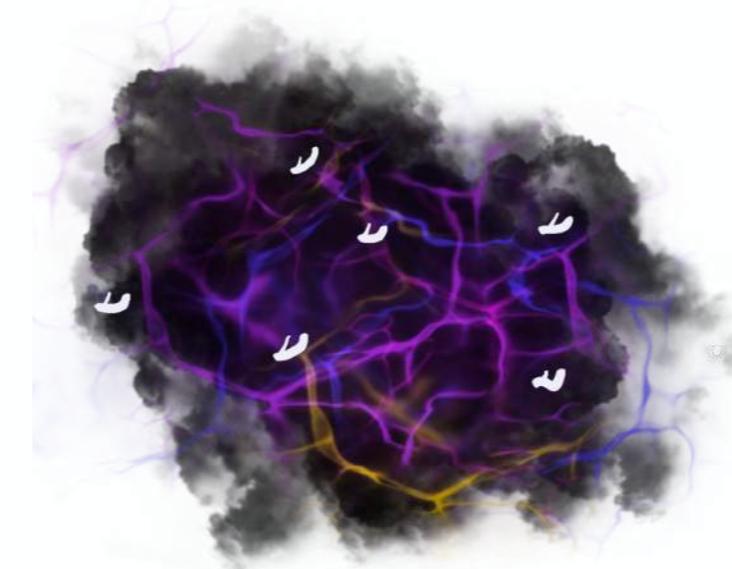
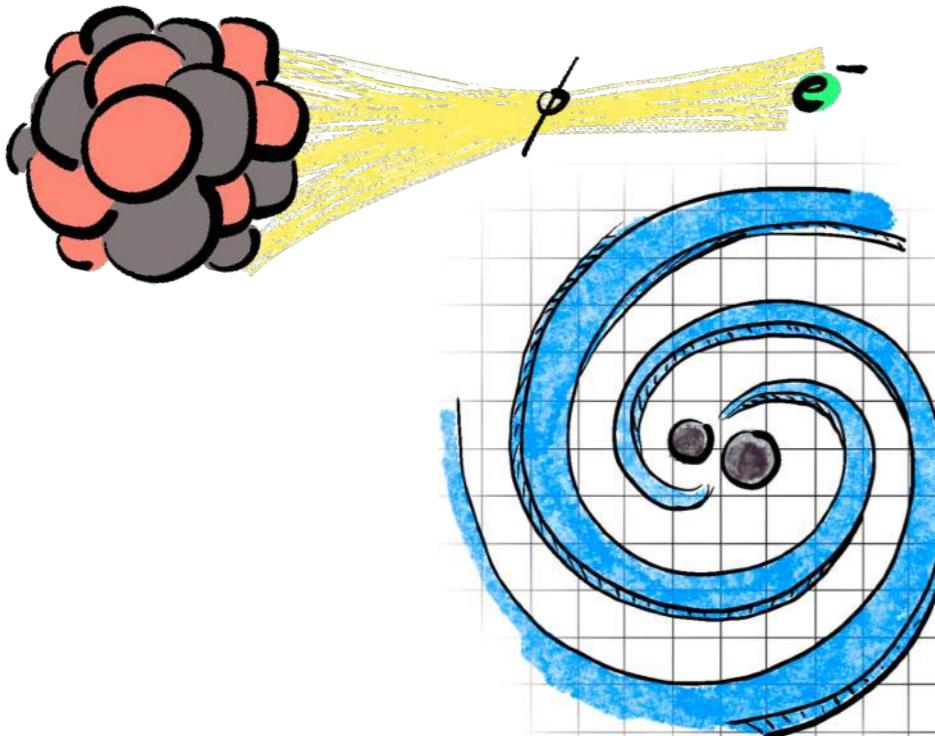
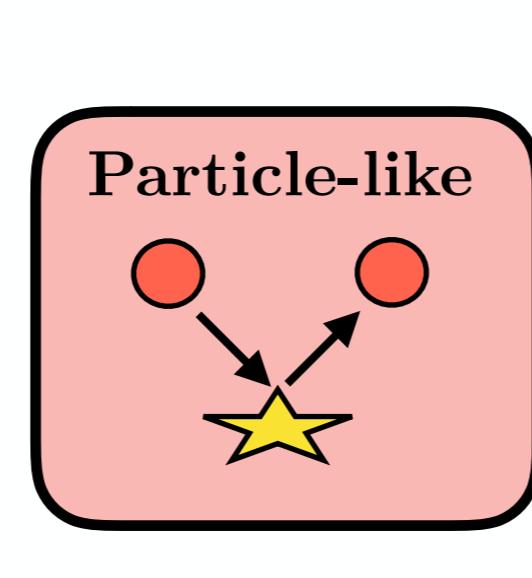
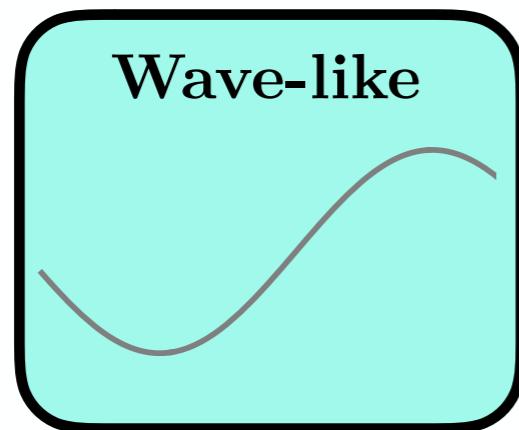


# Low Energy Precision: Nature

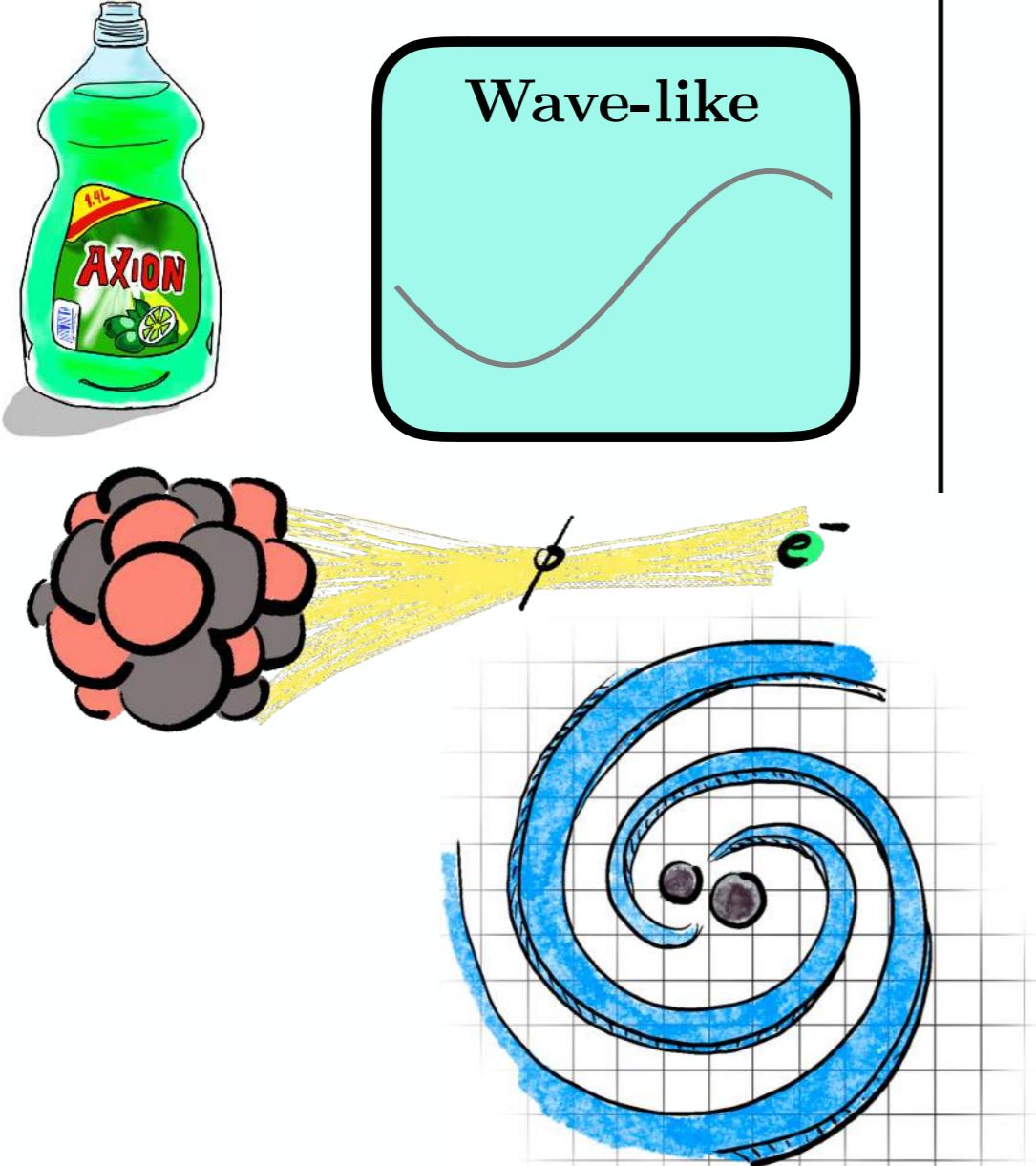


$$\left( \frac{\rho_{\text{DM}}}{m_{\text{DM}}} \right)^{-1/3} < \lambda_{dB} = \frac{1}{m_{\text{DM}} v_{\text{DM}}}$$

# Low Energy Precision: Nature

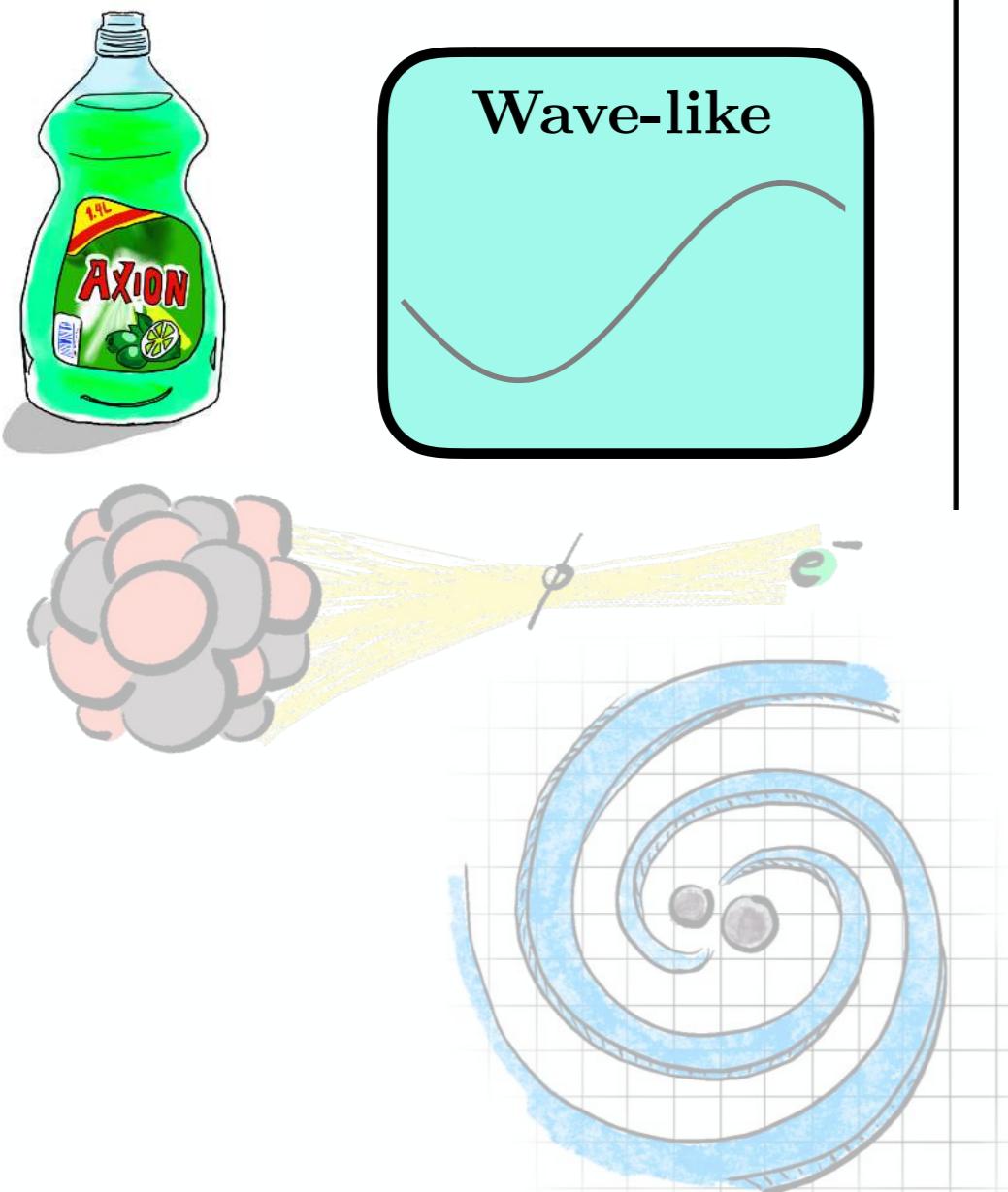


# Low Energy Precision: Nature



$$\frac{\delta X}{X} \propto \cos(\omega_{\text{UL}} t + \varphi_{\text{UL}})$$

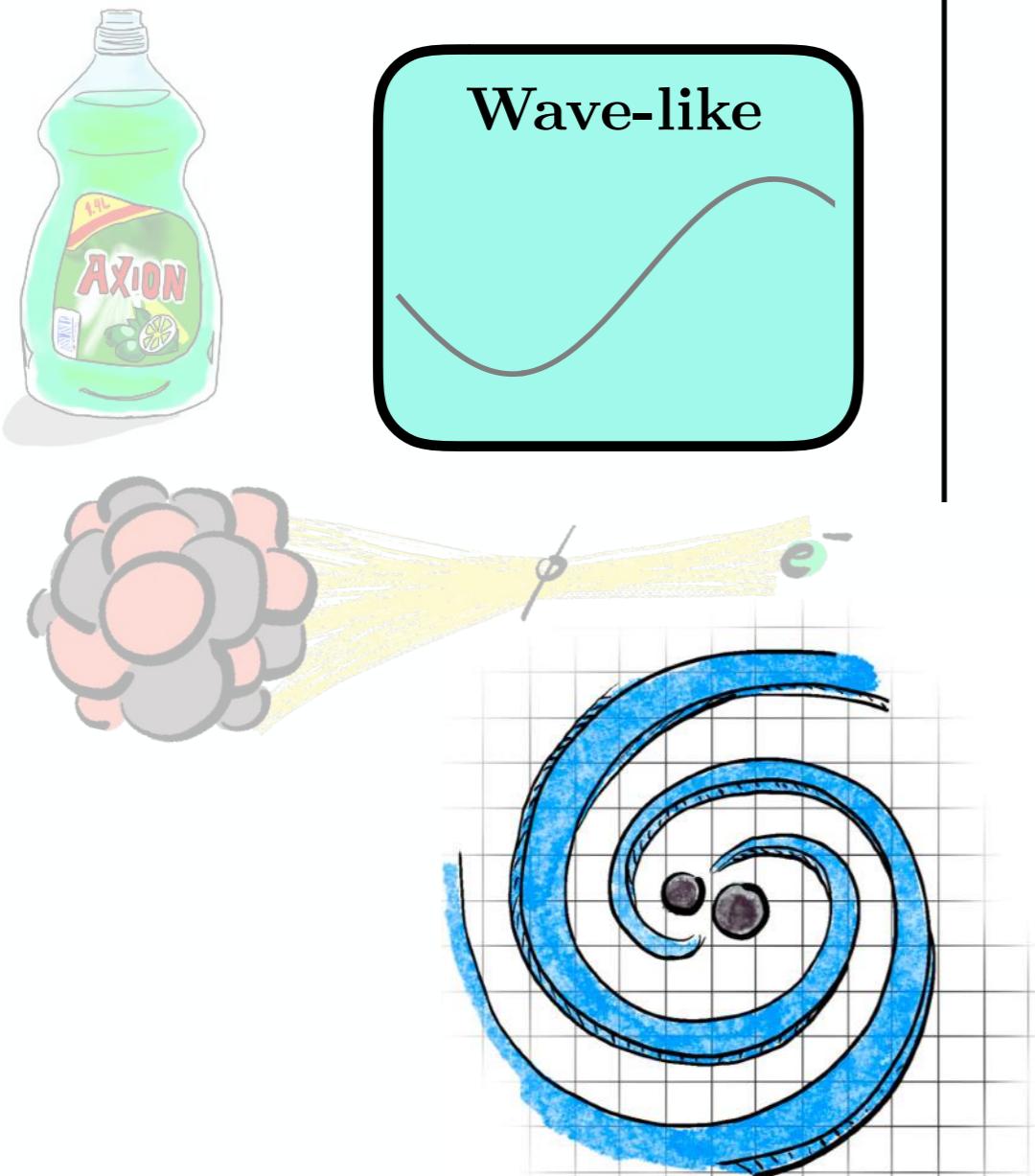
# Low Energy Precision: Nature



$$\frac{\delta X}{X} \propto \cos(\omega_{\text{UL}} t + \varphi_{\text{UL}})$$

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L}_a \supset & \boxed{\frac{a}{f_a} \frac{g_s^2}{32\pi^2} G_{\mu\nu} \tilde{G}^{\mu\nu}} \\ & + \boxed{\frac{1}{4} a g_{a\gamma\gamma} F_{\mu\nu} \tilde{F}^{\mu\nu}} + \boxed{\frac{\partial_\mu a}{2f_a} (c_q \bar{q} \gamma^\mu \gamma_5 q)}\end{aligned}$$

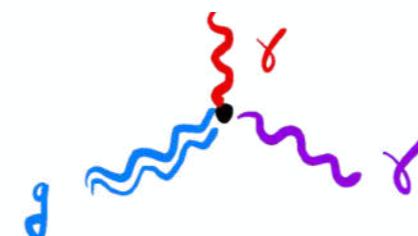
# Low Energy Precision: Nature



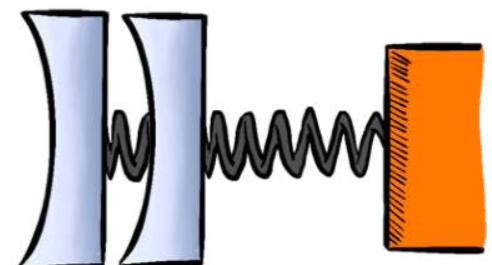
$$\frac{\delta X}{X} \propto \cos(\omega_{\text{UL}} t + \varphi_{\text{UL}})$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_a \supset & \boxed{\frac{a}{f_a} \frac{g_s^2}{32\pi^2} G_{\mu\nu} \tilde{G}^{\mu\nu}} \\ & + \boxed{\frac{1}{4} a g_{a\gamma\gamma} F_{\mu\nu} \tilde{F}^{\mu\nu}} + \boxed{\frac{\partial_\mu a}{2f_a} (c_q \bar{q} \gamma^\mu \gamma_5 q)} \end{aligned}$$

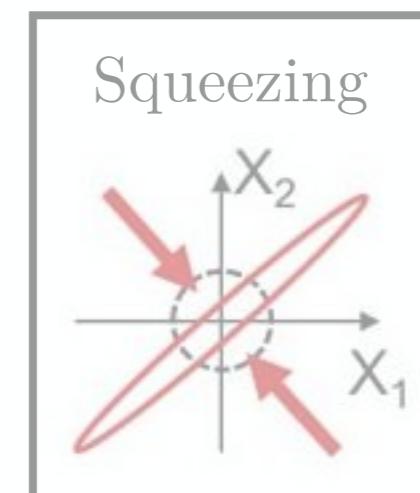
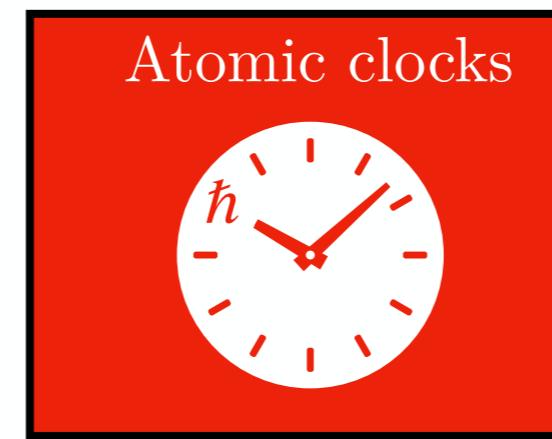
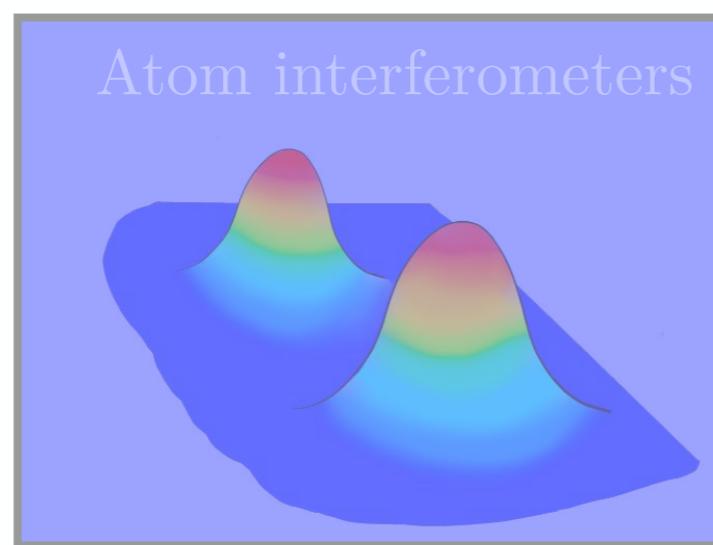
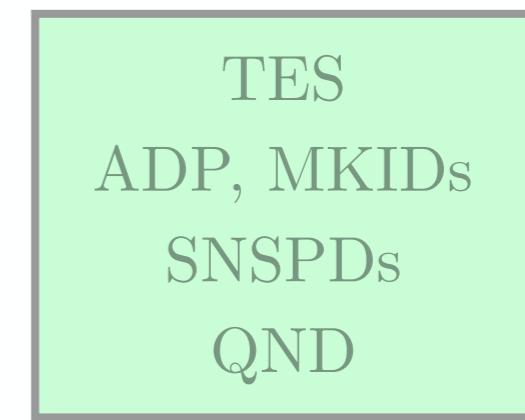
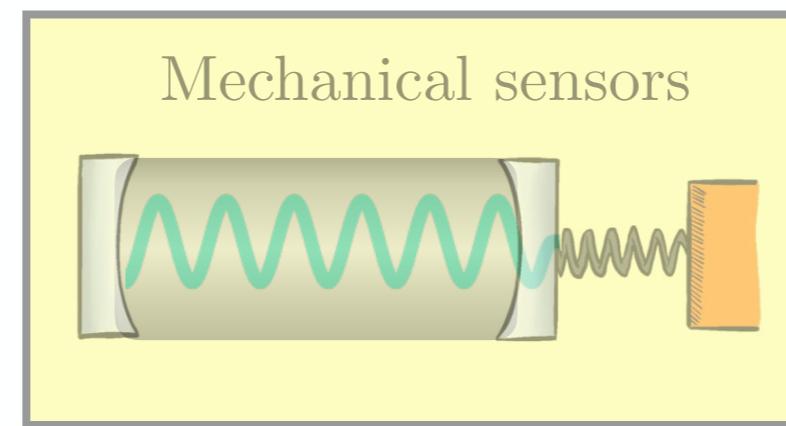
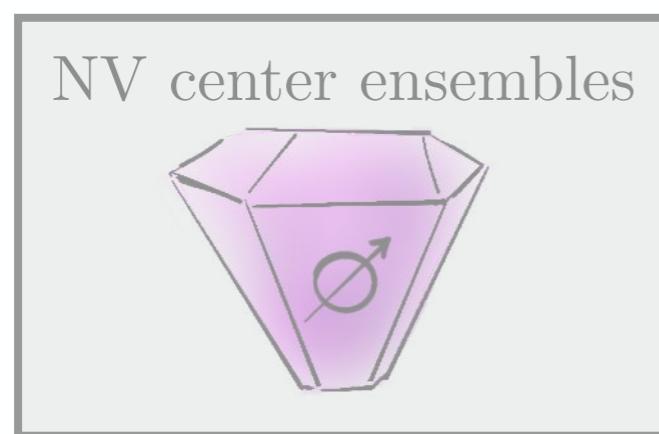
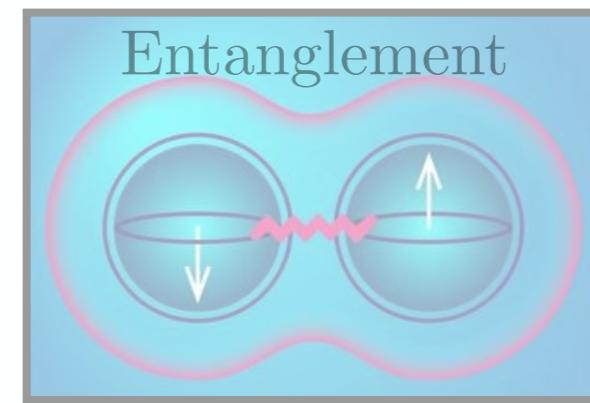
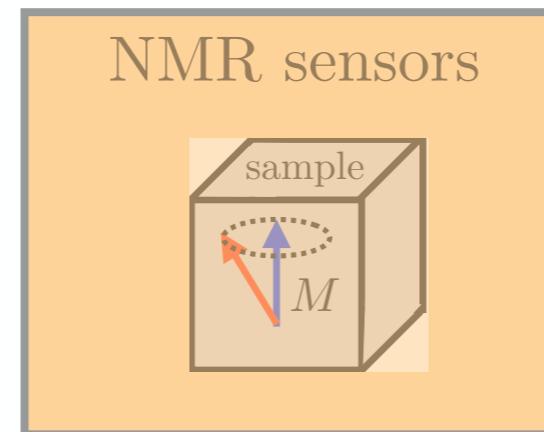
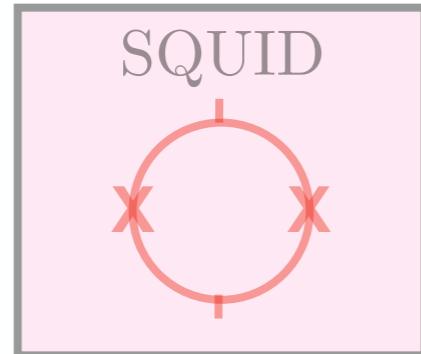
Gertsenshtein effect



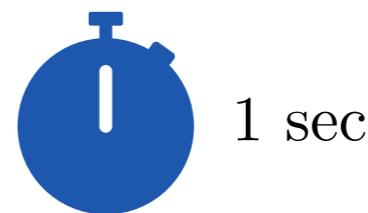
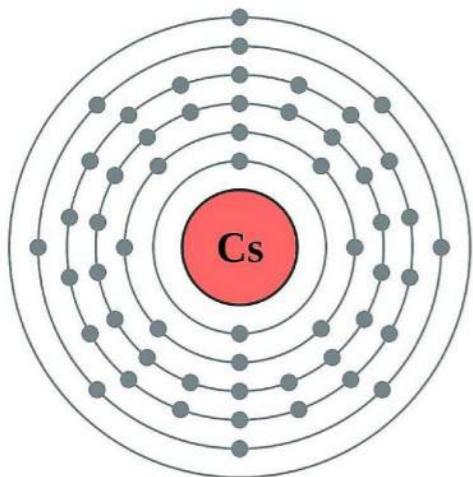
$$\delta L = hL$$



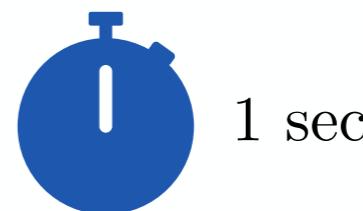
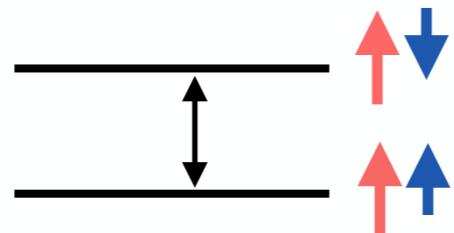
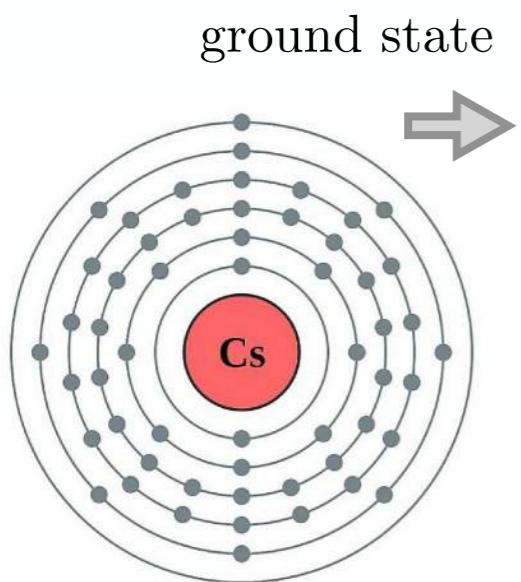
# Quantum Sensors: examples



# Atomic Clocks



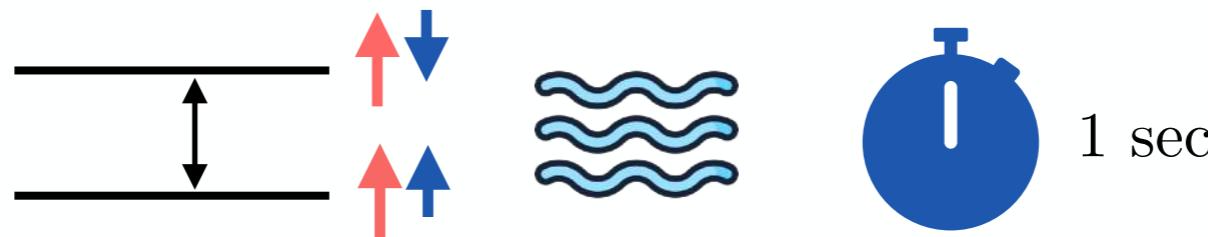
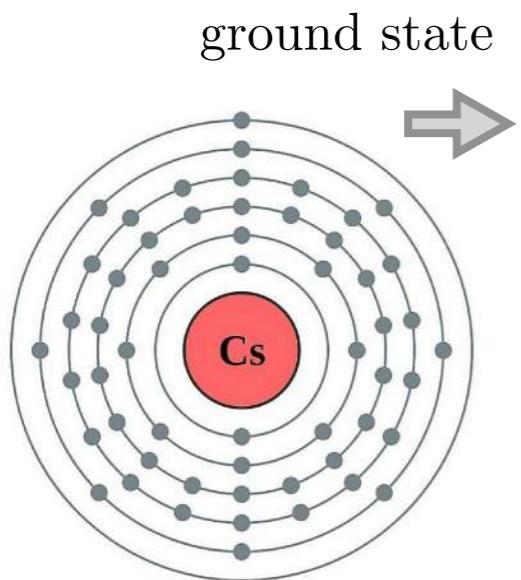
# Atomic Clocks



1 sec

$$\Delta\nu_{\text{Cs}} = 9192631770 \text{ Hz} = \mathcal{O}(10^{10}) \text{ Hz}$$

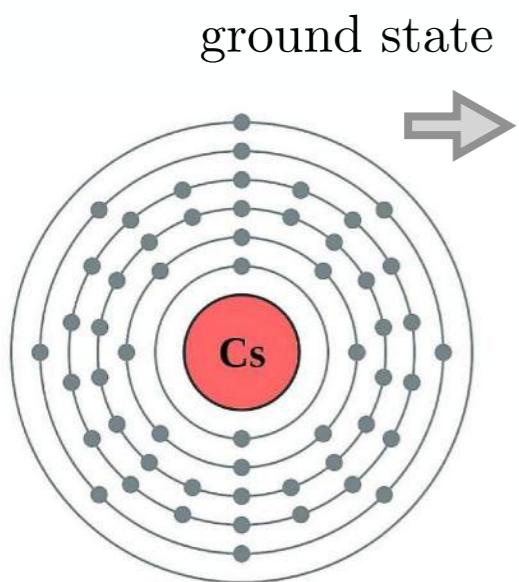
# Atomic Clocks



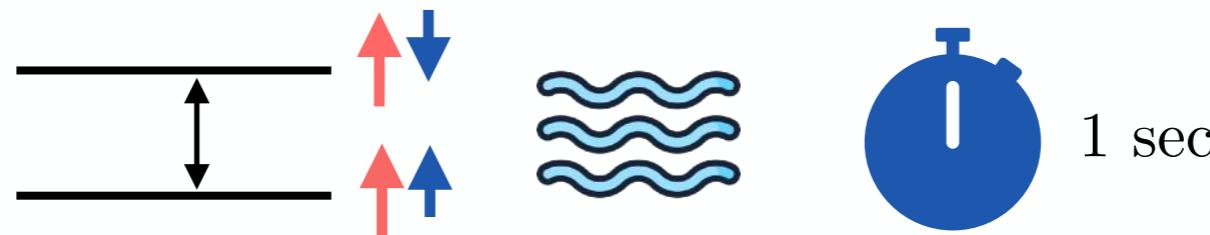
$$\Delta\nu_{\text{Cs}} = 9192631770 \text{ Hz} = \mathcal{O}(10^{10}) \text{ Hz}$$

**$\mu$ wave clocks**

# Atomic Clocks



ground state



$$\Delta\nu_{\text{Cs}} = 9192631770 \text{ Hz} = \mathcal{O}(10^{10}) \text{ Hz}$$

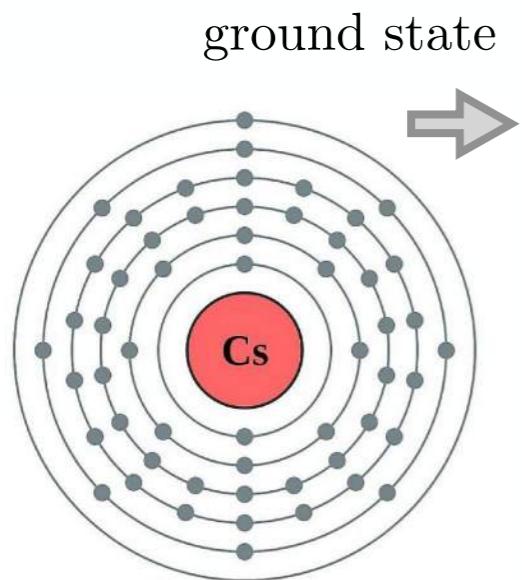
**$\mu$ wave clocks**

$\Delta\nu \sim$

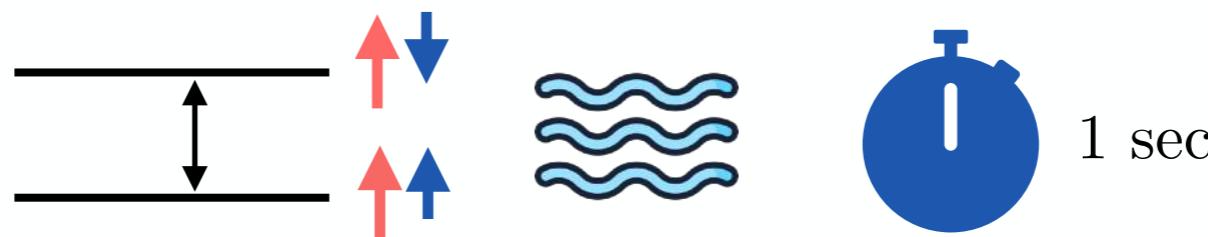
**Optical clocks**

[Arvanitaki, Huang, Van Tilburg, 14]  
[Derevianko, Pospelov, 14] [Loeb, Maoz, 15]  
[Derevianko, 16] [Stadnik, Flambaum, 15]  
[Weislo, 18] [Alonso, Blas, Wolf, 19]  
[Kennedy, et al., 20] [Brzeminski, Chacko, 22]  
[Safronova et al.]

# Atomic Clocks

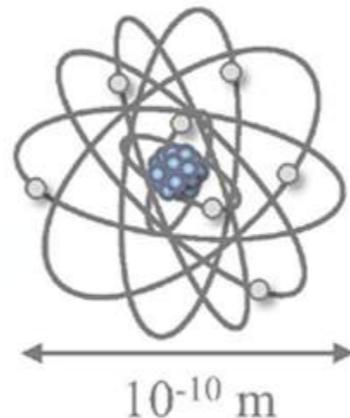


Transitions in ATOMS



$$\Delta\nu_{\text{Cs}} = 9192631770 \text{ Hz} = \mathcal{O}(10^{10}) \text{ Hz}$$

$\mu$ wave clocks



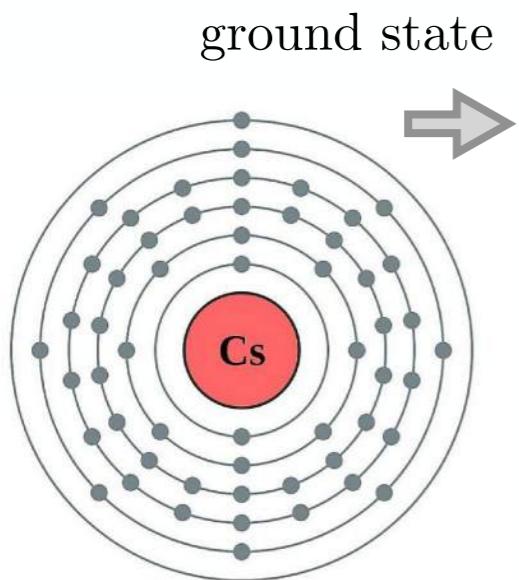
$$\Delta\nu \sim$$



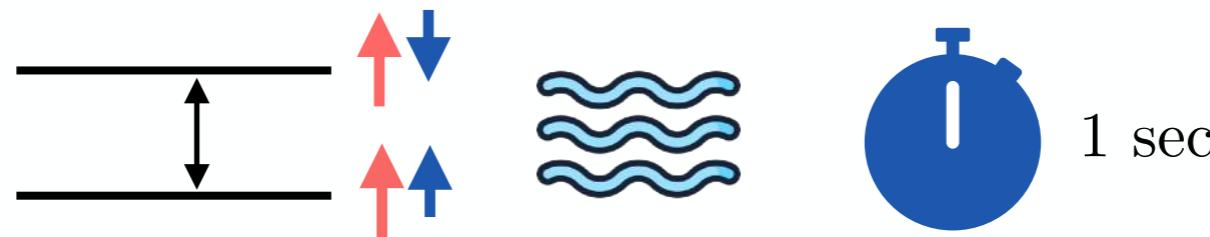
Optical clocks

[Arvanitaki, Huang, Van Tilburg, 14]  
[Derevianko, Pospelov, 14] [Loeb, Maoz, 15]  
[Derevianko, 16] [Stadnik, Flambaum, 15]  
[Weislo, 18] [Alonso, Blas, Wolf, 19]  
[Kennedy, et al., 20] [Brzeminski, Chacko, 22]  
[Safronova et al.]

# Atomic Clocks

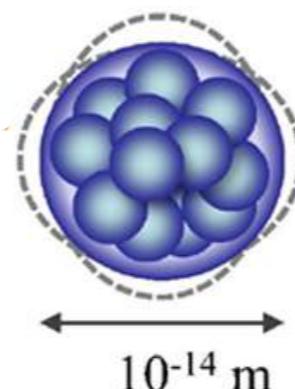
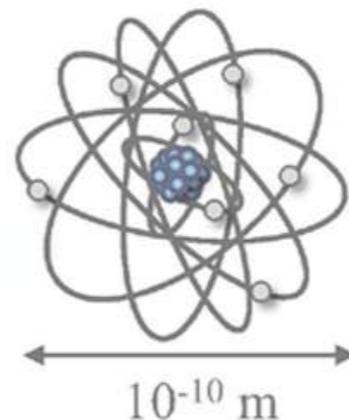


Transitions in ~~ATOMS~~  
NUCLEI!



$$\Delta\nu_{\text{Cs}} = 9192631770 \text{ Hz} = \mathcal{O}(10^{10}) \text{ Hz}$$

$\mu$ wave clocks



$$\Delta\nu \sim$$

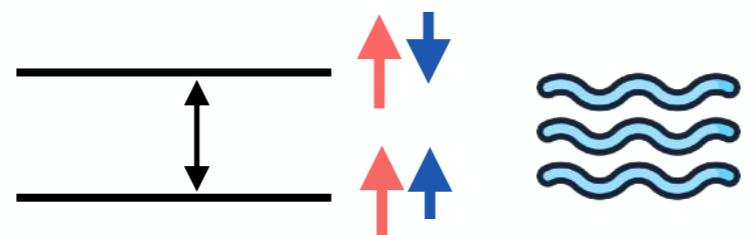
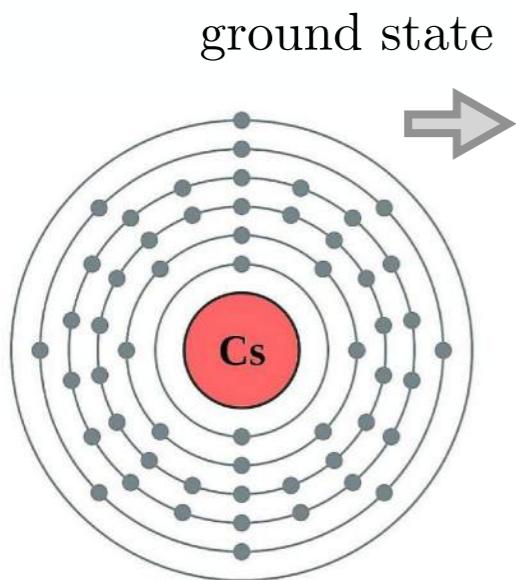


Optical clocks

[Arvanitaki, Huang, Van Tilburg, 14]  
[Derevianko, Pospelov, 14] [Loeb, Maoz, 15]  
[Derevianko, 16] [Stadnik, Flambaum, 15]  
[Weislo, 18] [Alonso, Blas, Wolf, 19]  
[Kennedy, et al., 20] [Brzeminski, Chacko, 22]  
[Safronova et al.]

Nuclear clocks

# Atomic Clocks

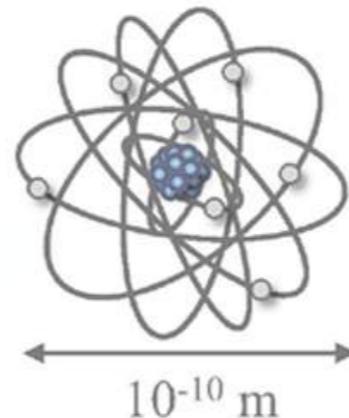


1 sec

$$\Delta\nu_{\text{Cs}} = 9192631770 \text{ Hz} = \mathcal{O}(10^{10}) \text{ Hz}$$

$\mu$ wave clocks

Transitions in ~~ATOMS~~  
NUCLEI!

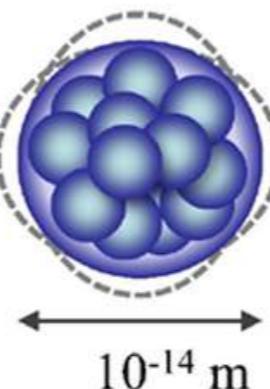
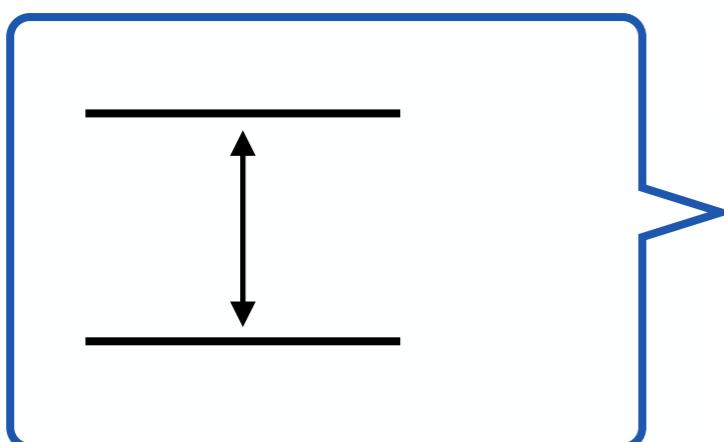


$$\Delta\nu \sim$$



Optical clocks

[Arvanitaki, Huang, Van Tilburg, 14]  
[Derevianko, Pospelov, 14] [Loeb, Maoz, 15]  
[Derevianko, 16] [Stadnik, Flambaum, 15]  
[Weislo, 18] [Alonso, Blas, Wolf, 19]  
[Kennedy, et al., 20] [Brzeminski, Chacko, 22]  
[Safronova et al.]

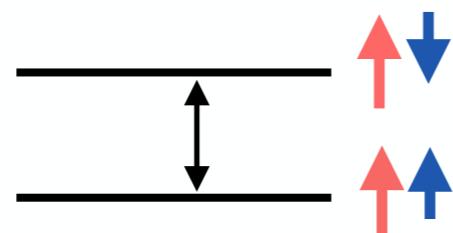
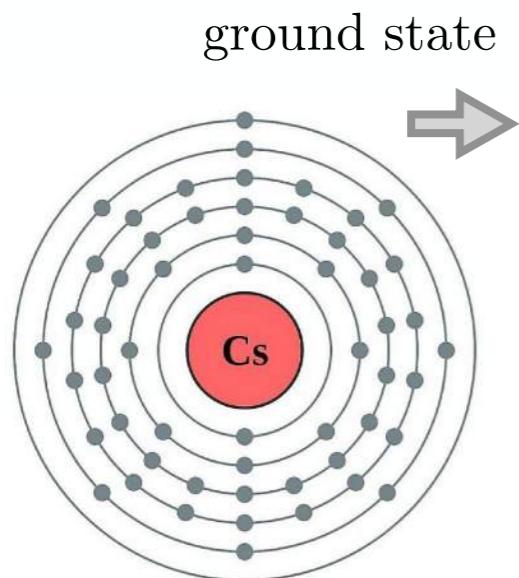


Nuclear clocks

$$\Delta E = \Delta E_{\text{em}} + \Delta E_{\text{nuc}}$$

$$|\Delta E_{\text{em}}| \sim |\Delta E_{\text{nuc}}| = \mathcal{O}(\text{MeV})$$

# Atomic Clocks

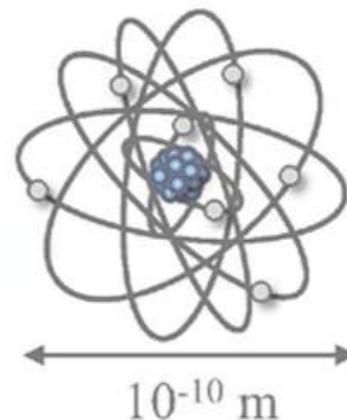


1 sec

$$\Delta\nu_{\text{Cs}} = 9192631770 \text{ Hz} = \mathcal{O}(10^{10}) \text{ Hz}$$

$\mu$ wave clocks

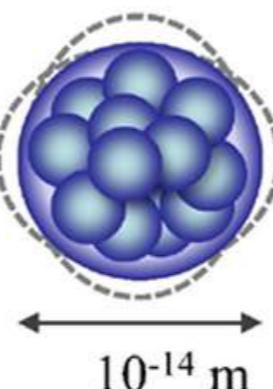
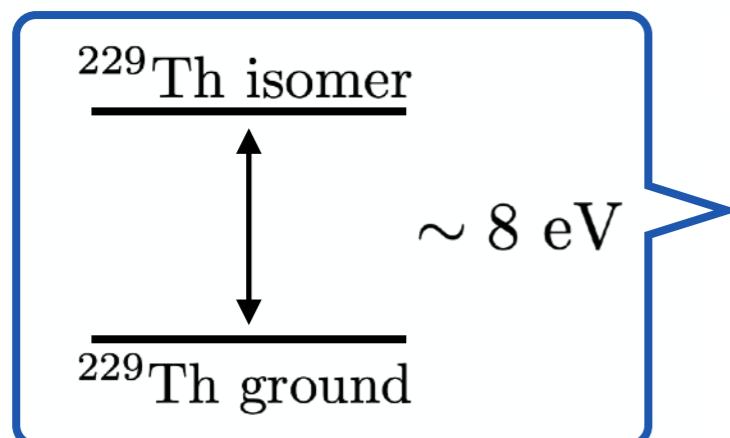
Transitions in ~~ATOMS~~  
NUCLEI!



$$\Delta\nu \sim$$

Optical clocks

[Arvanitaki, Huang, Van Tilburg, 14]  
[Derevianko, Pospelov, 14] [Loeb, Maoz, 15]  
[Derevianko, 16] [Stadnik, Flambaum, 15]  
[Weislo, 18] [Alonso, Blas, Wolf, 19]  
[Kennedy, et al., 20] [Brzeminski, Chacko, 22]  
[Safronova et al.]



[Peik et al., 20]  
[Caputo et al., 24]  
[Fuchs et al., 24]

Nuclear clocks

$$\Delta E = \Delta E_{\text{em}} + \Delta E_{\text{nuc}}$$

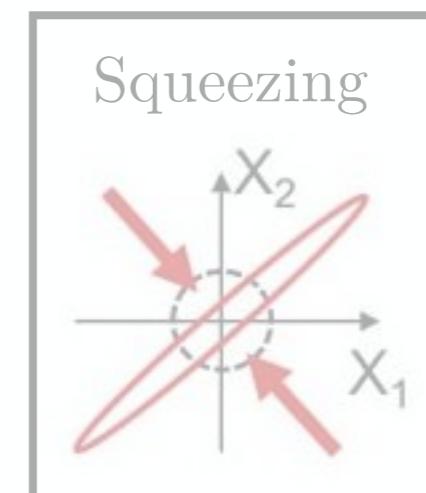
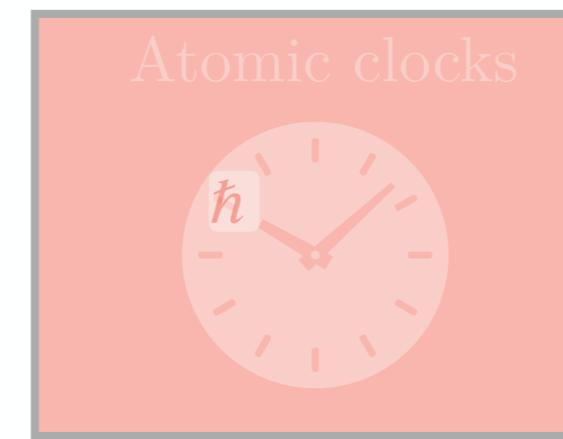
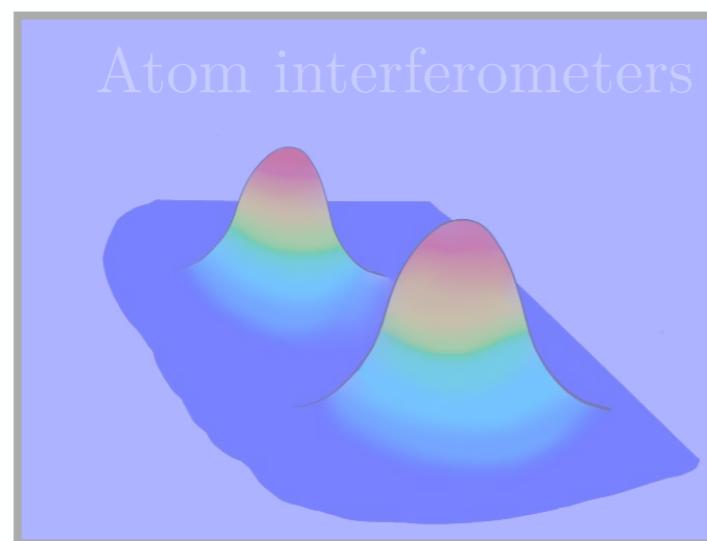
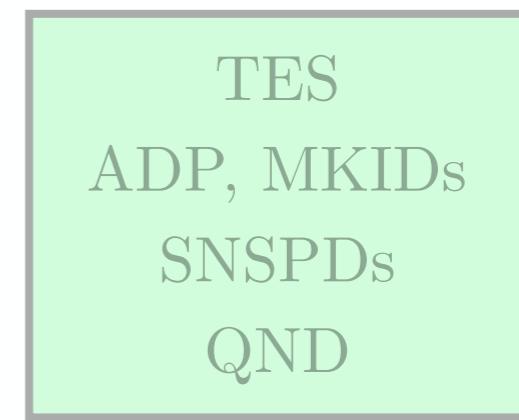
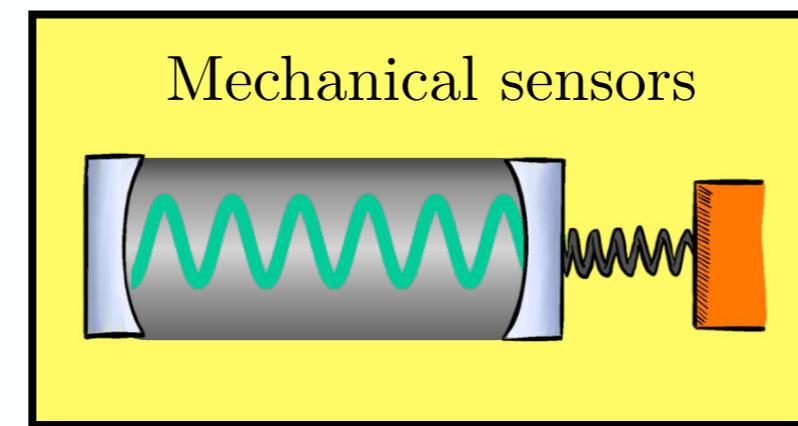
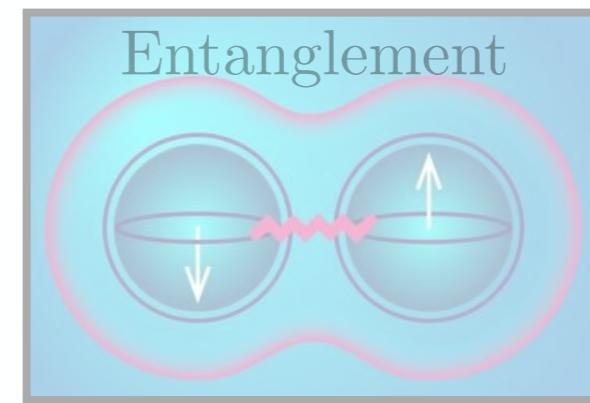
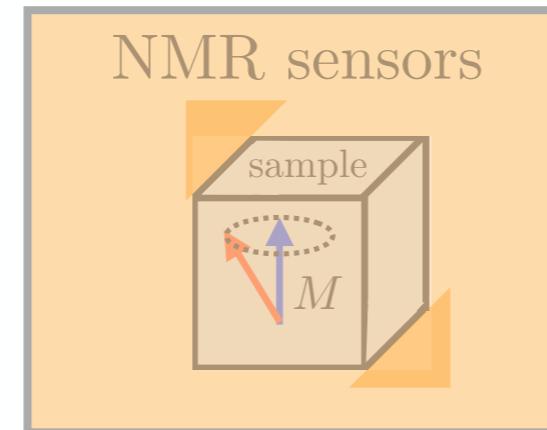
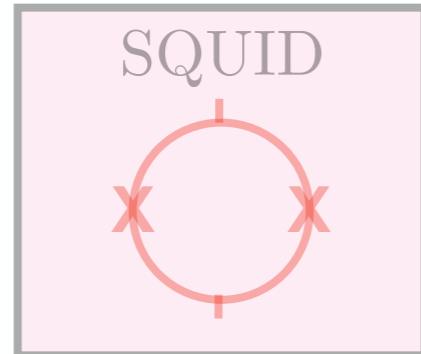
[Laser excitation April 24]

$$|\Delta E_{\text{em}}| \sim |\Delta E_{\text{nuc}}| = \mathcal{O}(\text{MeV}) \gg \Delta E \sim 8 \text{ eV}$$

Unique Low energy isomeric state

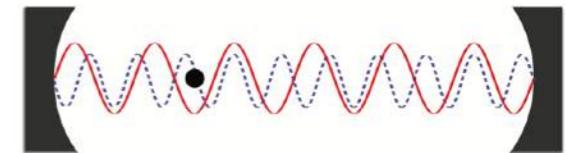
Fine tuning!

# Quantum Sensors: examples



# Mechanical sensors

High-frequency gravitational waves with optically levitated sensors  
[Arvanitaki, Geraci, 2013]



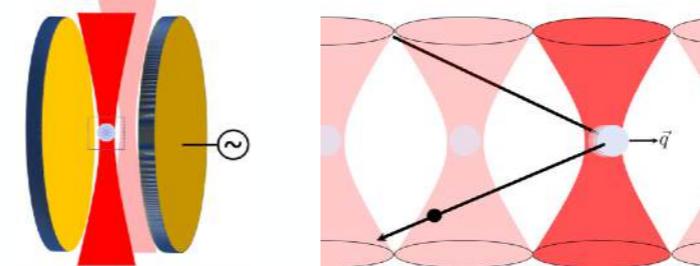
Dark Matter searches with optically levitated sensors

[Monteiro et al., 2020]

[Afek, et. al., 2021]

[Carney, et al., 2021]

[Afek, Carney, Moore, 2022]



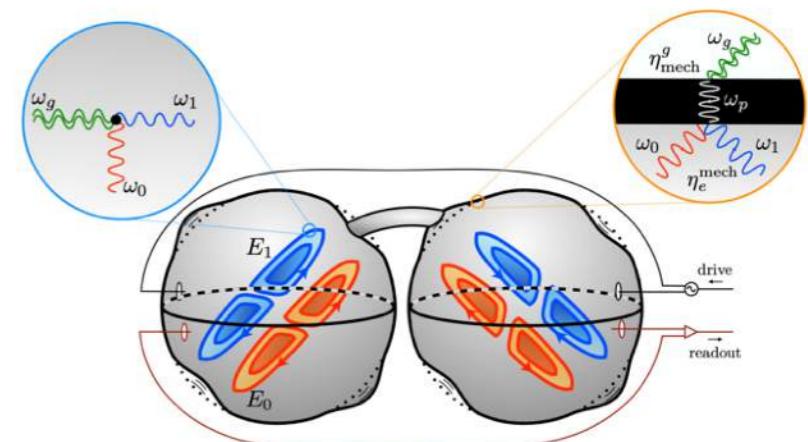
Axion searches via the *piezoaxionic* effect

[Arvanitaki, Madden, et al., 2023]



Electromagnetic cavities as mechanical bars for gravitational waves

[Berlin, Blas, et al., 2023]



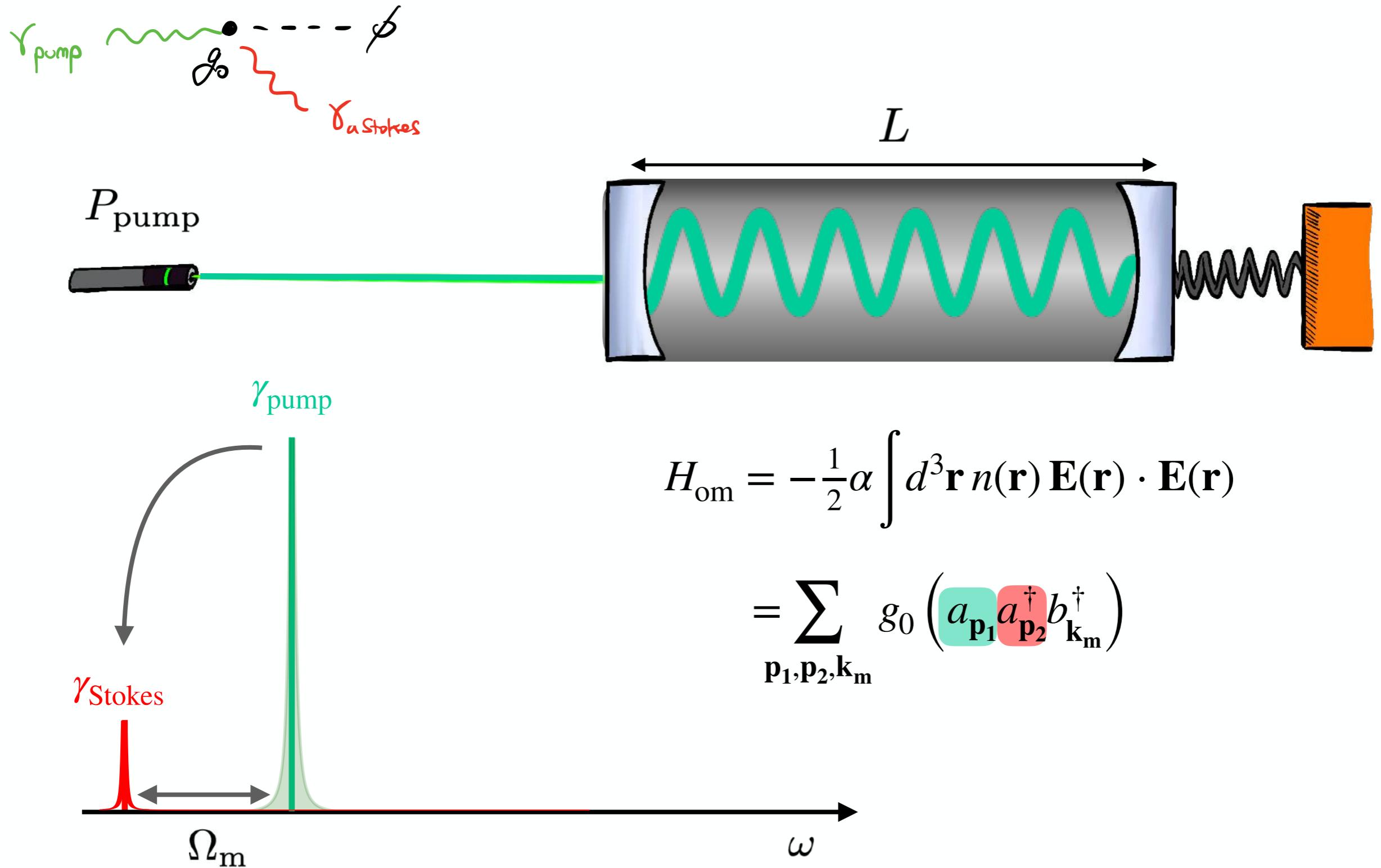
Magnets as weber bar gravitational wave detectors

[Domcke, Ellis, Rodd, 2024]

[Carney, Higgins, et al., 2024]

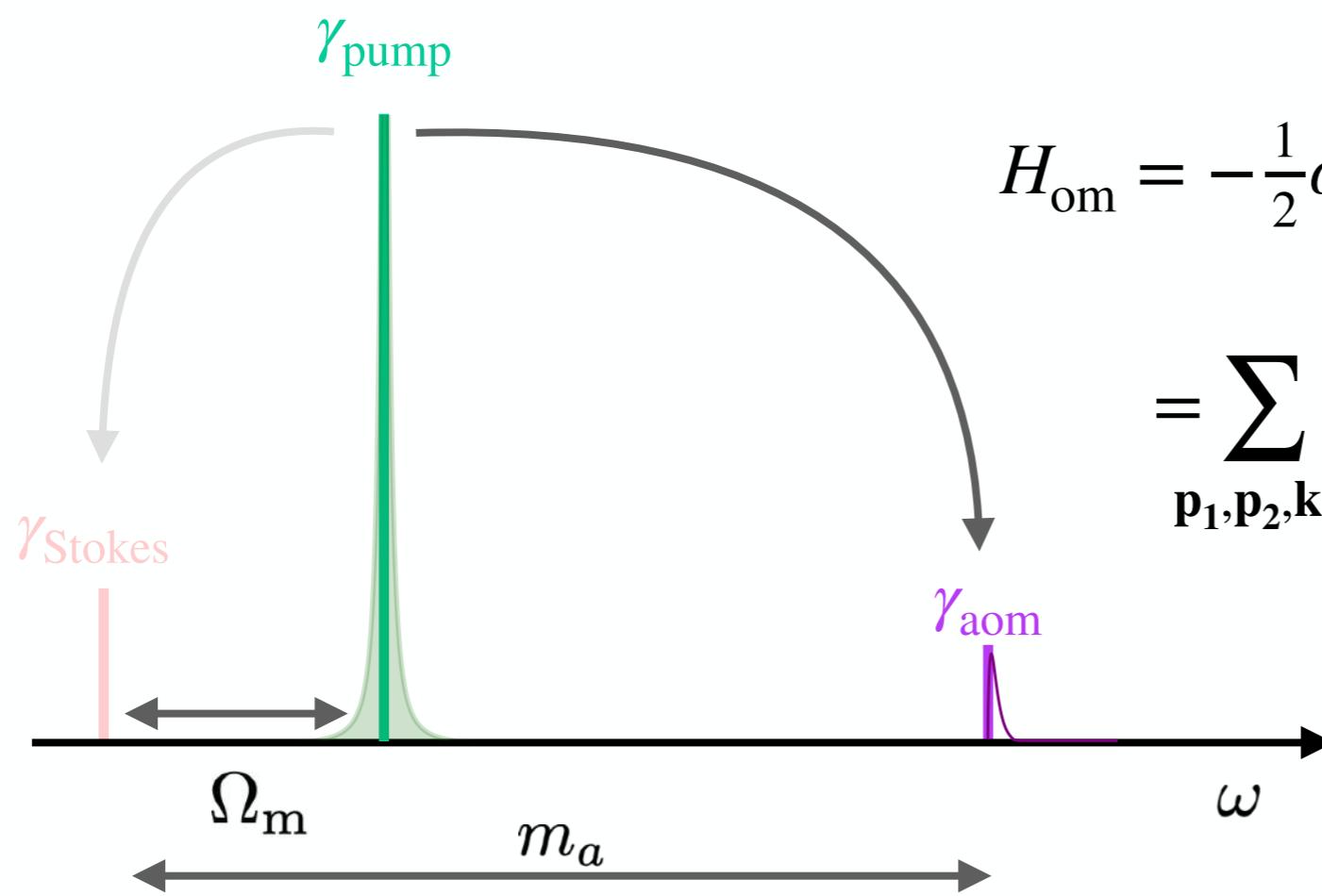
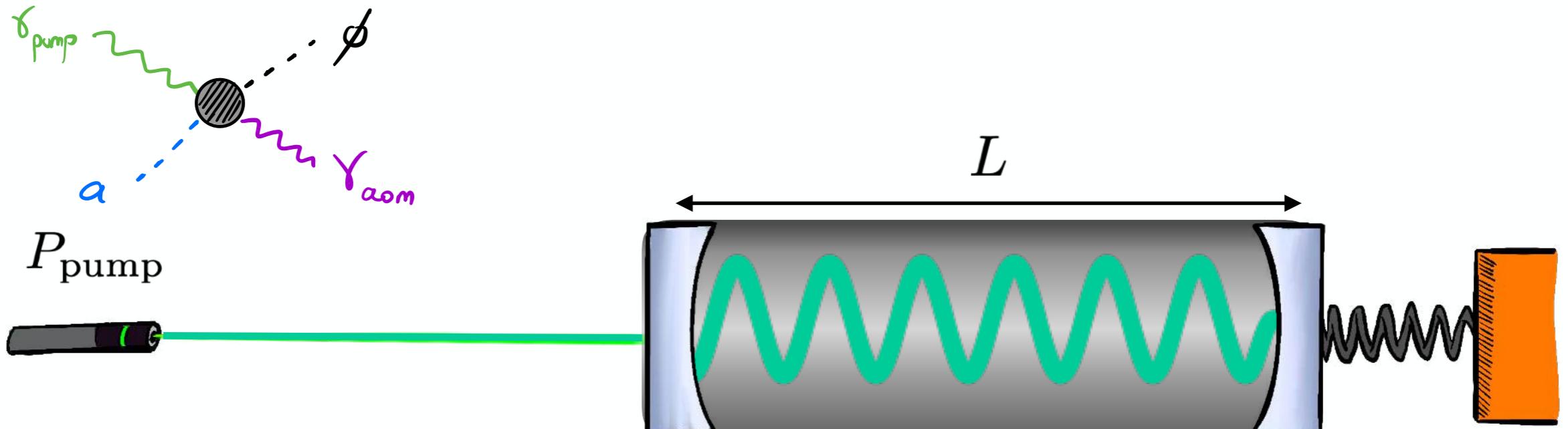
# Mechanical sensors: Optomechanics

[Review: M. Aspelmeyer, T. J. Kippenberg, F. Marquardt, 2013. Thesis at J. Harris lab.]



# Mechanical sensors: AxiOptomechanics

[CM, Y. Wang, K. M. Zurek. 2022]

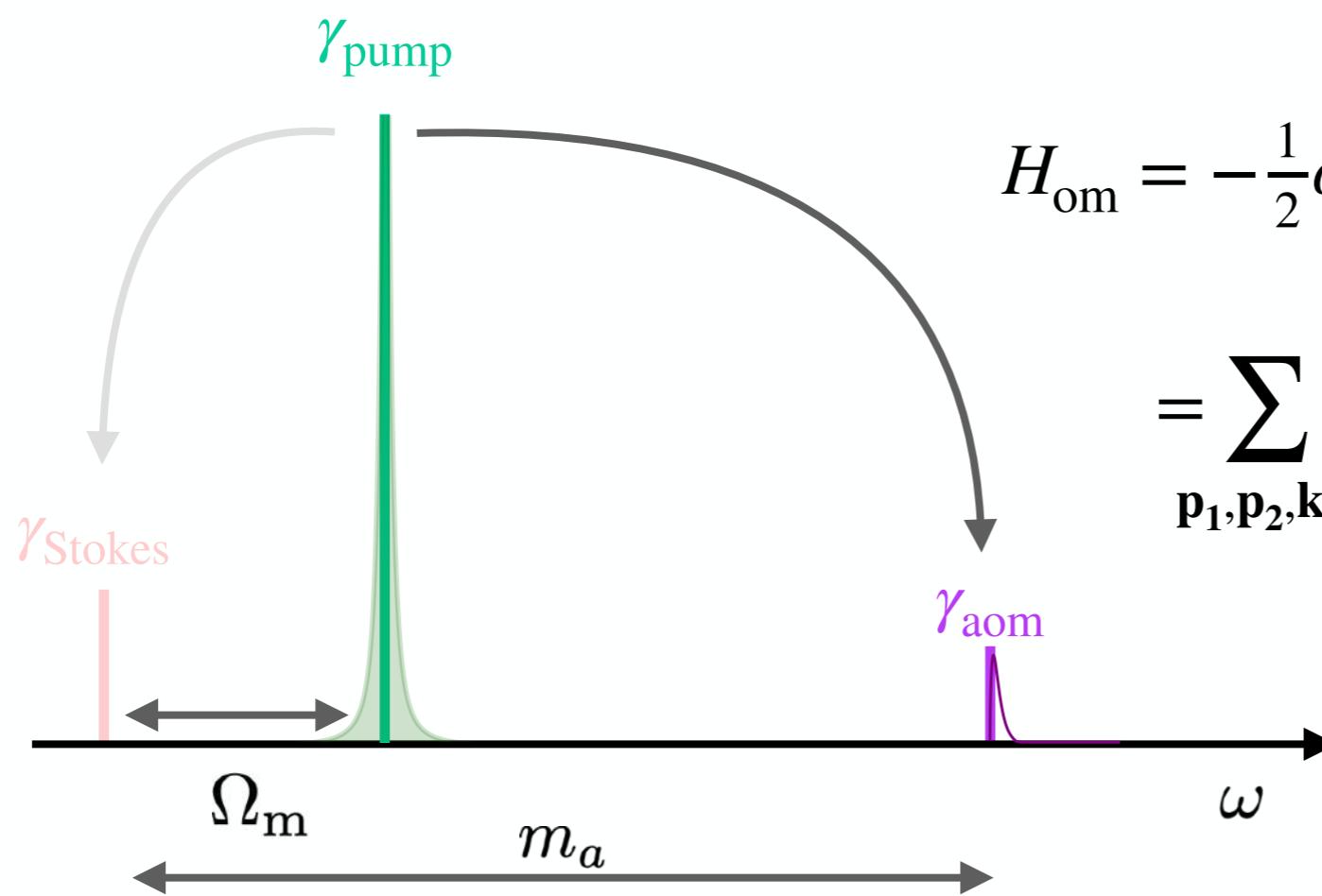
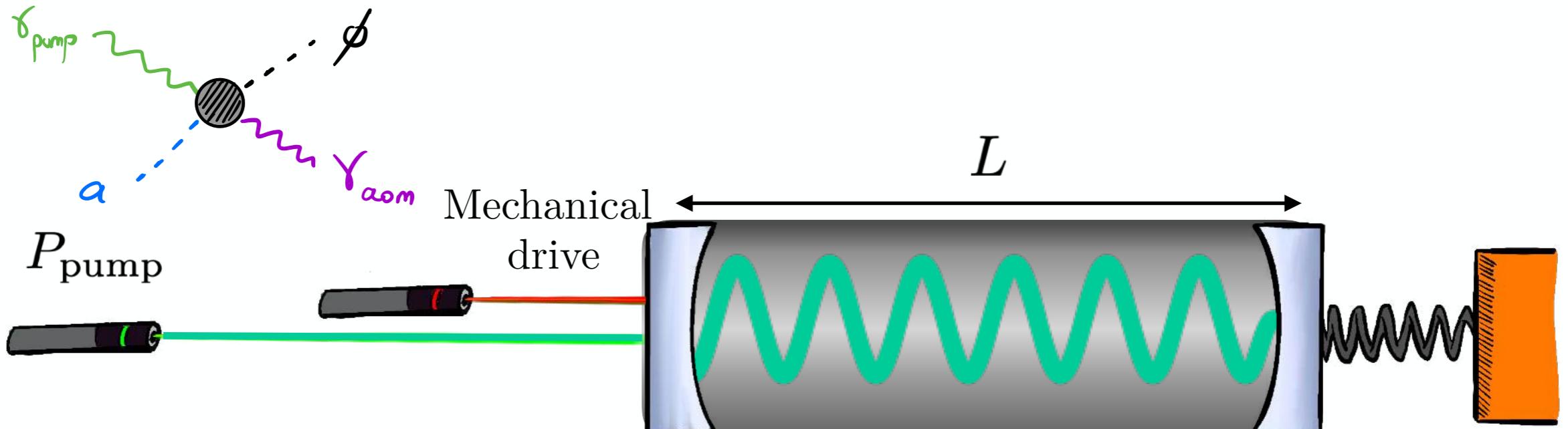


$$\begin{aligned}
 H_{\text{om}} &= -\frac{1}{2}\alpha g_{a\gamma\gamma} \int d^3r a(\mathbf{r}) n(\mathbf{r}) \mathbf{E}(\mathbf{r}) \cdot \mathbf{B}(\mathbf{r}) \\
 &= \sum_{\mathbf{p}_1, \mathbf{p}_2, \mathbf{k}_m} g_0^{(a)} \left( g_{a\gamma\gamma} \frac{\sqrt{2\rho_a}}{m_a} \right) \left( a_{\mathbf{p}_1} a_{\mathbf{p}_2}^\dagger b_{\mathbf{k}_m}^\dagger \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$\sim 10^{-22}$   
for QCD axion

# Mechanical sensors: AxiOptomechanics

[CM, Y. Wang, K. M. Zurek. 2022]

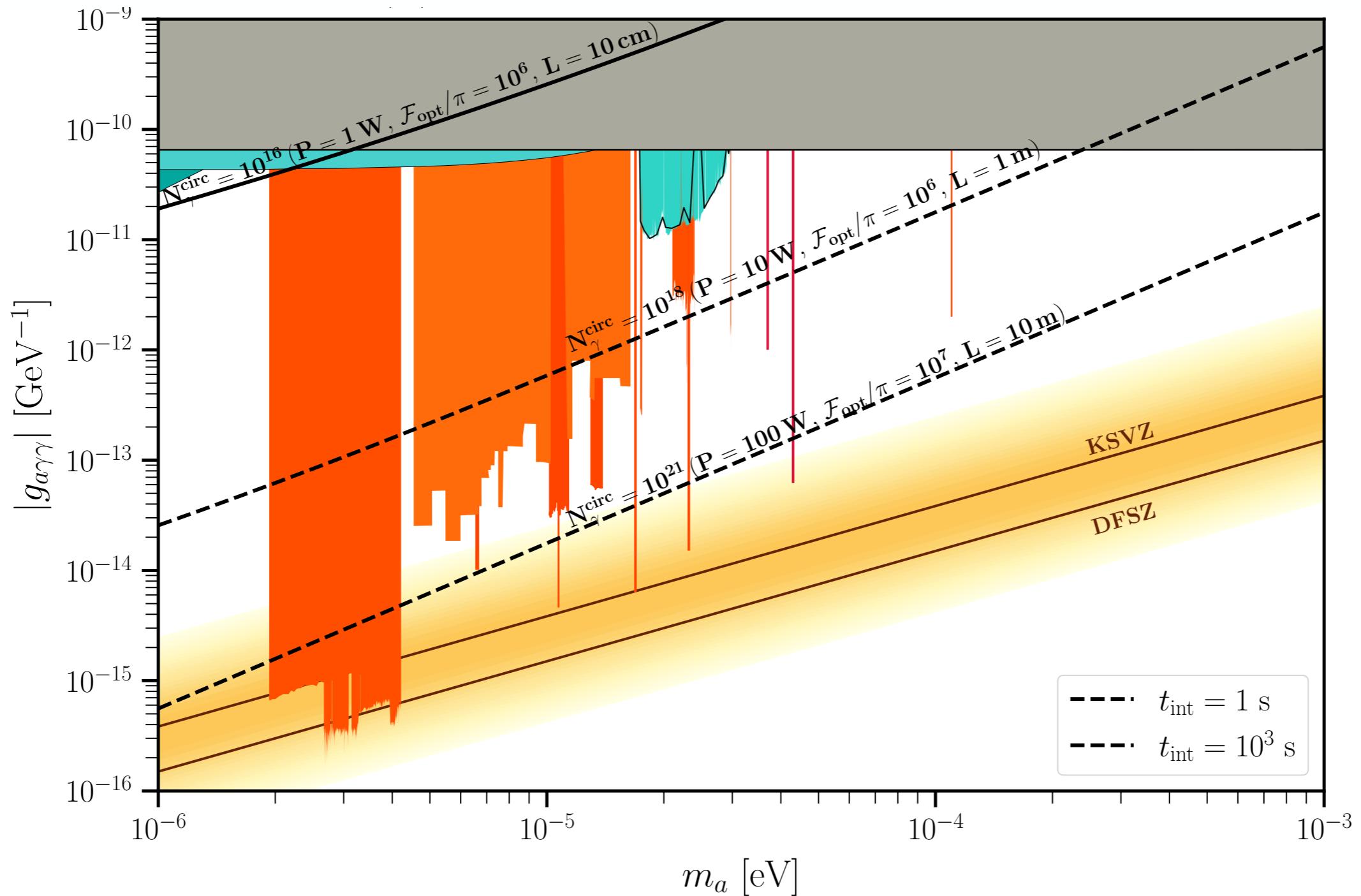


$$\begin{aligned}
 H_{\text{om}} &= -\frac{1}{2}\alpha g_{a\gamma\gamma} \int d^3r a(\mathbf{r}) n(\mathbf{r}) \mathbf{E}(\mathbf{r}) \cdot \mathbf{B}(\mathbf{r}) \\
 &= \sum_{\mathbf{p}_1, \mathbf{p}_2, \mathbf{k}_m} g_0^{(a)} \left( g_{a\gamma\gamma} \frac{\sqrt{2\rho_a}}{m_a} \right) \left( a_{\mathbf{p}_1} a_{\mathbf{p}_2}^\dagger b_{\mathbf{k}_m}^\dagger \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$\sim 10^{-22}$   
 for QCD axion

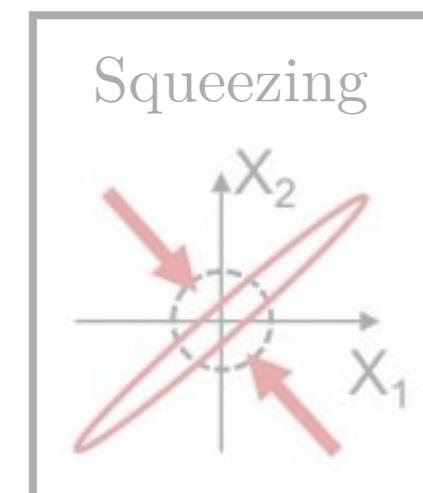
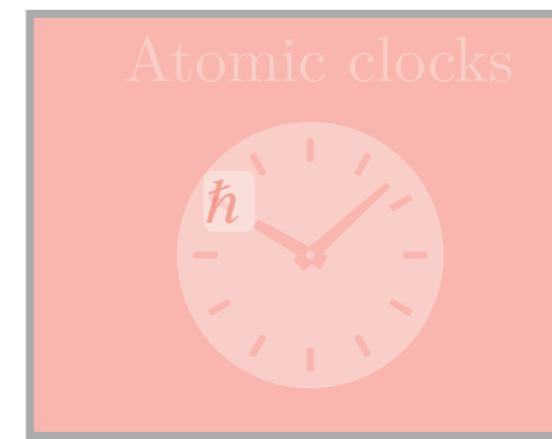
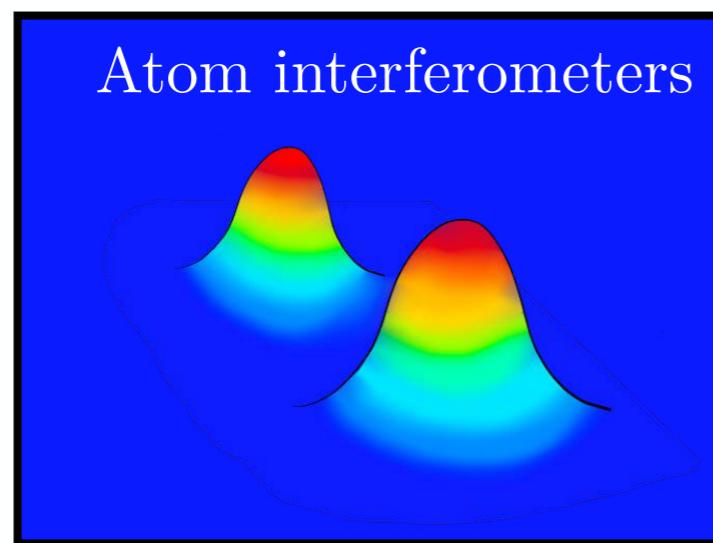
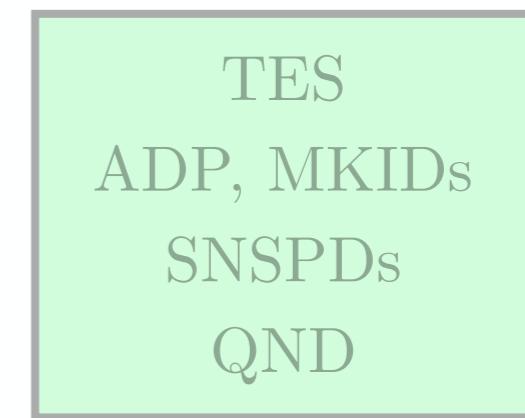
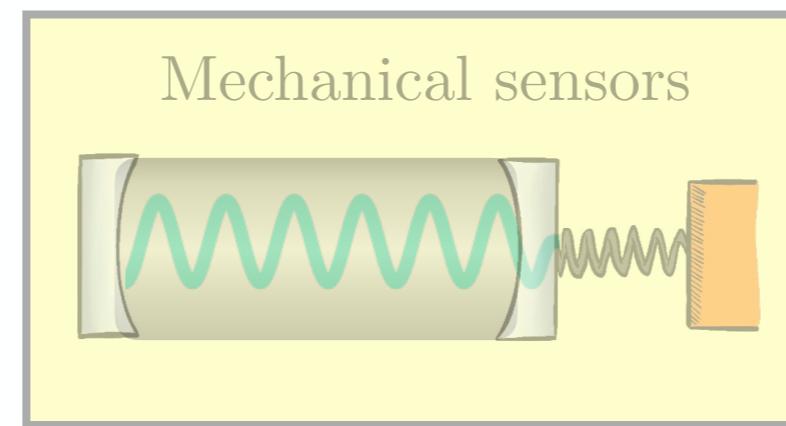
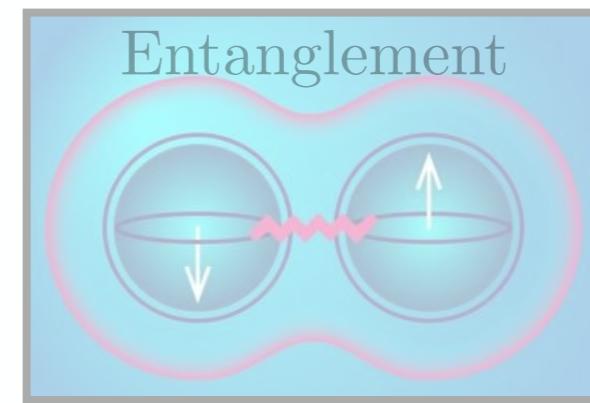
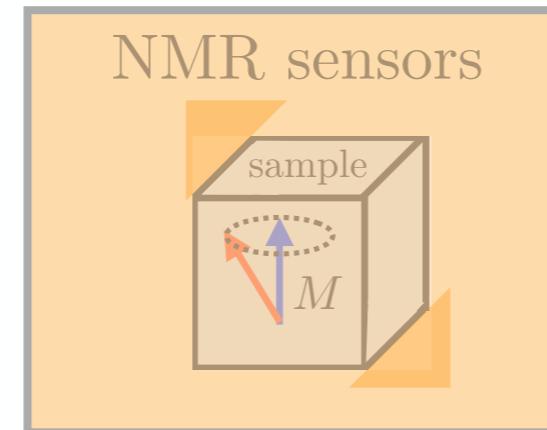
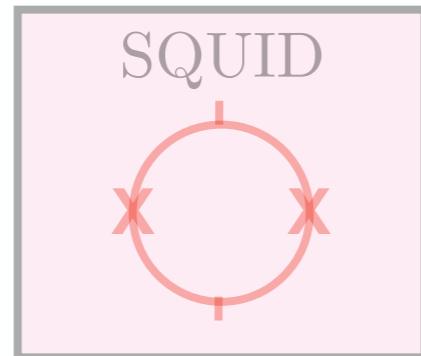
# Mechanical sensors: AxiOptomechanics

[CM, Y. Wang, K. M. Zurek. 2022]



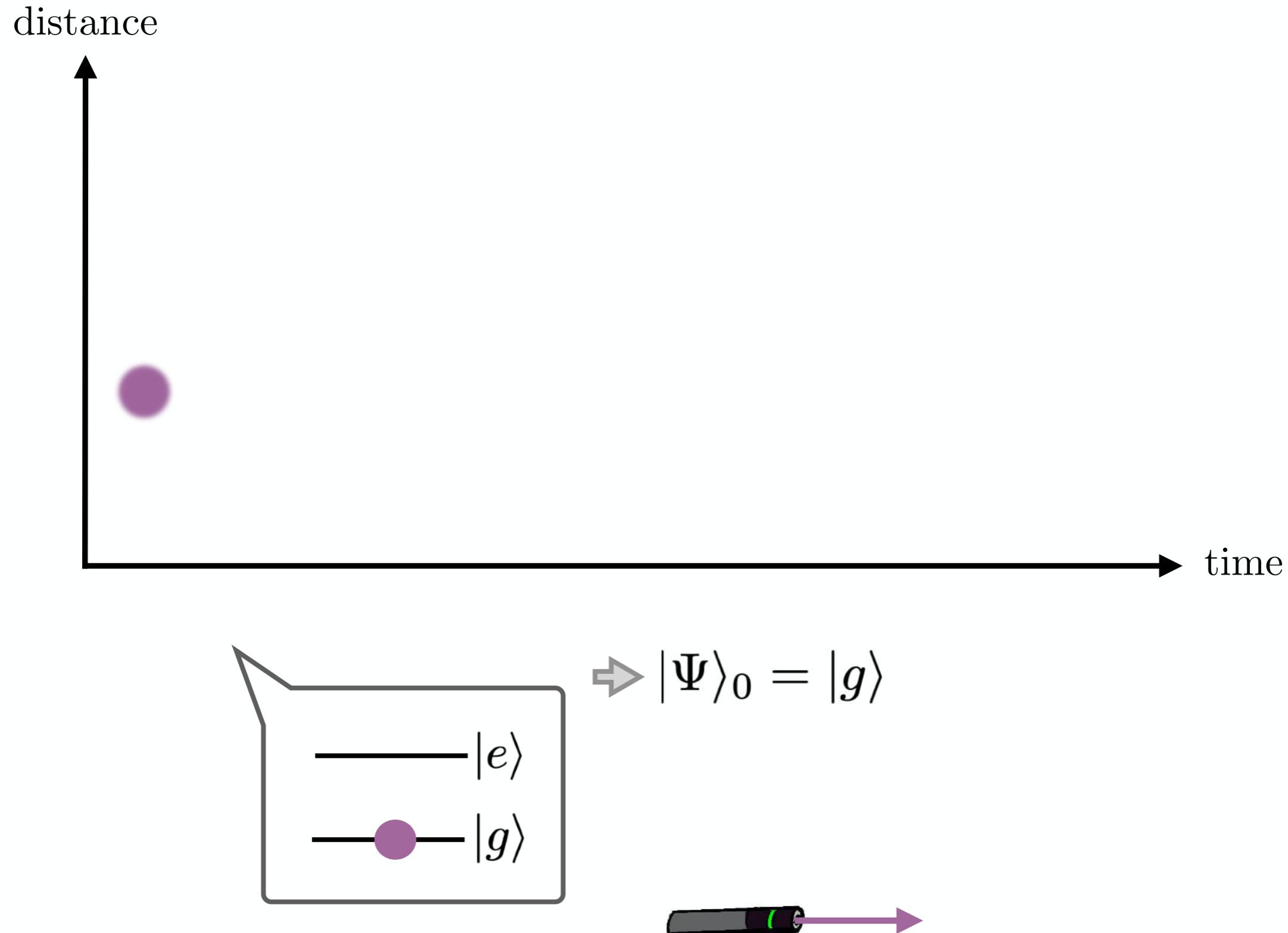
$$g_{a\gamma\gamma}^{\phi-\text{pop}} \propto \frac{\epsilon_r + 2}{\epsilon_r - 1} \epsilon_r^{1/2} \frac{1}{\mathcal{F}_{\text{opt}}^{1/2}} \frac{1}{L^{1/2}} \frac{1}{\omega_{\text{opt}}^{1/2}} \frac{1}{P_{\text{pump}}^{1/2}} \frac{m_a^{3/2}}{\rho_a^{1/2}} \Gamma_{\text{DCR}}^{1/2}$$

# Quantum Sensors: examples



# AIs: the Principle

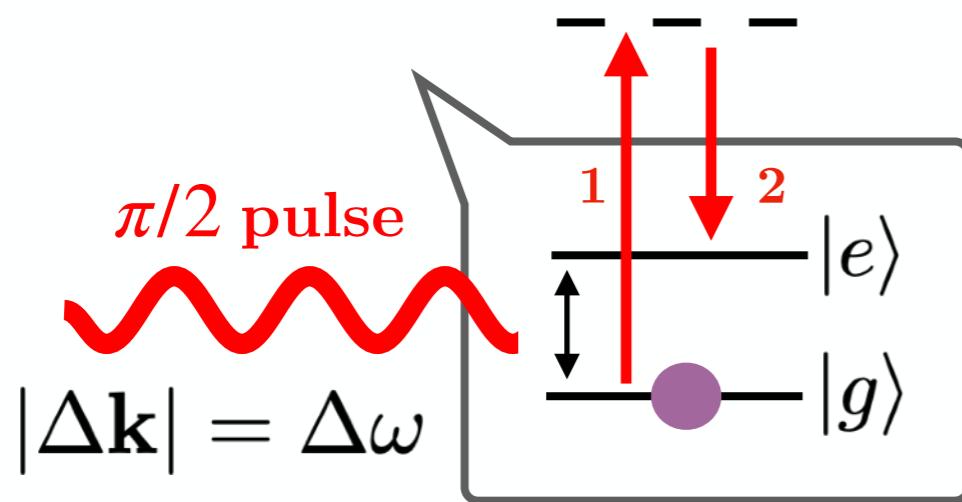
Review: arXiv:2003.12516



# AIs: the Principle

Review: arXiv:2003.12516

distance

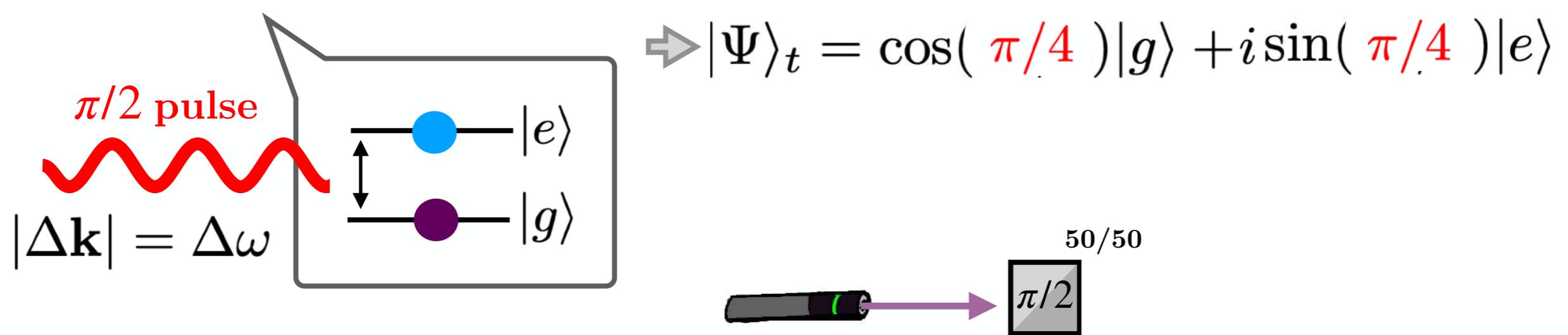
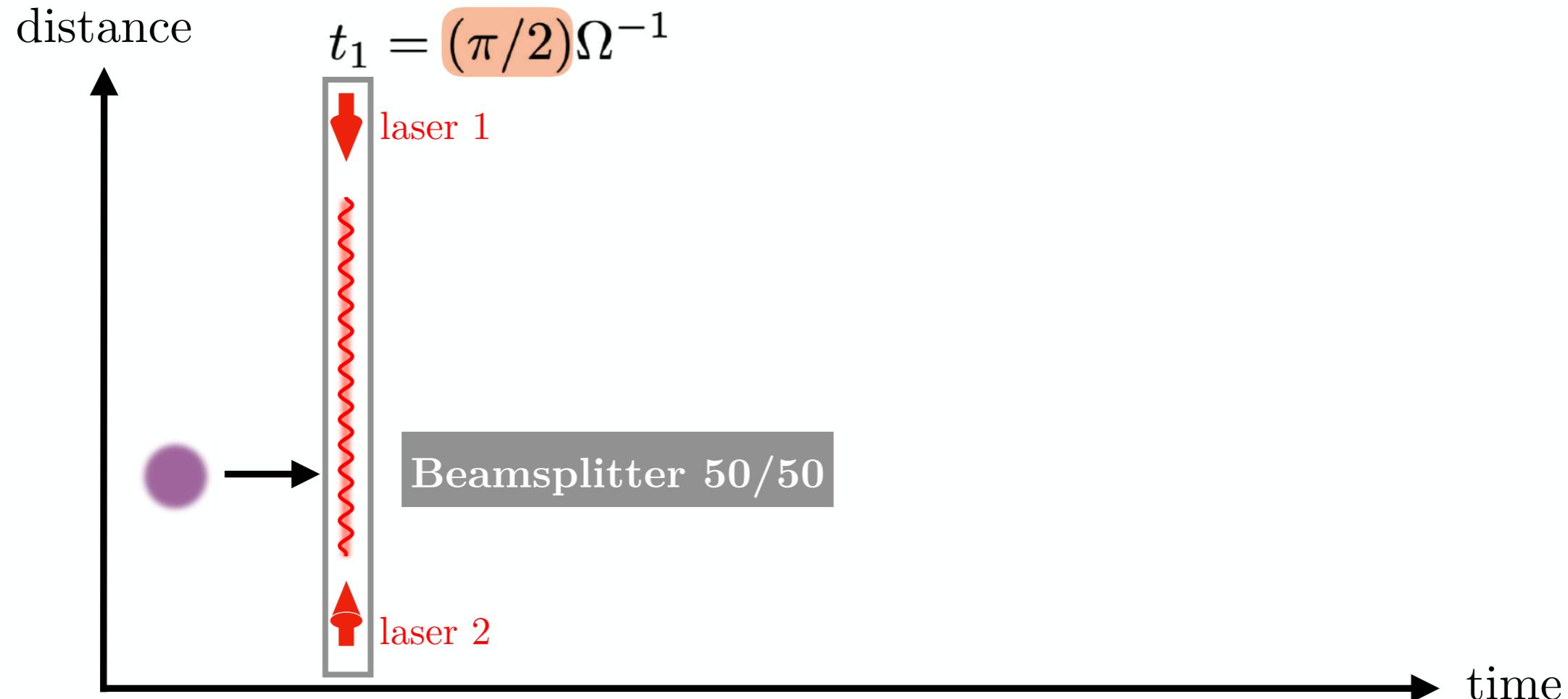


$$|\Psi\rangle_t = \cos(\Omega t/2)|g\rangle + i \sin(\Omega t/2)|e\rangle$$



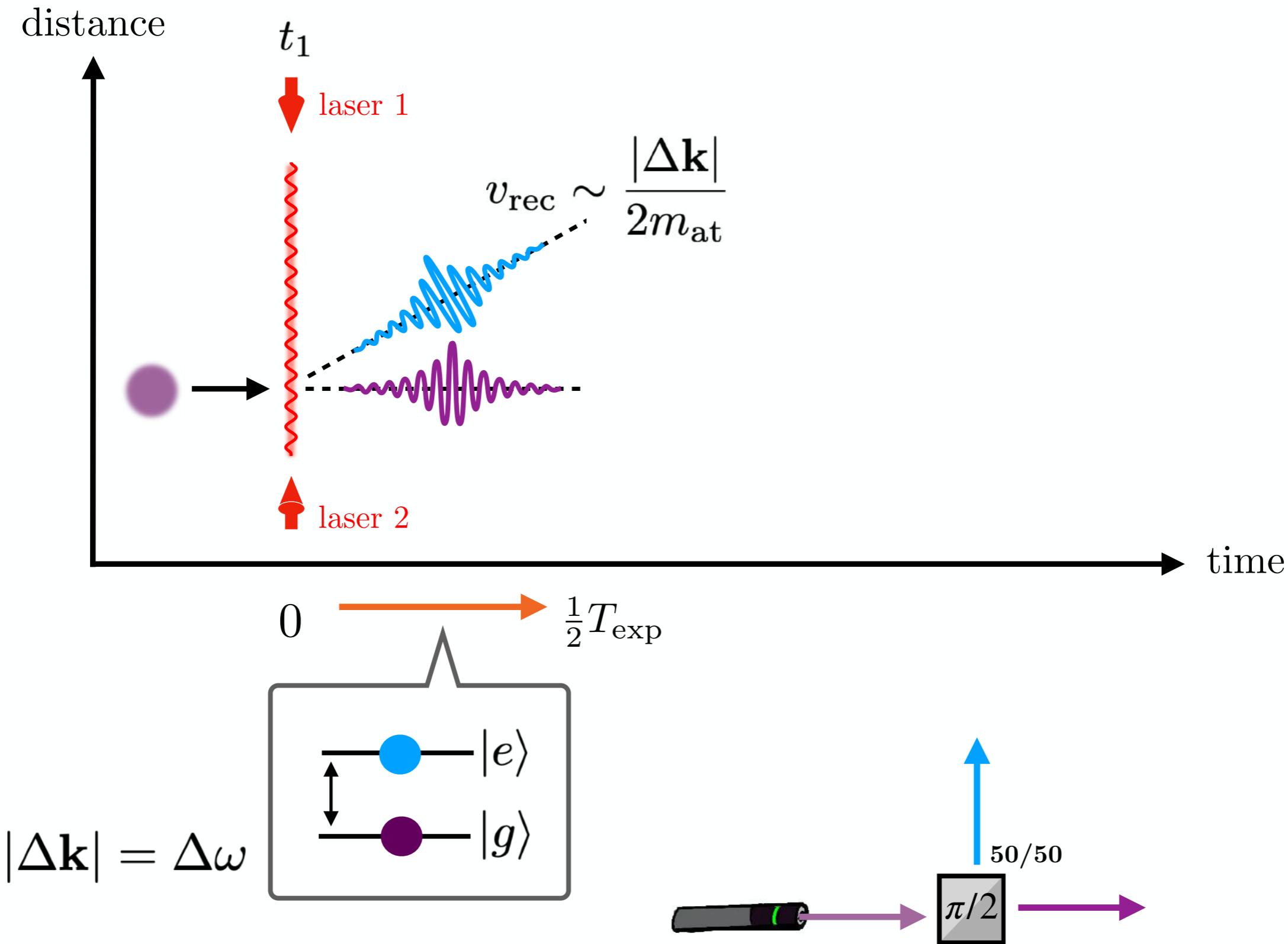
# AIs: the Principle

Review: arXiv:2003.12516



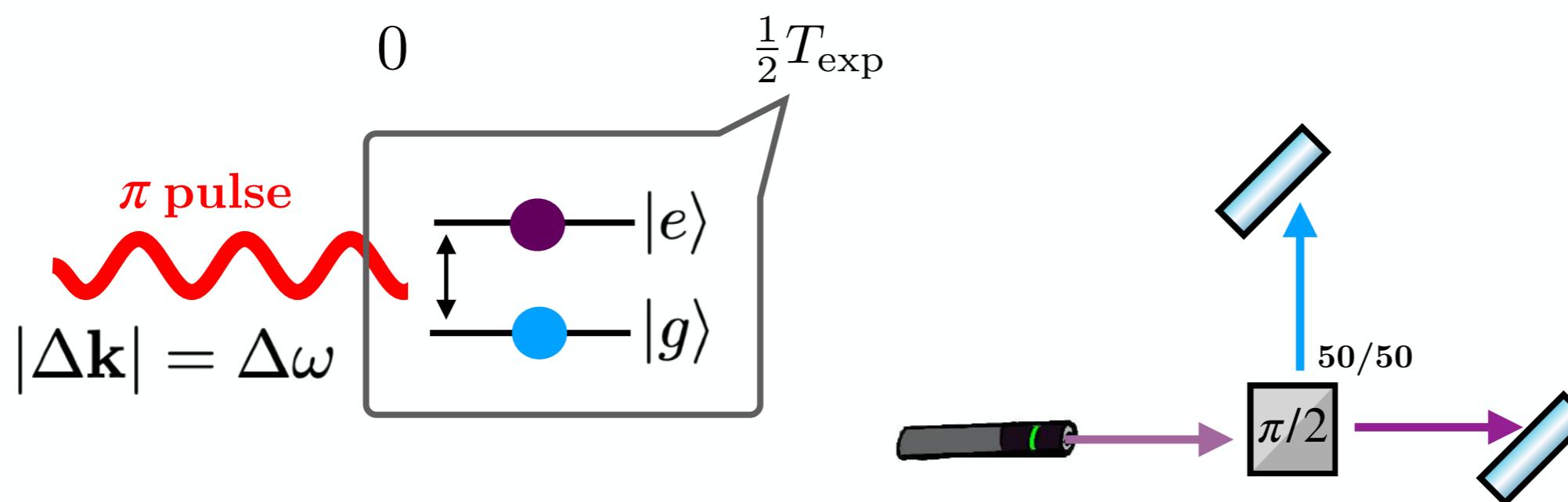
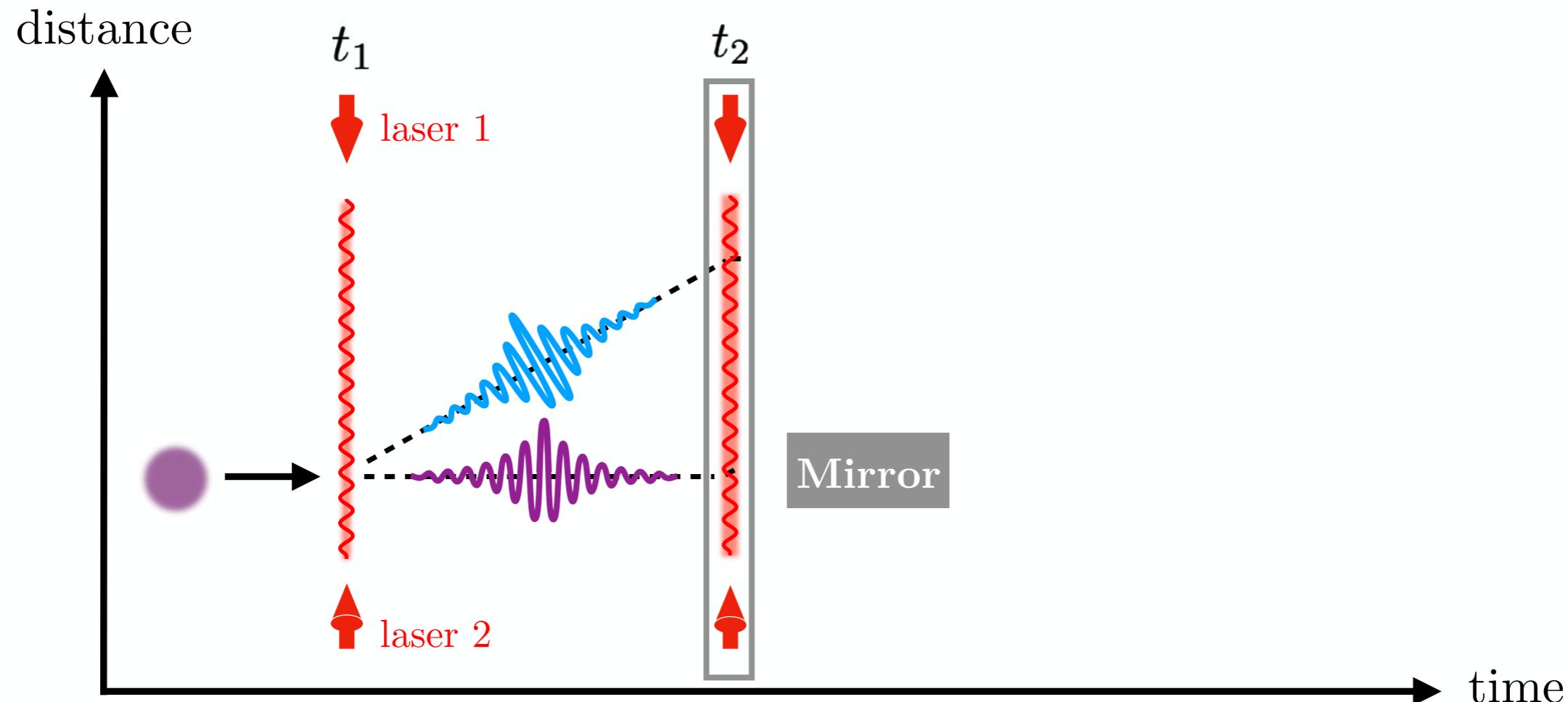
# AIs: the Principle

Review: arXiv:2003.12516



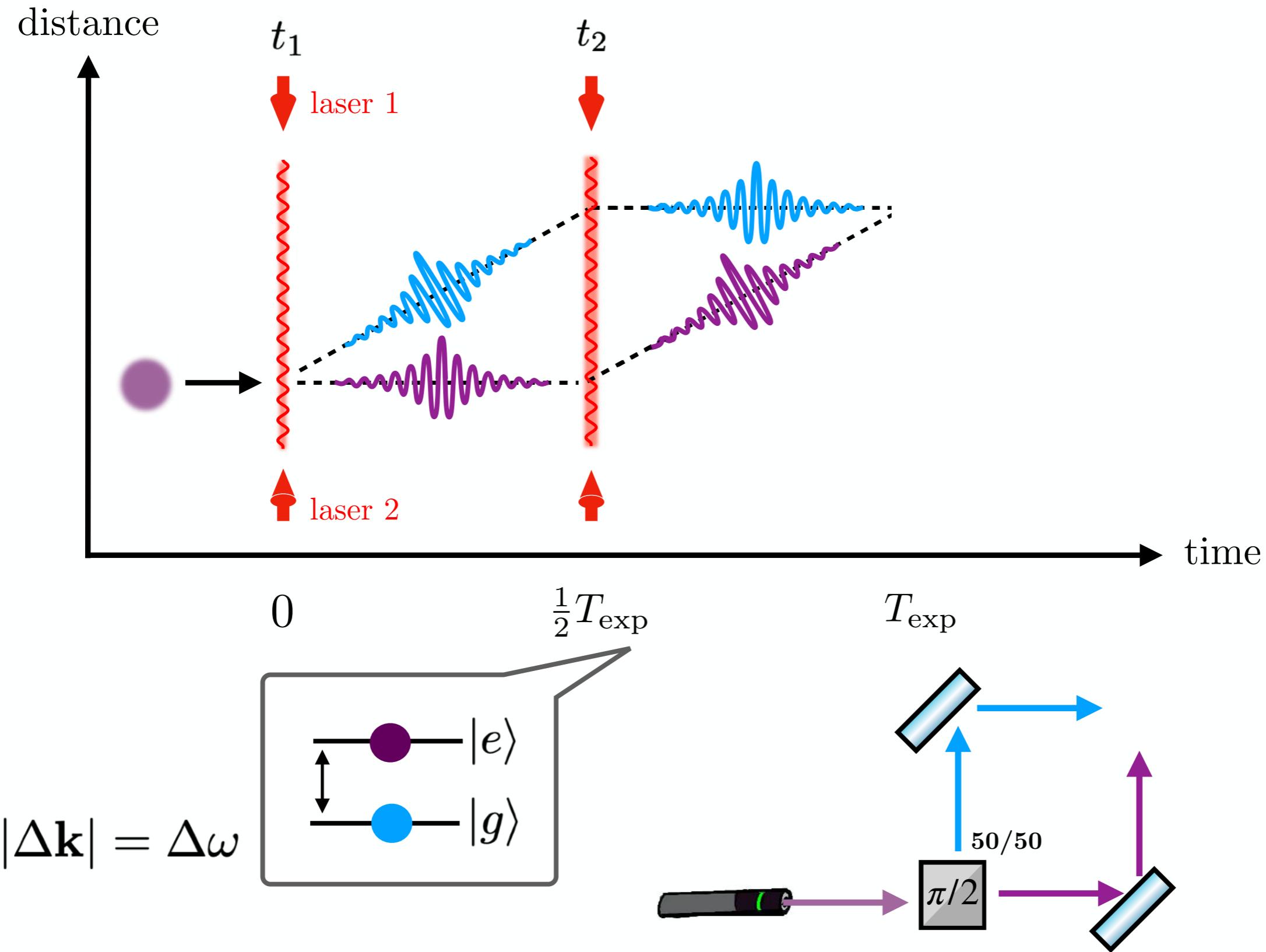
# AIs: the Principle

Review: arXiv:2003.12516



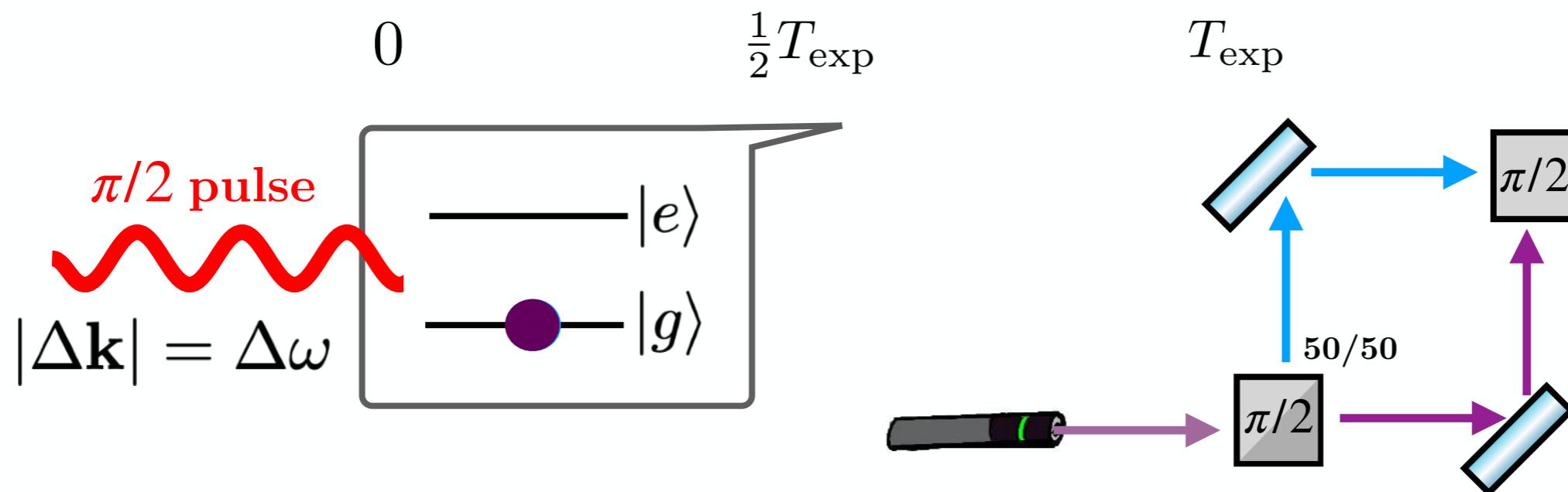
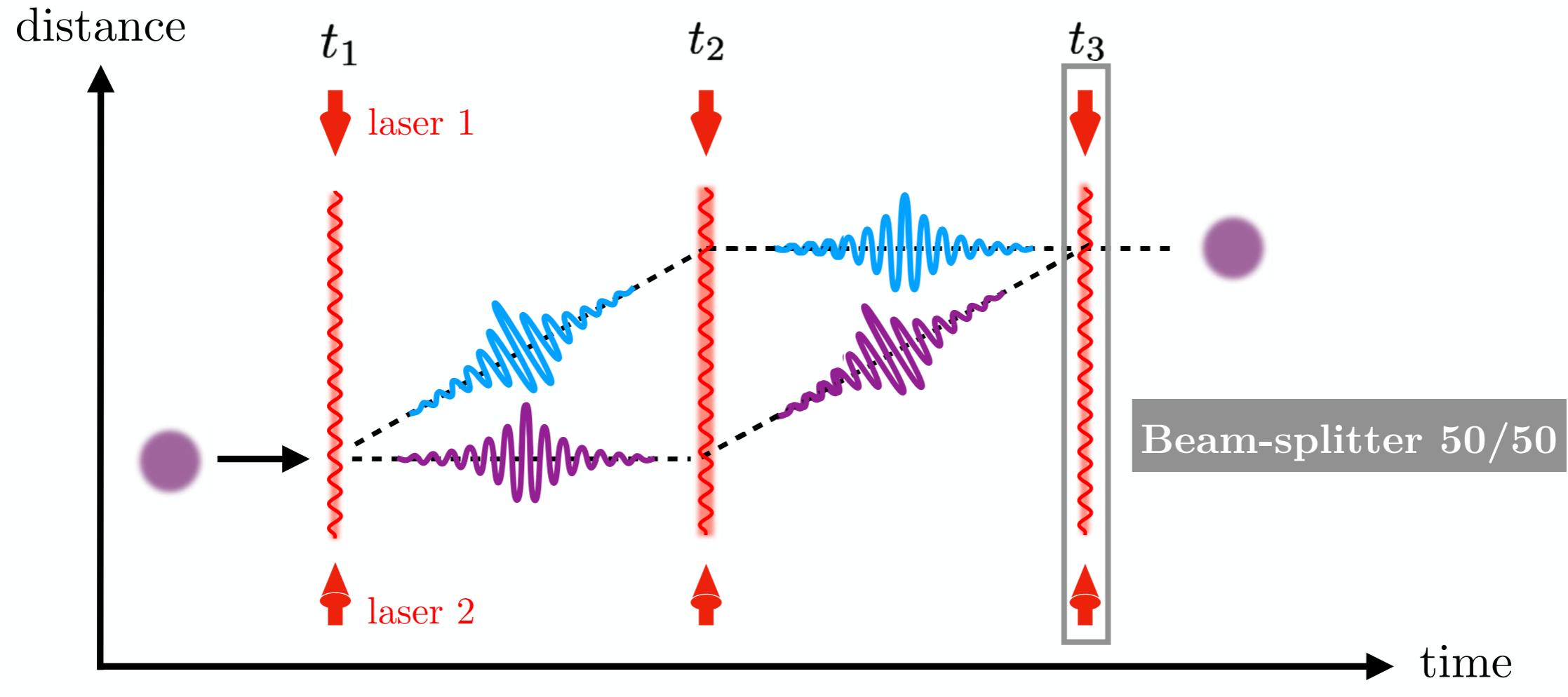
# AIs: the Principle

Review: arXiv:2003.12516



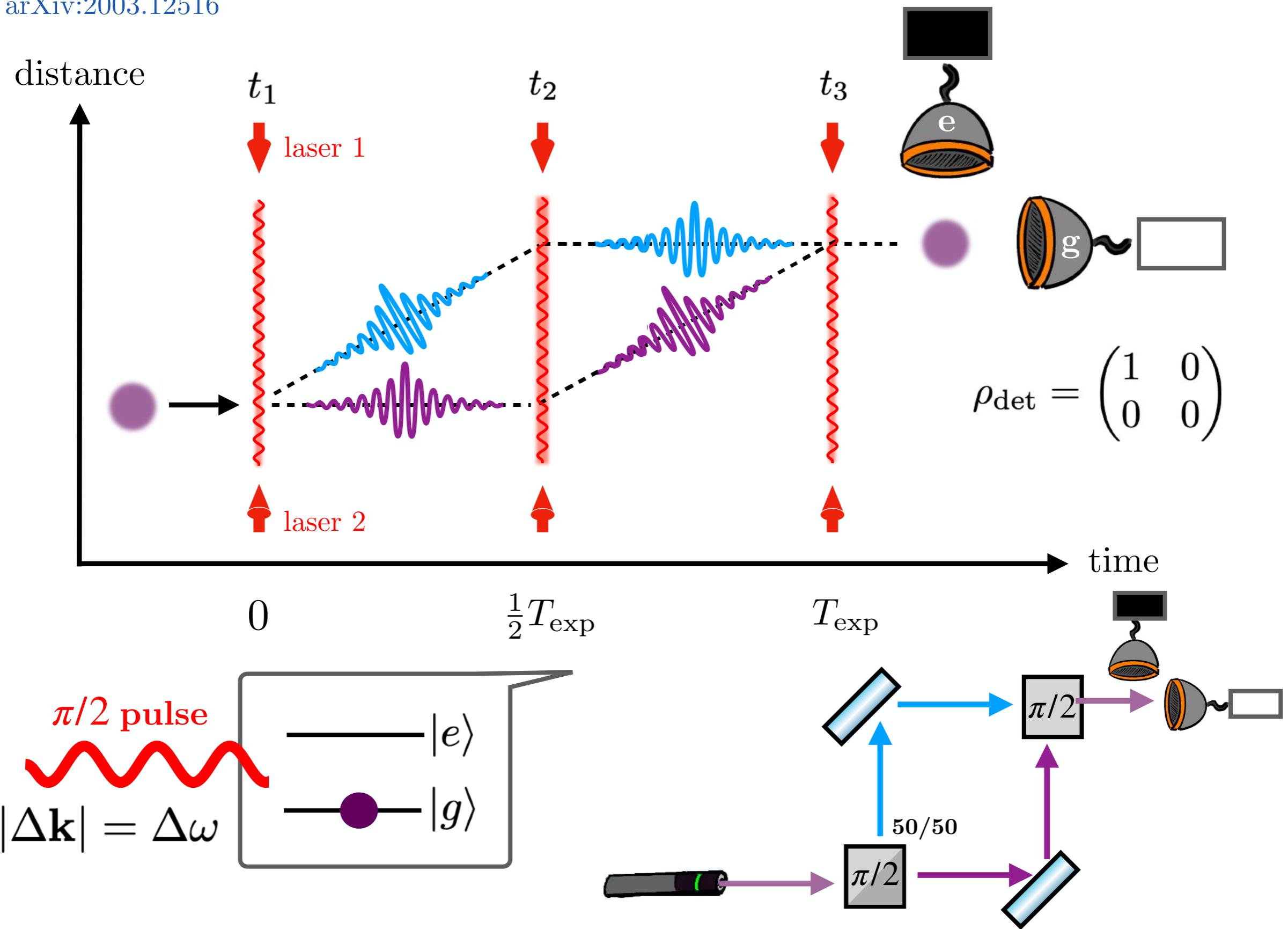
# AIs: the Principle

Review: arXiv:2003.12516

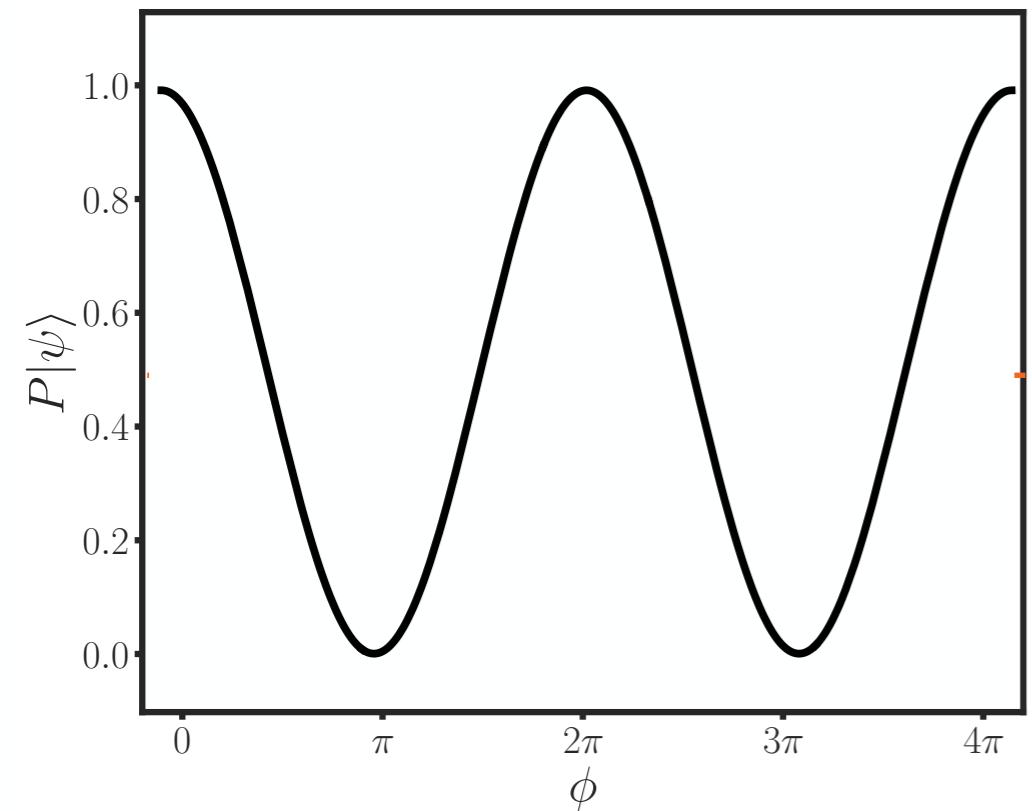


# AIs: the Principle

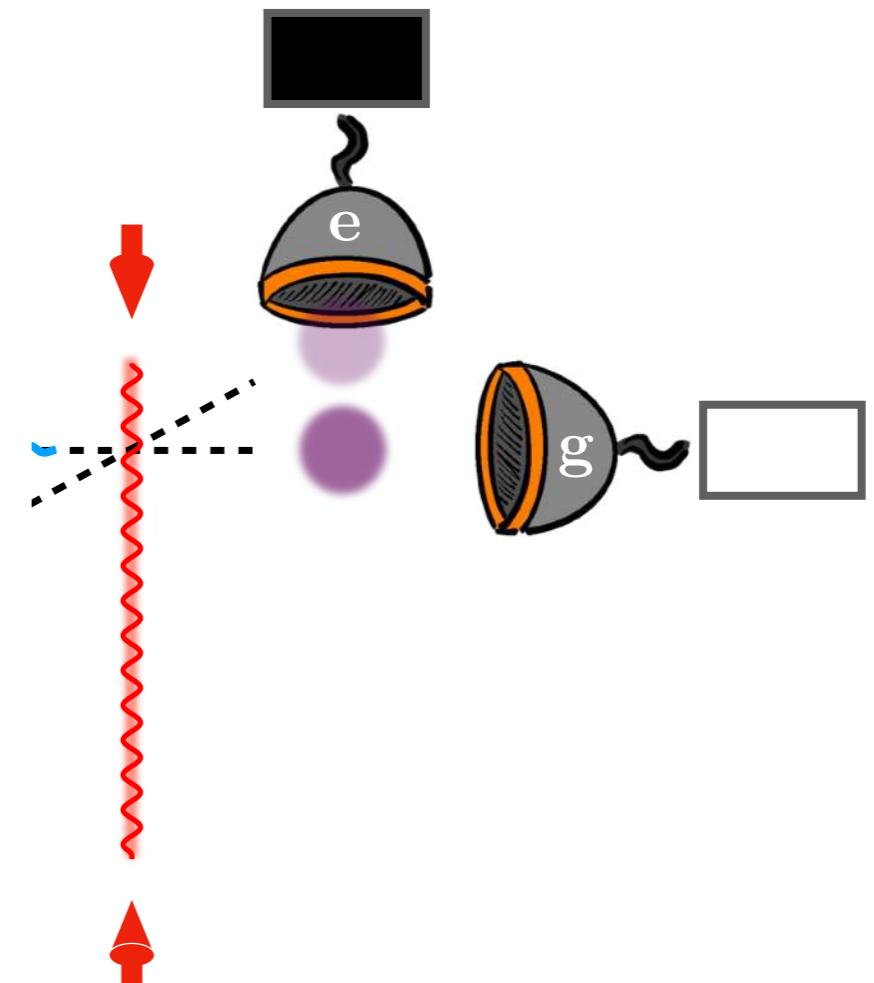
Review: arXiv:2003.12516



# AIs: Measurement

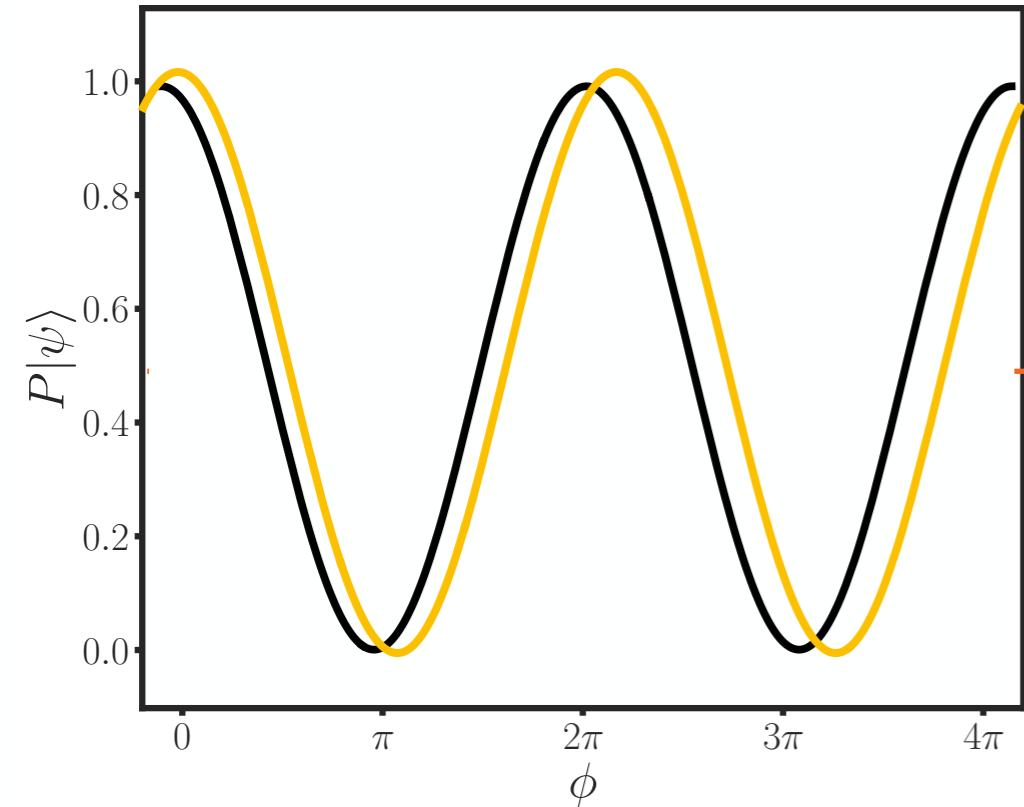


$$\rho = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & e^{i\phi} \\ e^{-i\phi} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

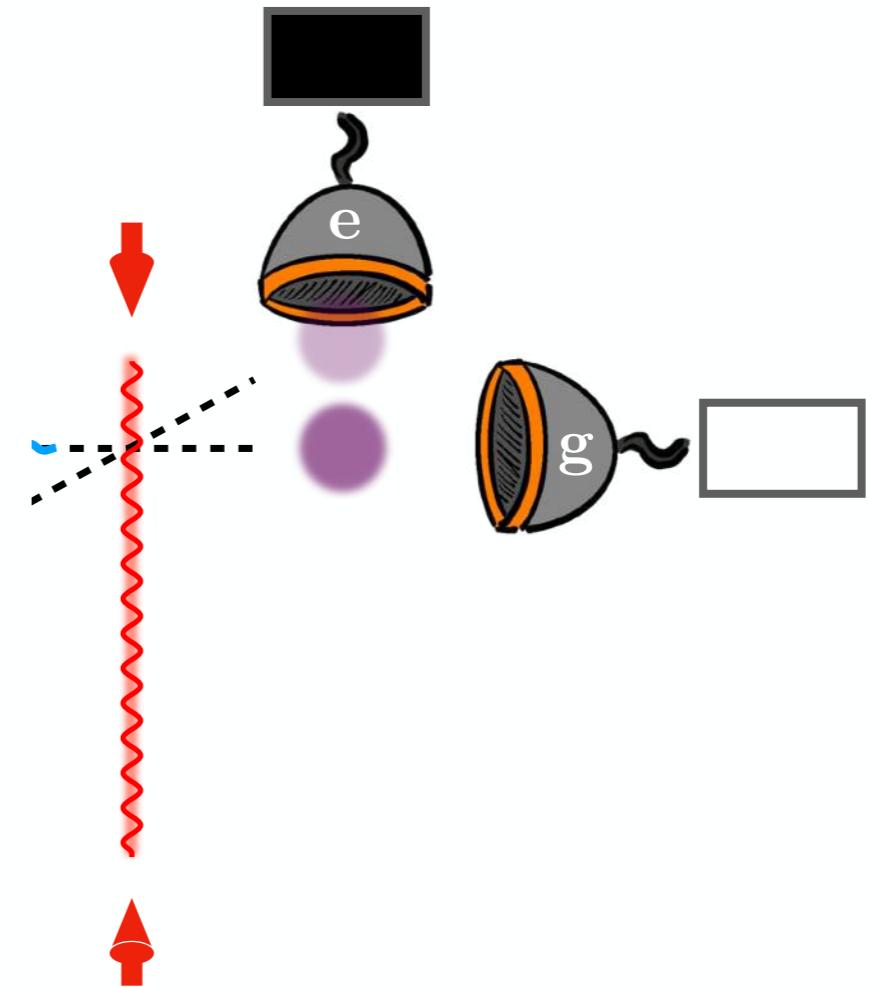


$$\left. \frac{N_I}{N_I + N_{II}} \right|_{\text{exp}} = \frac{1}{2} \left( 1 + V^{\frac{1}{2}} \cos(\phi + \Delta\phi) \right)^0$$

# AIs: Measurement - Phase-shift

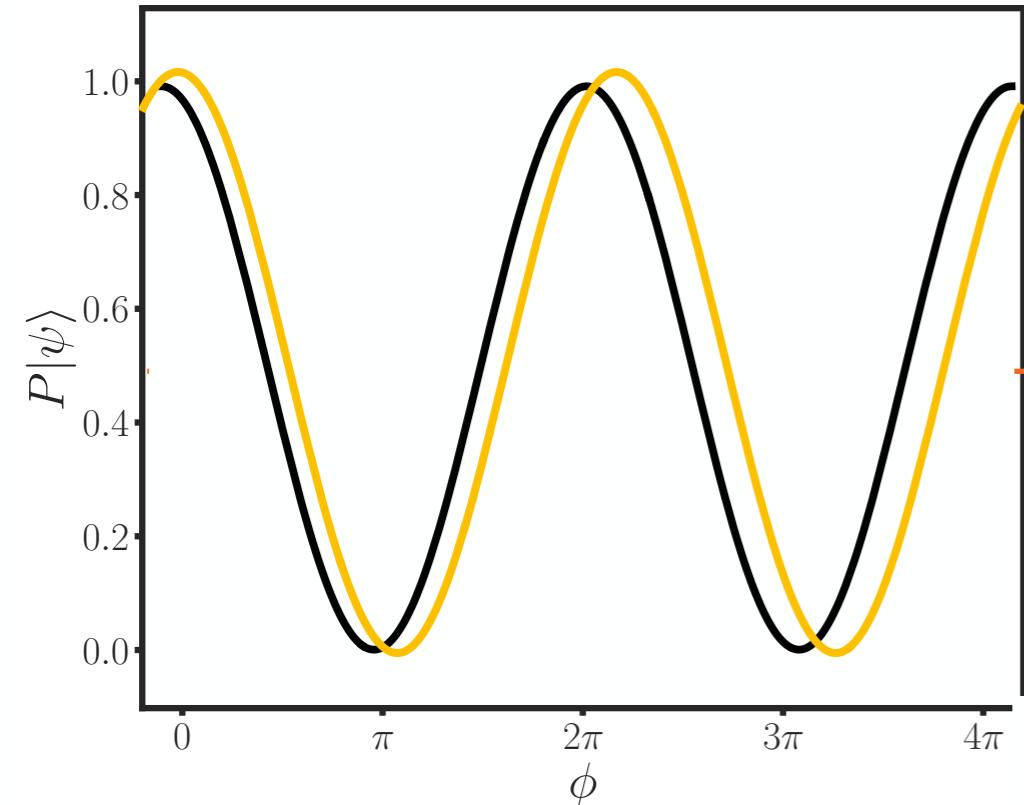


$$\rho = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & e^{i(\phi+\Delta\phi)} \\ e^{-i(\phi+\Delta\phi)} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$



$$\left. \frac{N_I}{N_I + N_{II}} \right|_{\text{exp}} = \frac{1}{2} \left( 1 + V^{\frac{1}{2}} \cos (\phi + \Delta\phi) \right)$$

# AIs: Measurement - Phase-shift



[Graham, Kaplan, et al. 2016]

[Arvanitaki, Graham, et al. 2018]

[Kolb, Weers, et al. 2018]

[Antypas, Banerjee, 2022] **ULDM**

[Badurnina, Gipson, et al. 2022]

[Badurnina, Beniwal, et al. 2023]

...

[Wicht et al, 2002] [Bennet et al. 2006] [Cadoret et al. 2008]

[Terranova, Tino, 2014]...

**EDMs**

[Dimopoulos, Graham, et al. 2008] [Hogan, Johnson, et al . 2011], [Yu, Tinto, 2011] [Graham, Hogan, 2013], [Canuel, Bertoldi, et al. 2018] [Canuel, Abend, et al. 2020] [Kolkowitz, Pikovski, et al., 2016] [Zhan, Wang, et al. 2020] [El-Neaj, Alpigiani, et al. 2020] [Badurina, Bentine, et. Al. 2020] [Graham, Hogan, et al. 2016] [Graham, Hogan, et al. 2017], [Ballmer, Adhikari, et al. 2022]

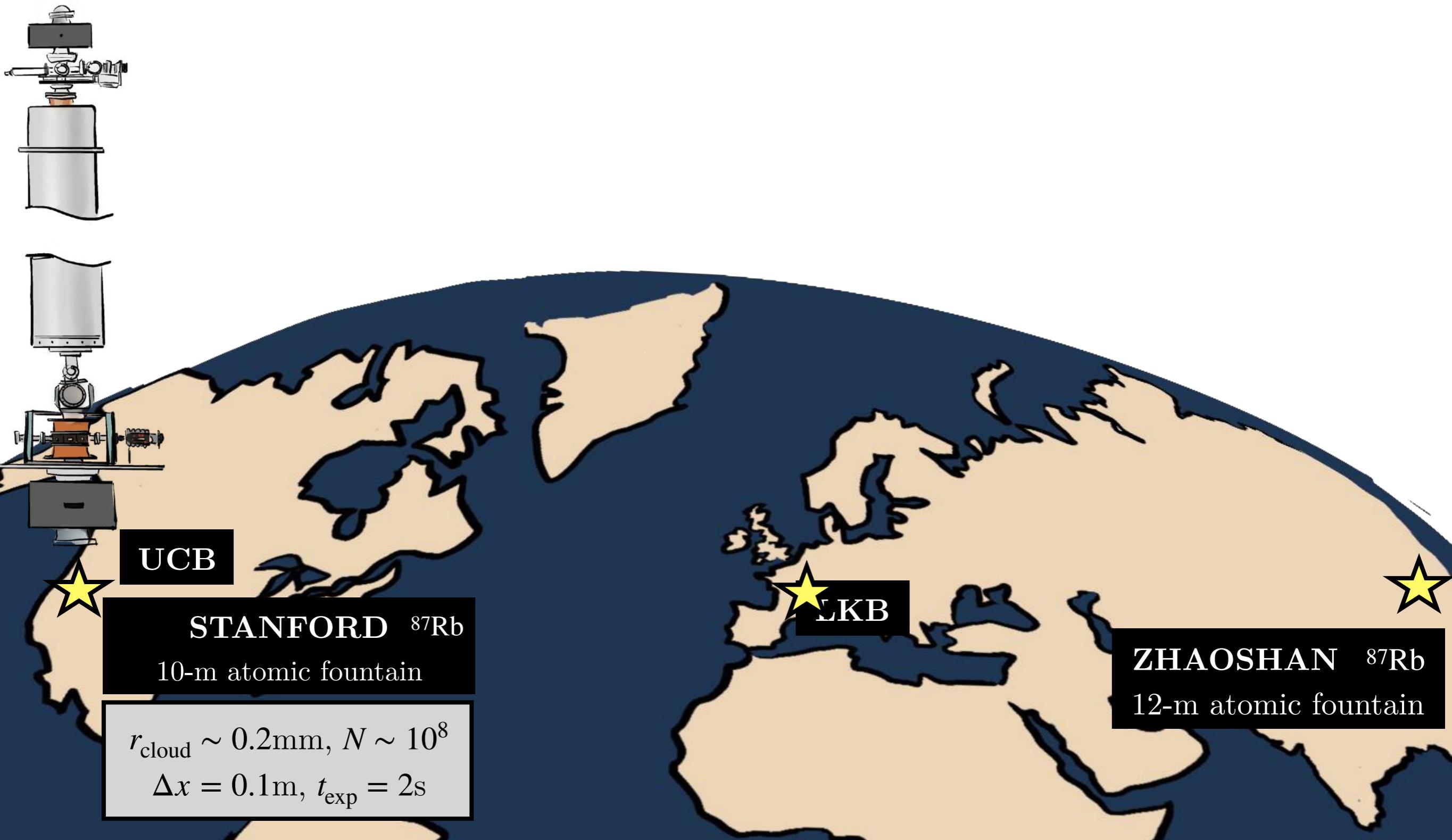
**GWs**

## 5th forces

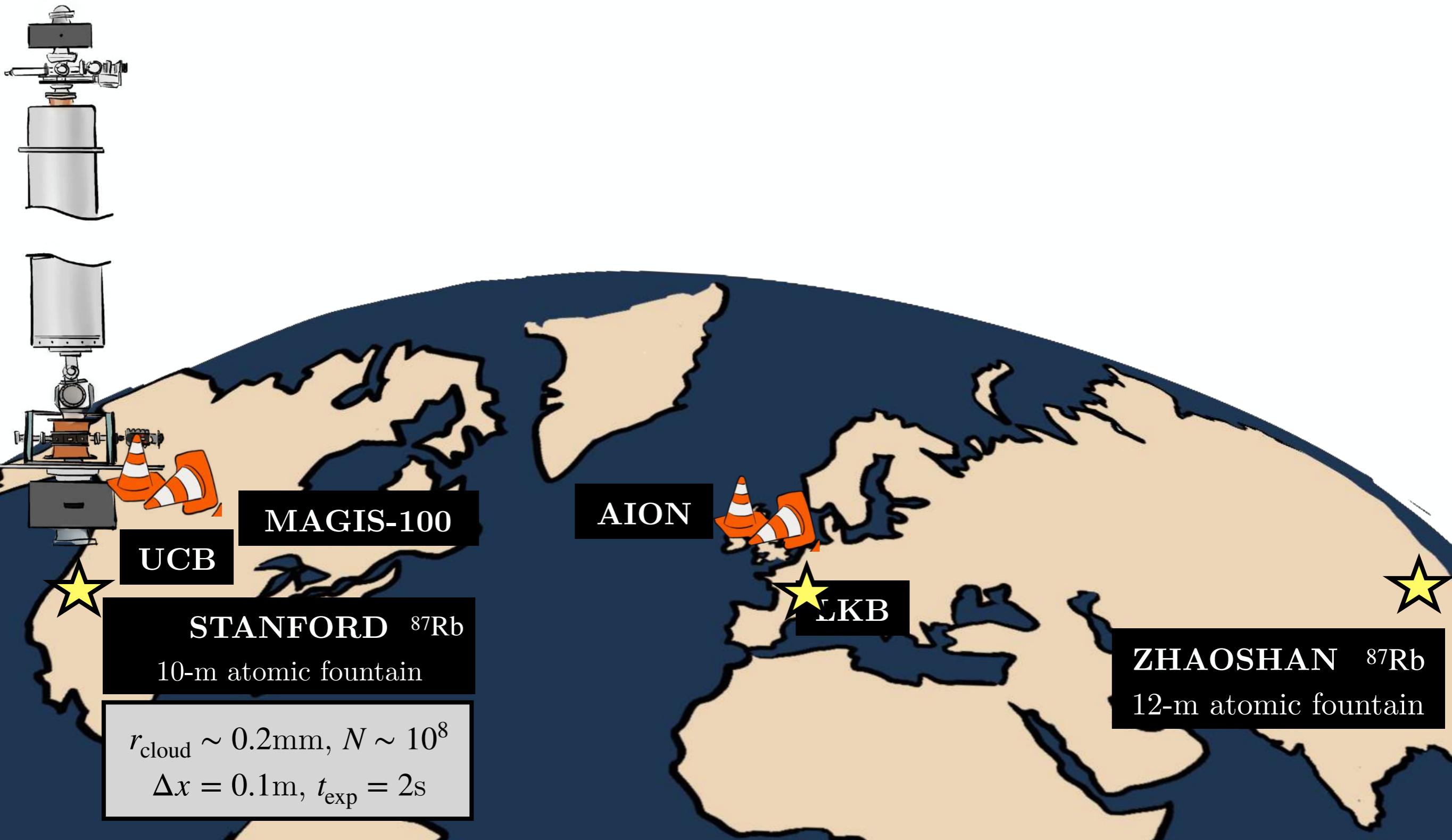
[Wacker, 2010], [Rosi, Sorrentino, et al. 2014] [Biedermann, Wu, et al. 2015] [Rosi, D'Amico, et al. 2017] [Fray, Diez, et al. 2004] [Schlippert, Hartwig, et al. 2014] [Zhou, Long, et al. 2015] [Barrett, Antoni-Micollier, et al. 2016] [Kuhn, McDonald, et al. 2014] [Barrett, Antoni-Micollier, et al. 2015] [Tarallo, Mazzoni, et al 2014] [Bonnin, Zahzam et al. 2013] [Hartwig, Abend, et al. 2015] [Asenbaum, Overstreet, et al 2020] [Williams, Chiow, et al. 2016] [Battelier, Berge, et al., 2019] ....

$$\left. \frac{N_I}{N_I + N_{II}} \right|_{\text{exp}} = \frac{1}{2} \left( 1 + \overset{\neq}{V} \cos (\phi + \Delta\phi) \right)$$

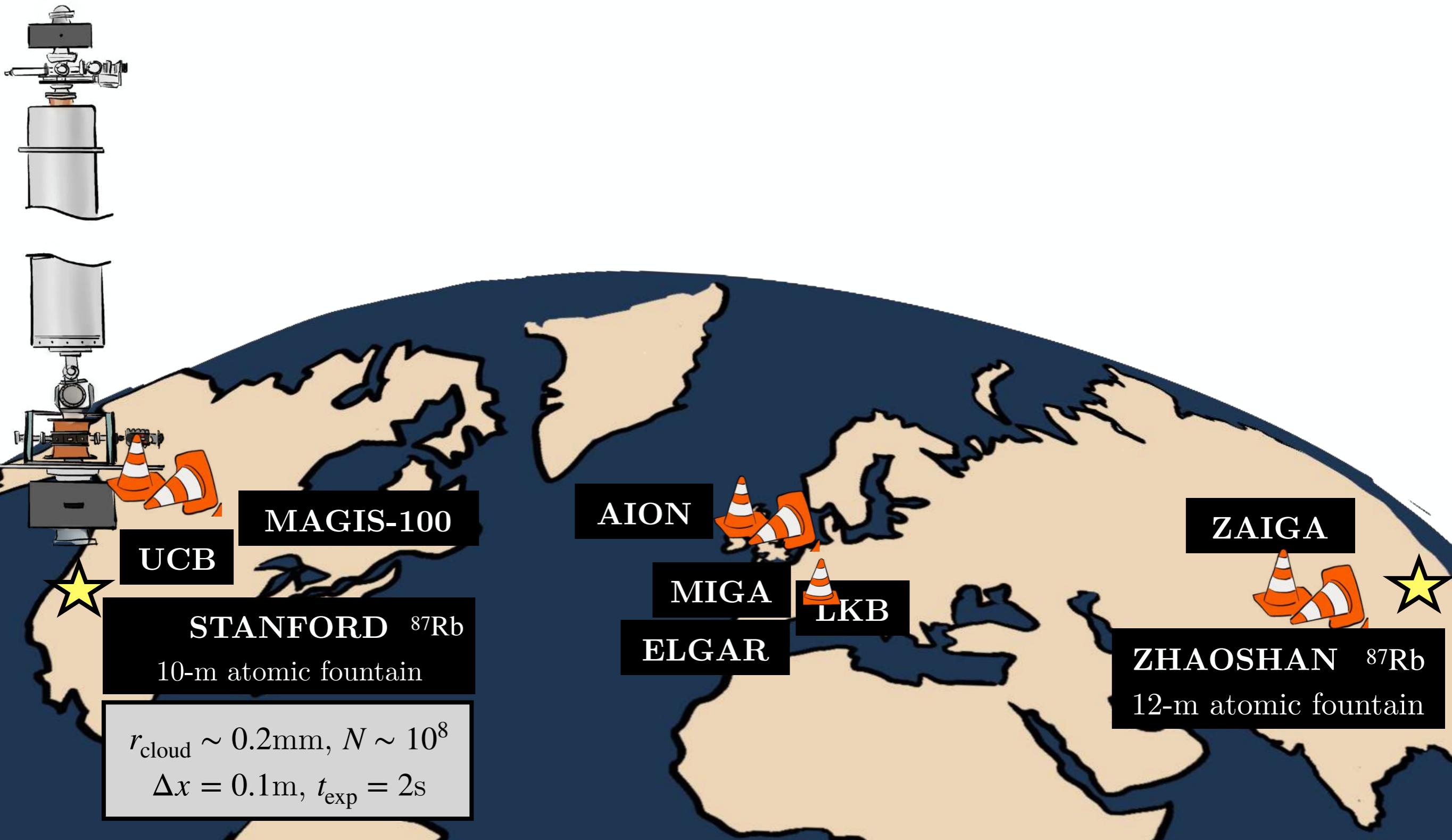
# AIs: Examples



# AIs: Examples



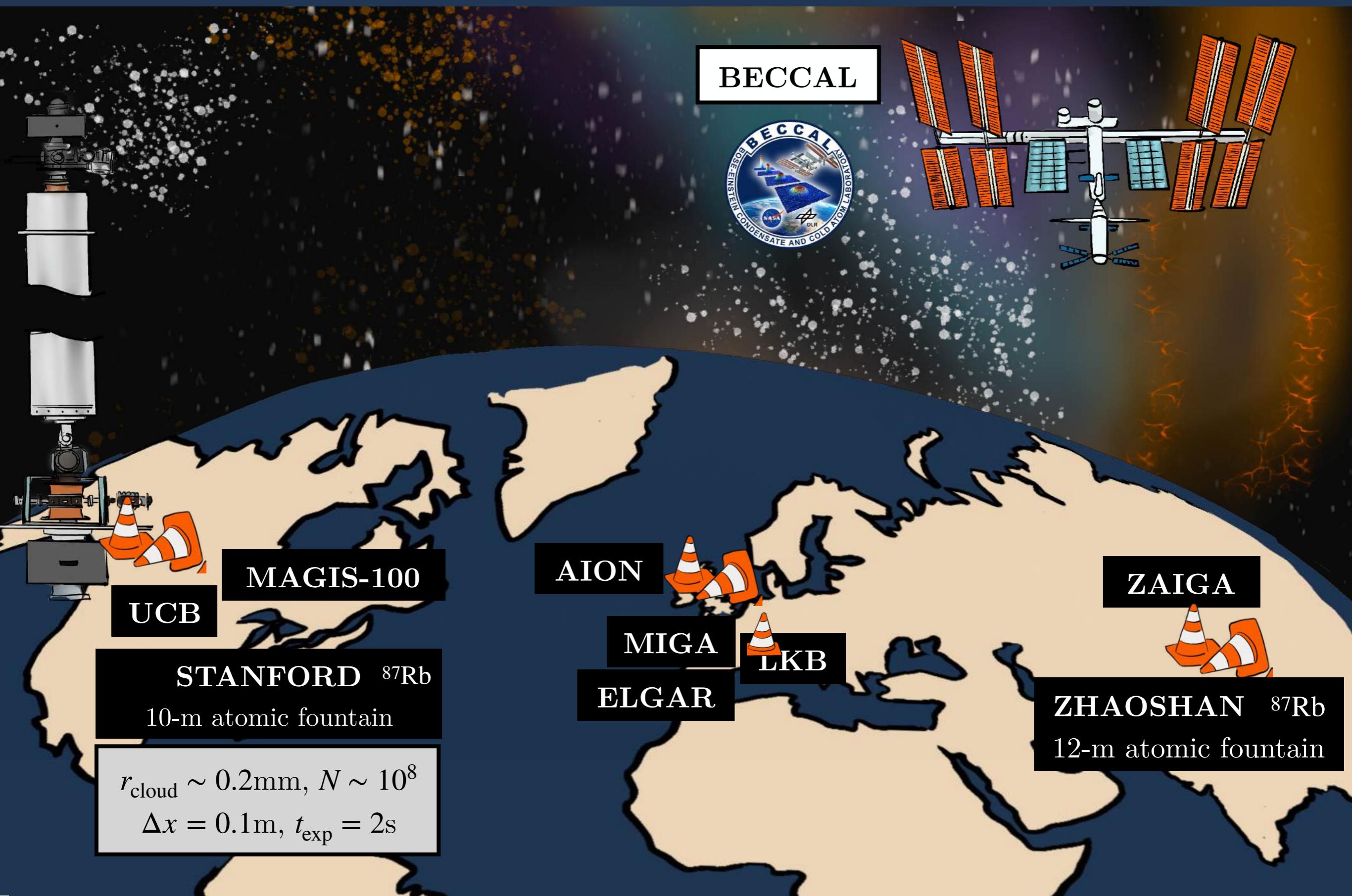
# AIs: Examples



# AIs: Examples



# AIs: Examples



# AIs: Examples

MAQRO SiO<sub>2</sub>

$$r_{\text{cloud}} \sim 0.1\mu\text{m}, N \sim 10^{10}$$
$$\Delta x = 0.1\mu\text{m}, t_{\text{exp}} = 100\text{s}$$



UCB

MAGIS-100

STANFORD <sup>87</sup>Rb  
10-m atomic fountain

$$r_{\text{cloud}} \sim 0.2\text{mm}, N \sim 10^8$$
$$\Delta x = 0.1\text{m}, t_{\text{exp}} = 2\text{s}$$

BECCAL

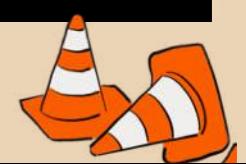


AION



MIGA  
ELGAR

ZAIGA



ZHAOSHAN <sup>87</sup>Rb  
12-m atomic fountain

# AIs: Examples

MAQRO SiO<sub>2</sub>

$$r_{\text{cloud}} \sim 0.1\mu\text{m}, N \sim 10^{10}$$
$$\Delta x = 0.1\mu\text{m}, t_{\text{exp}} = 100\text{s}$$



UCB

MAGIS-100

STANFORD <sup>87</sup>Rb  
10-m atomic fountain

$$r_{\text{cloud}} \sim 0.2\text{mm}, N \sim 10^8$$
$$\Delta x = 0.1\text{m}, t_{\text{exp}} = 2\text{s}$$

BECCAL



GDM

AEDGE

AION

MIGA

LKB

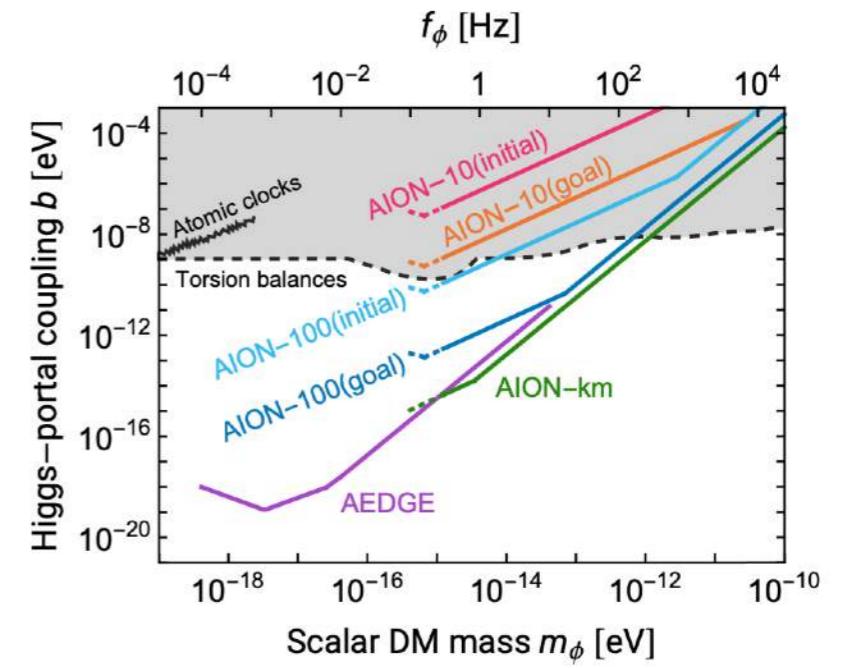
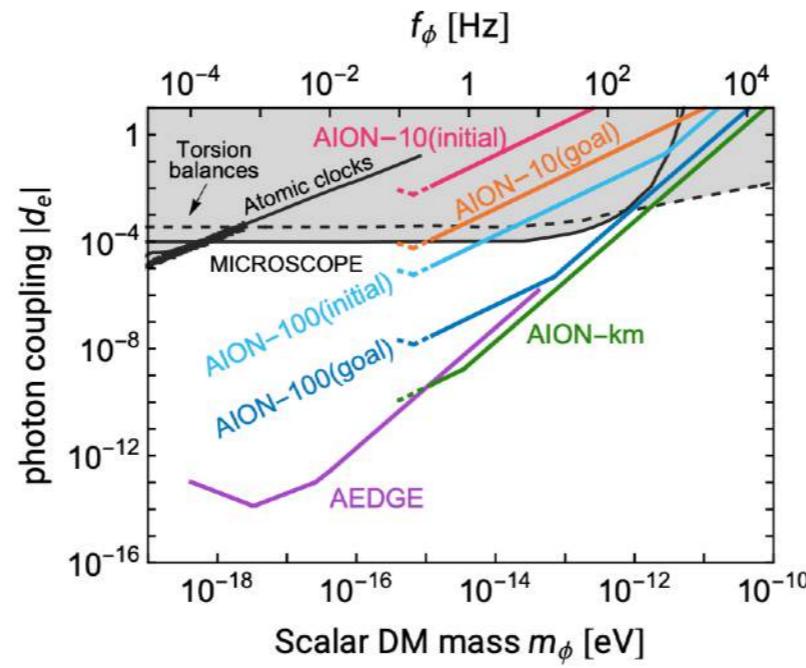
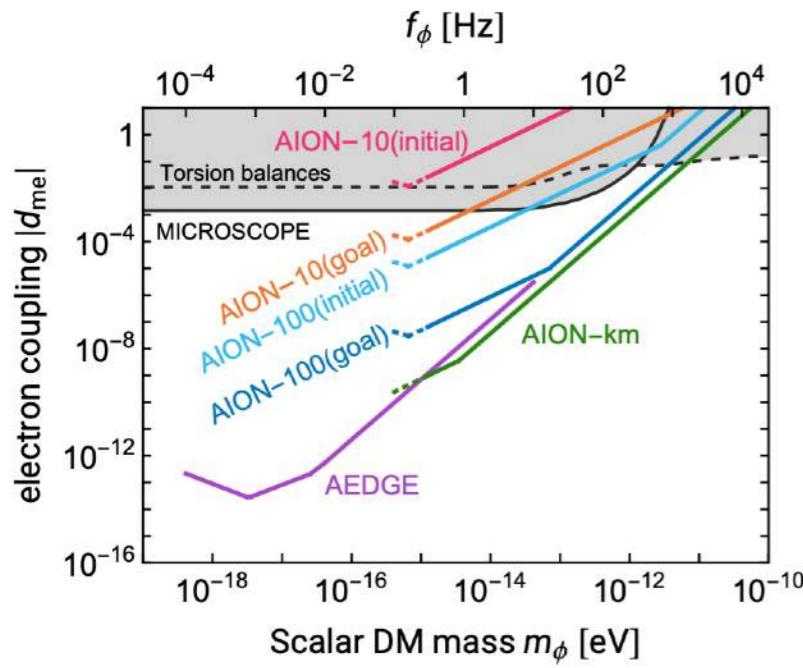
ZAIGA

ZHAOSHAN <sup>87</sup>Rb  
12-m atomic fountain

# AIs: e.g. AION

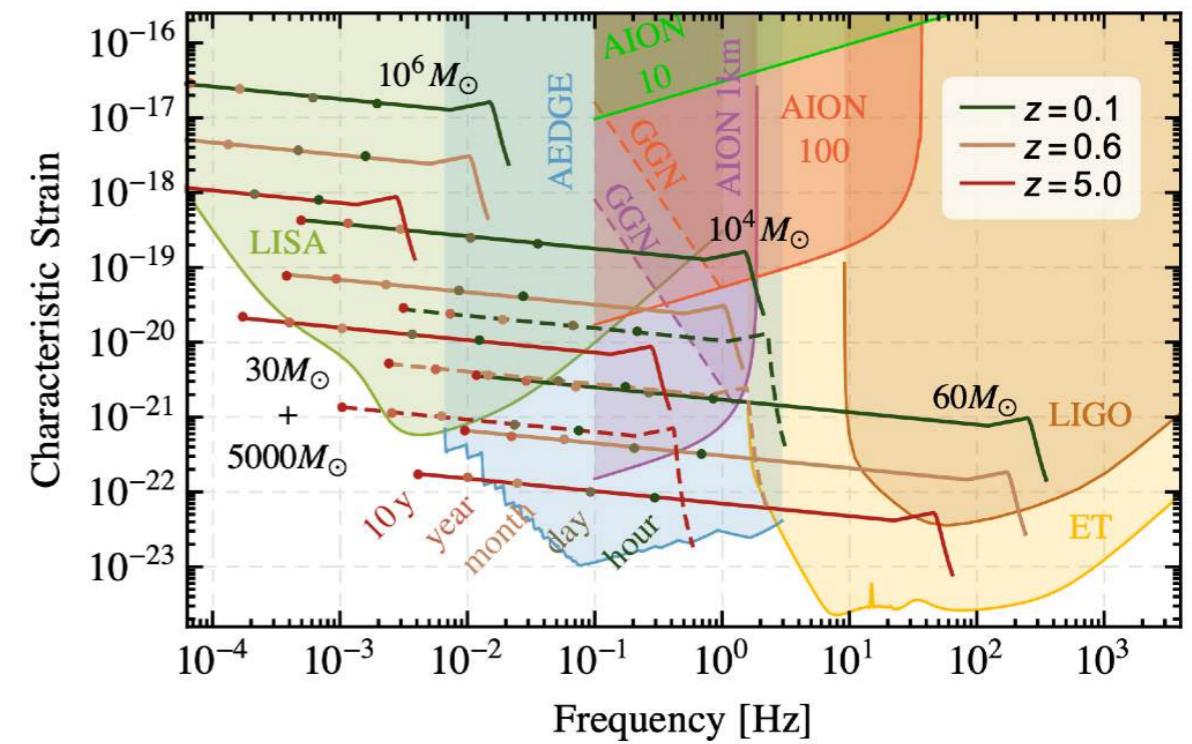
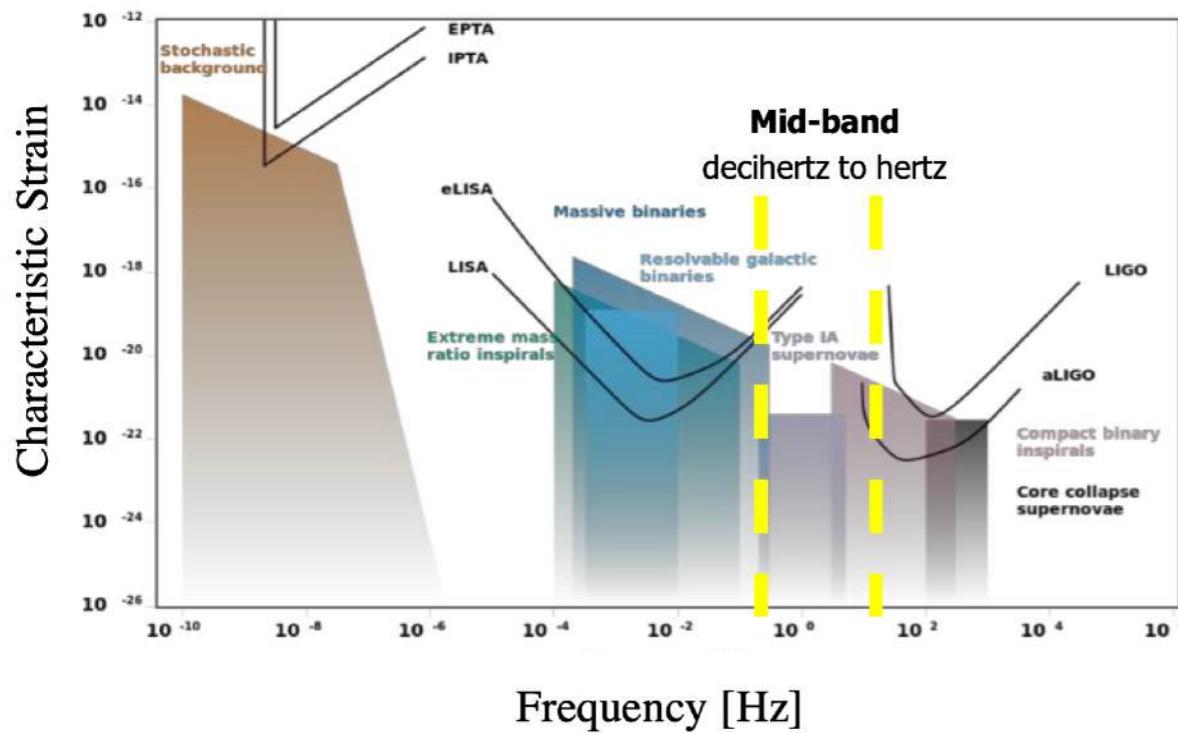
<https://arxiv.org/pdf/1911.11755>

ULDM



GWs

[from O. Buchmuller's slides]

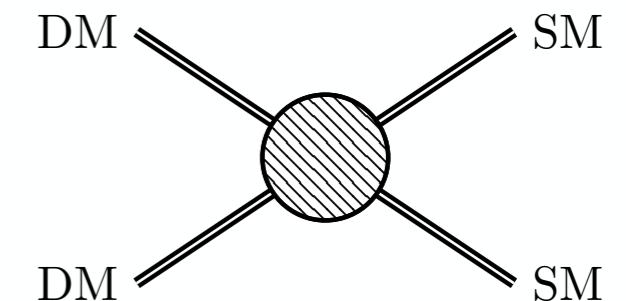
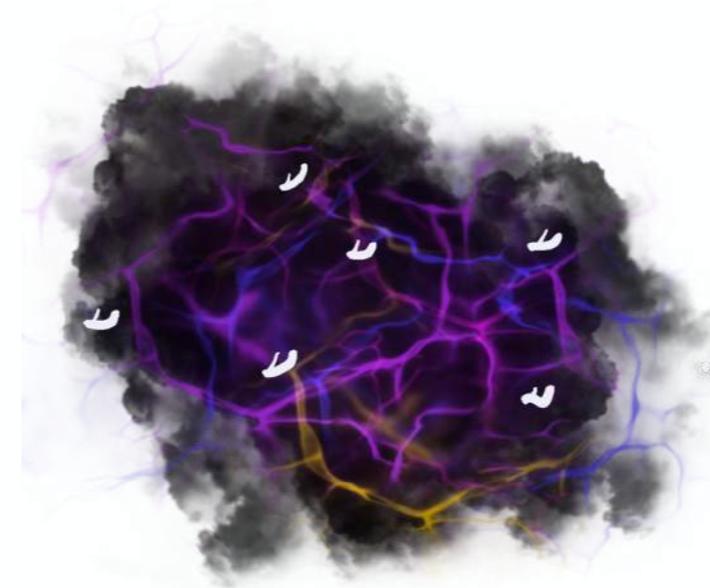
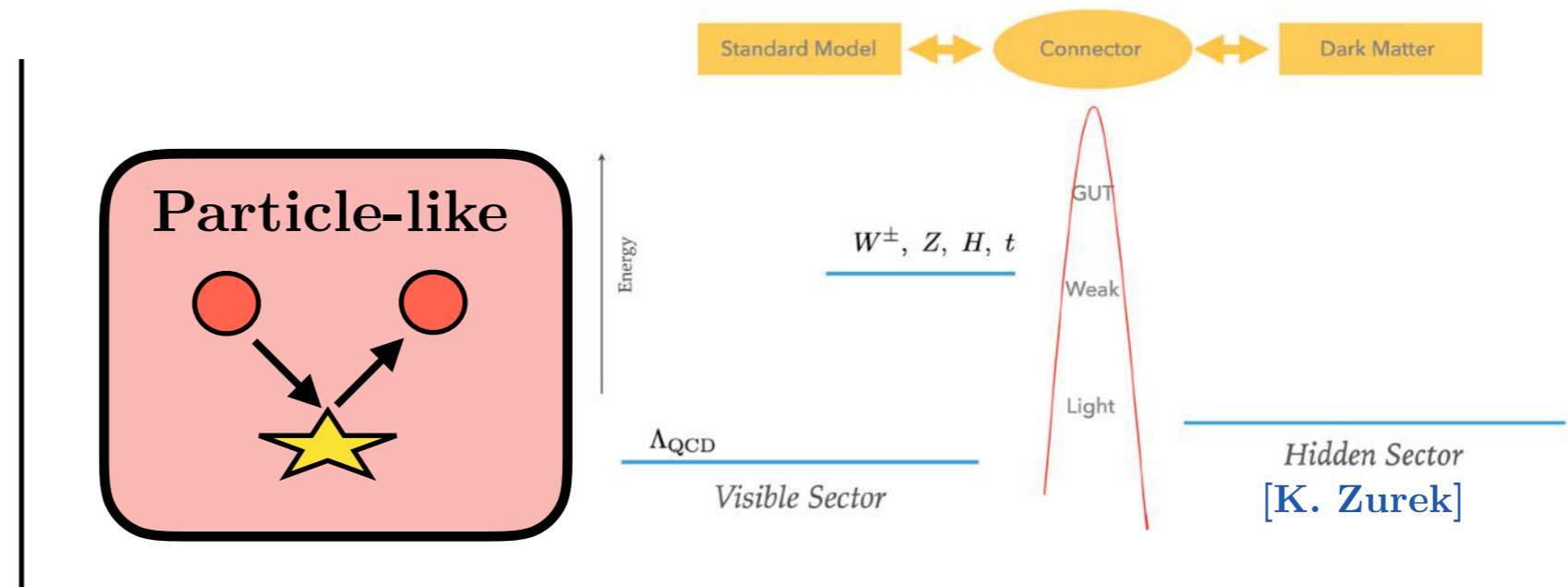


# Low Energy Precision: Nature

## Quantum Sensors as Particle Detectors

$$S = \mathbb{I} + iT$$

$$\Gamma_{i \rightarrow f} = \frac{2\pi}{\hbar} |\langle f | H | i \rangle|^2 \rho(E_f)$$

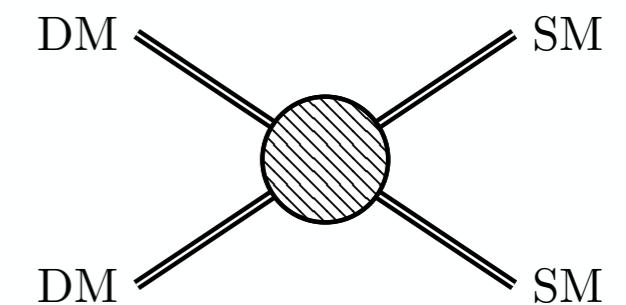
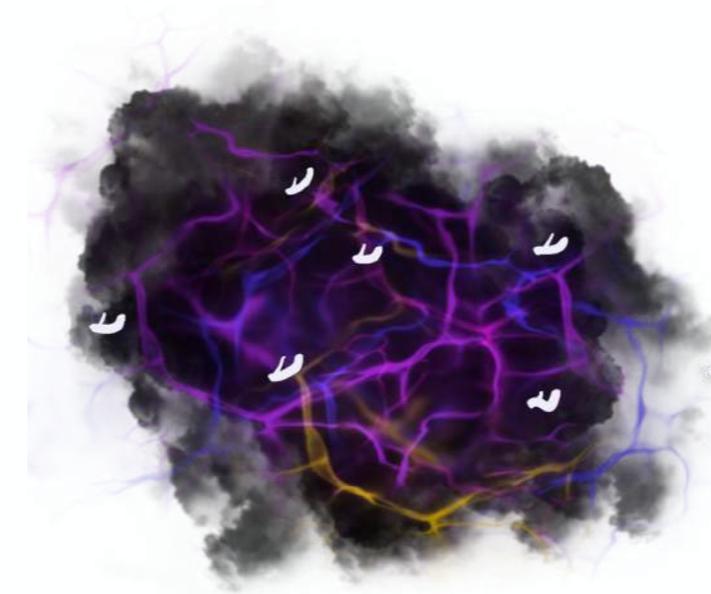
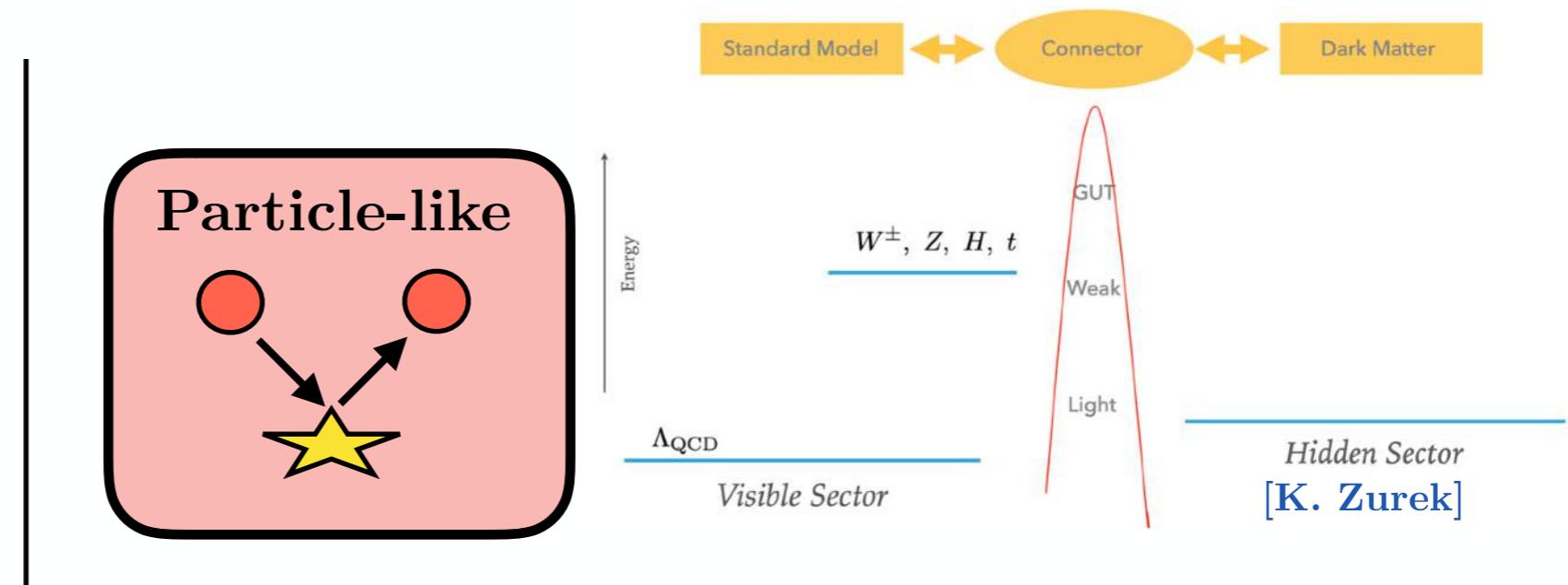


# Low Energy Precision: Nature

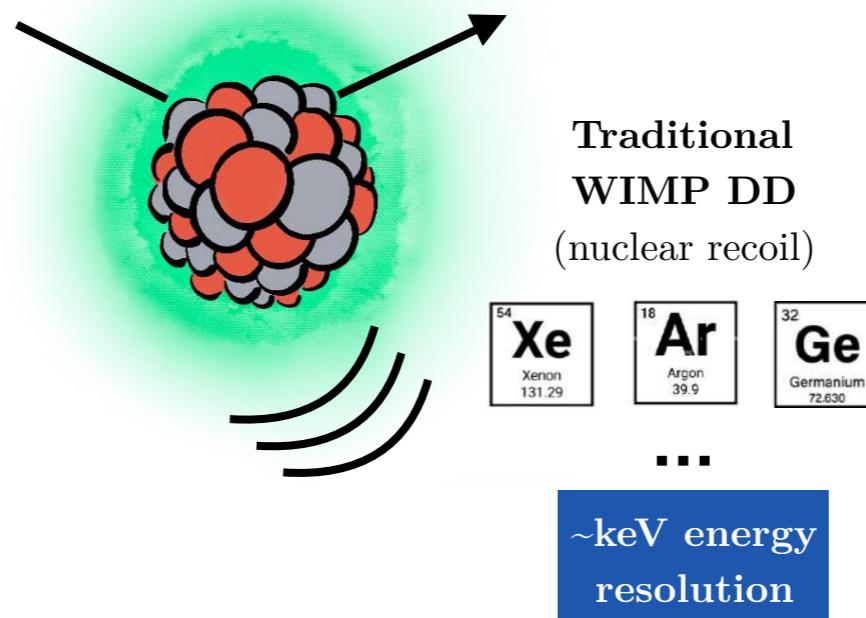
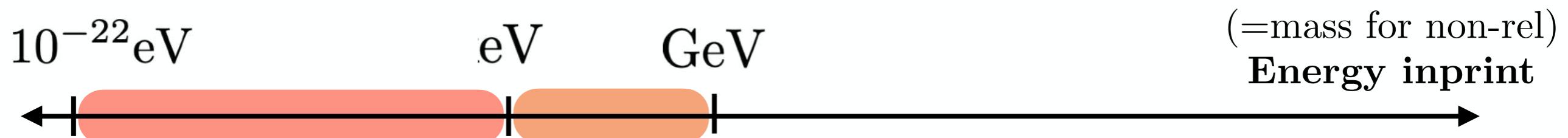
## Quantum Sensors as Particle Detectors

$$S = \mathbb{I} + iT$$

$$\Gamma_{i \rightarrow f} = \frac{2\pi}{\hbar} |\langle f | H | i \rangle|^2 \rho(E_f)$$

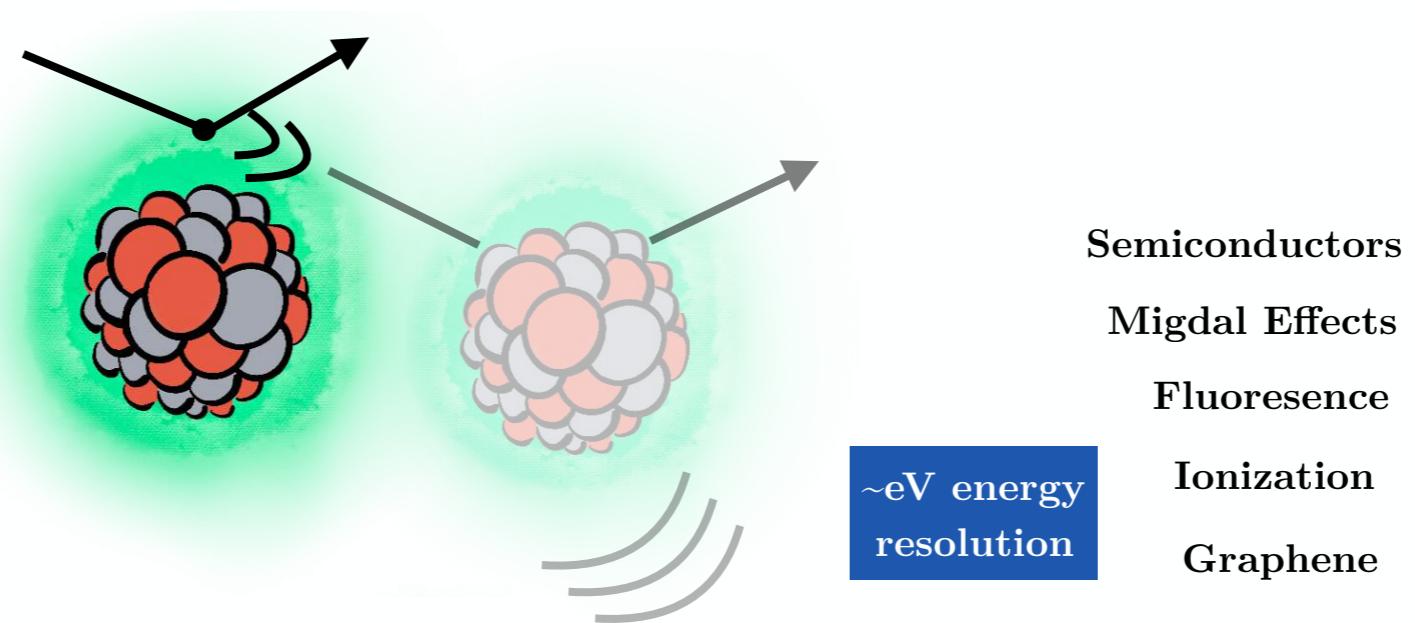
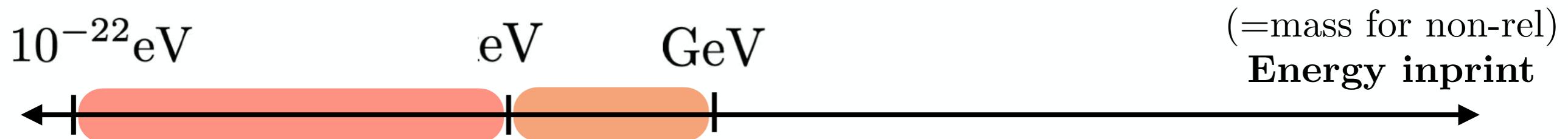


# Low Energy Precision: experiments



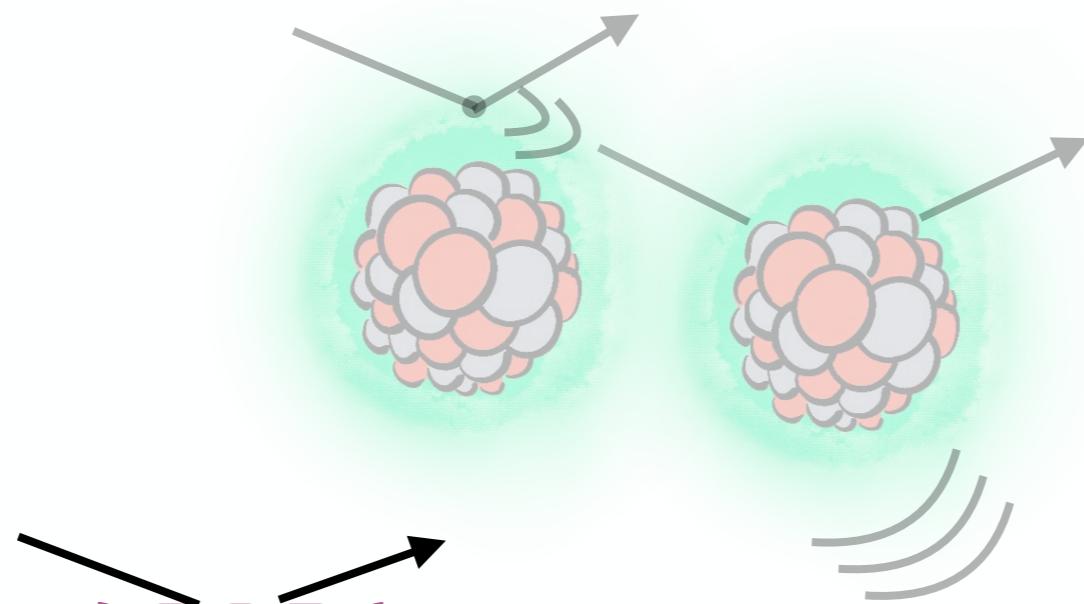
LUX, PandaX,  
XENON1T,  
XENONnT,  
DarkSide-20k,  
SuperCDMS...

# Low Energy Precision: experiments



- [Essig, Mardon, Volansky, 2011]
- [Graham, Kaplan, Rajendran, Walters, 2012]
- [Lee, Lisanti, Mishra-Sharma, Safdi, 2015]
- [Essig, Volansky, Yu, 2017]
- [Emken, Essig, Kouvaris, Sholapurka, 2019]
- [Blanco, Collar, Kahn, Lillard, 2019]
- [Blanco, Kahn, Lillard, McDermott, 2021]
- [Blanco, Essig, Fernandez-Serra, Ramani, Slone, 2022]

# Low Energy Precision: experiments

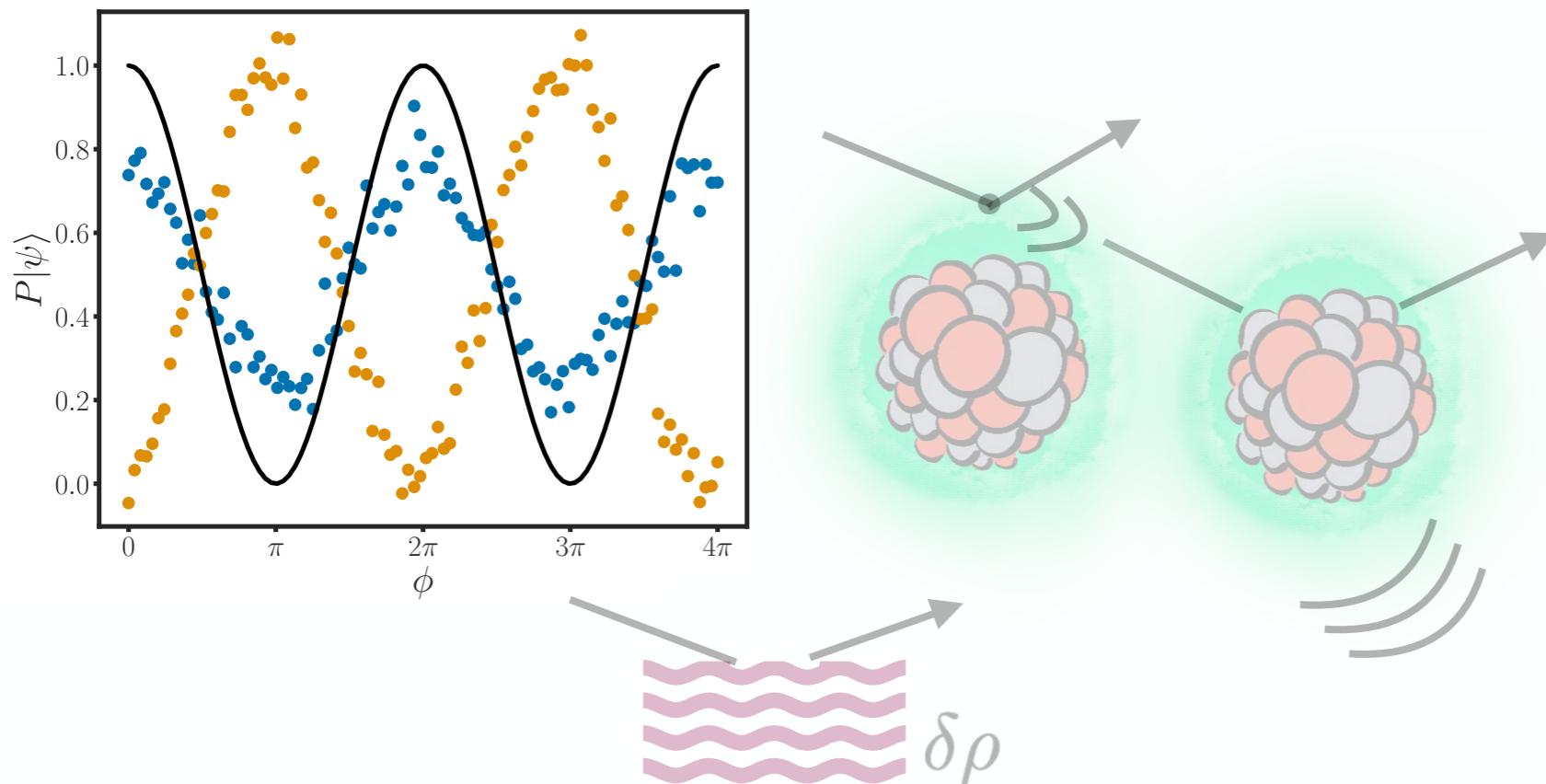
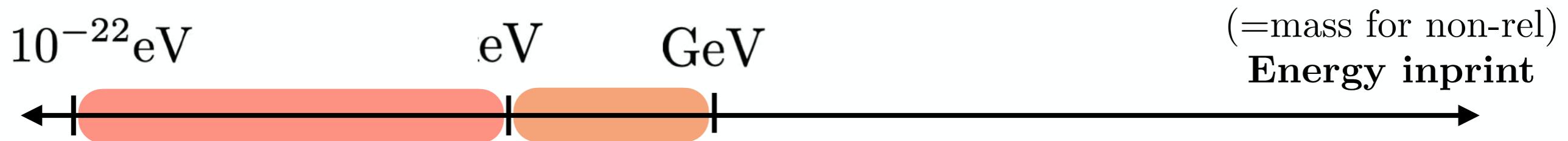


**Collective excitations**  
(phonons, magnons, polaritons....)

~meV energy  
resolution

- [Essig, Fernandez-Serra, Mardon, Soto, Volansky, Yu, 2015]
- [Derenzo, Essig, Massari, Soto, Yu, 2016]
- [Hochberg, Lin, Zurek, 2016]
- [Bloch, Essig, Tobioka, Volansky, Yu, 2016]
- [Kurinsky, Yu, Hochberg, Cabrera, 2019]
- [Griffin, Inzani, Trickle, Zhang, Zurek, 2019]
- [Coskuner, Mitridate, Olivares, Zurek, 2020]
- [Mitridate, Trickle, Zhang, Zurek, 2021]
- [Chen, Mitridate, Trickle, et al, 2022]
- [Das, Kurinsky, Leane, 2024]

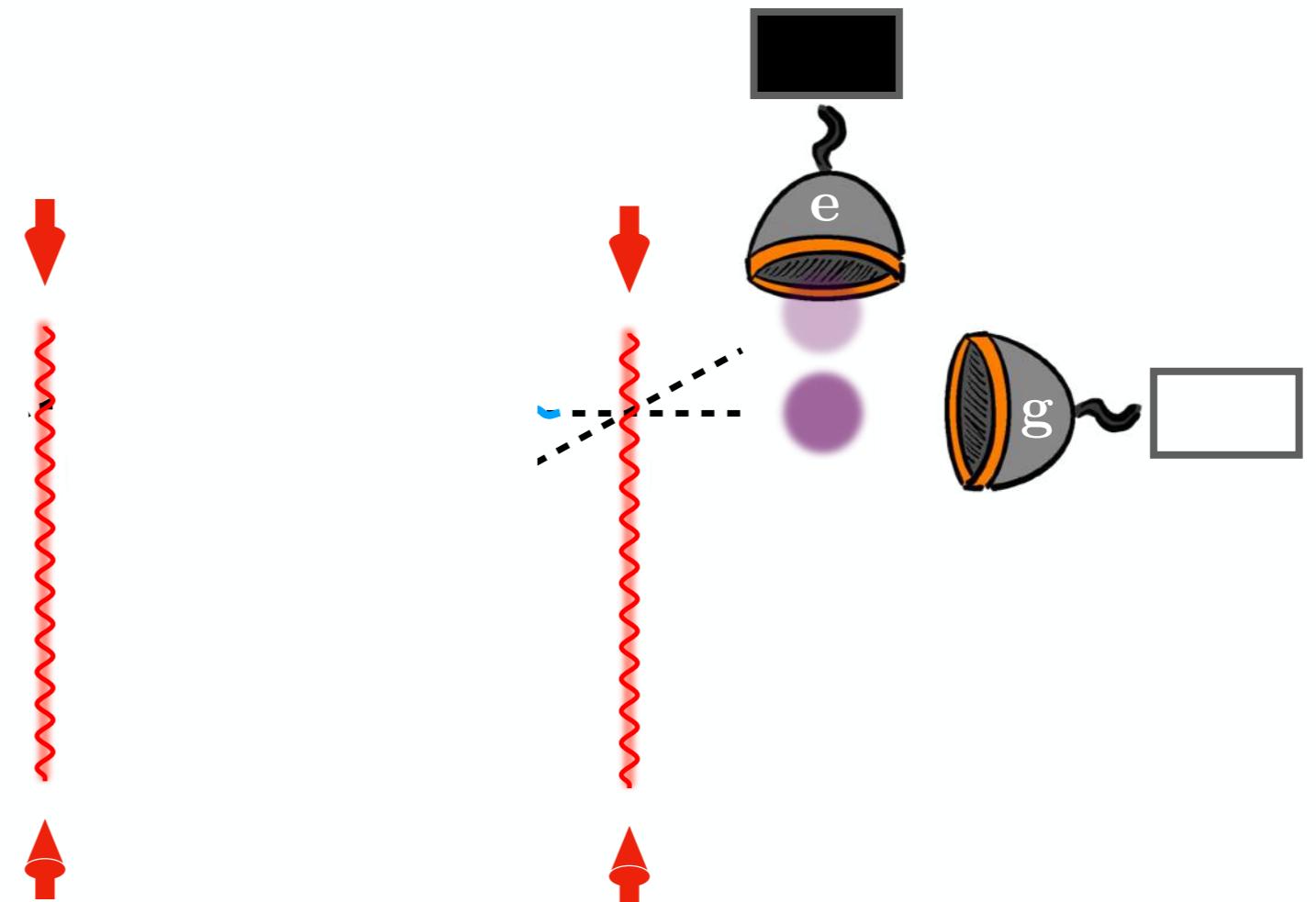
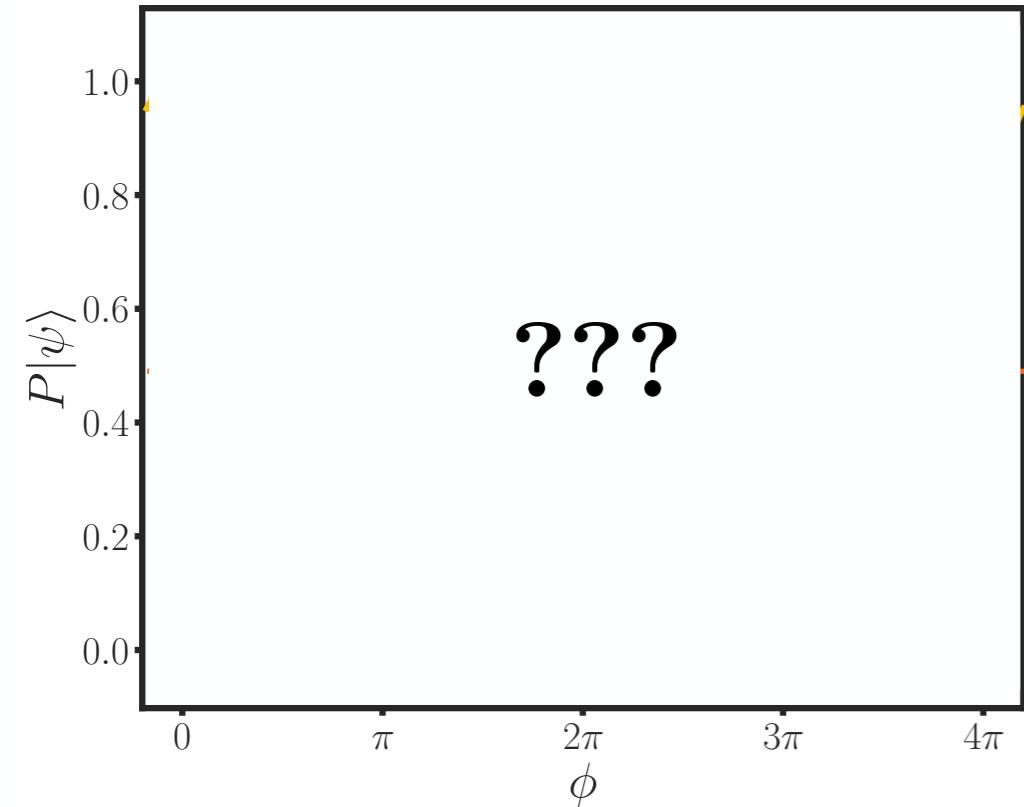
# Low Energy Precision: experiments



[Riedel, Yavin, 2016]

ATOM INTEROMETERS  
Threshold-less detectors!!

# AIs: Measurement - Particle scattering?



$$\rho = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \gamma e^{i\phi} \\ \gamma^* e^{-i\phi} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

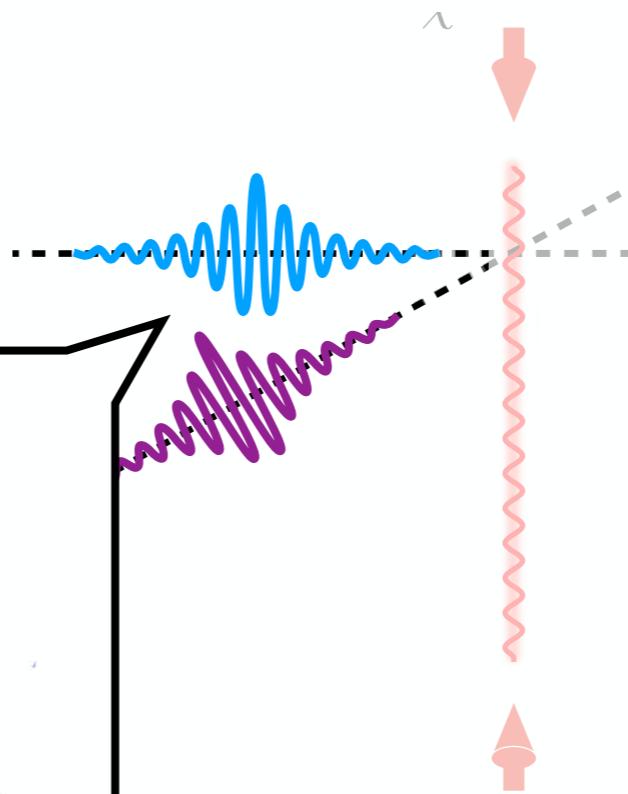
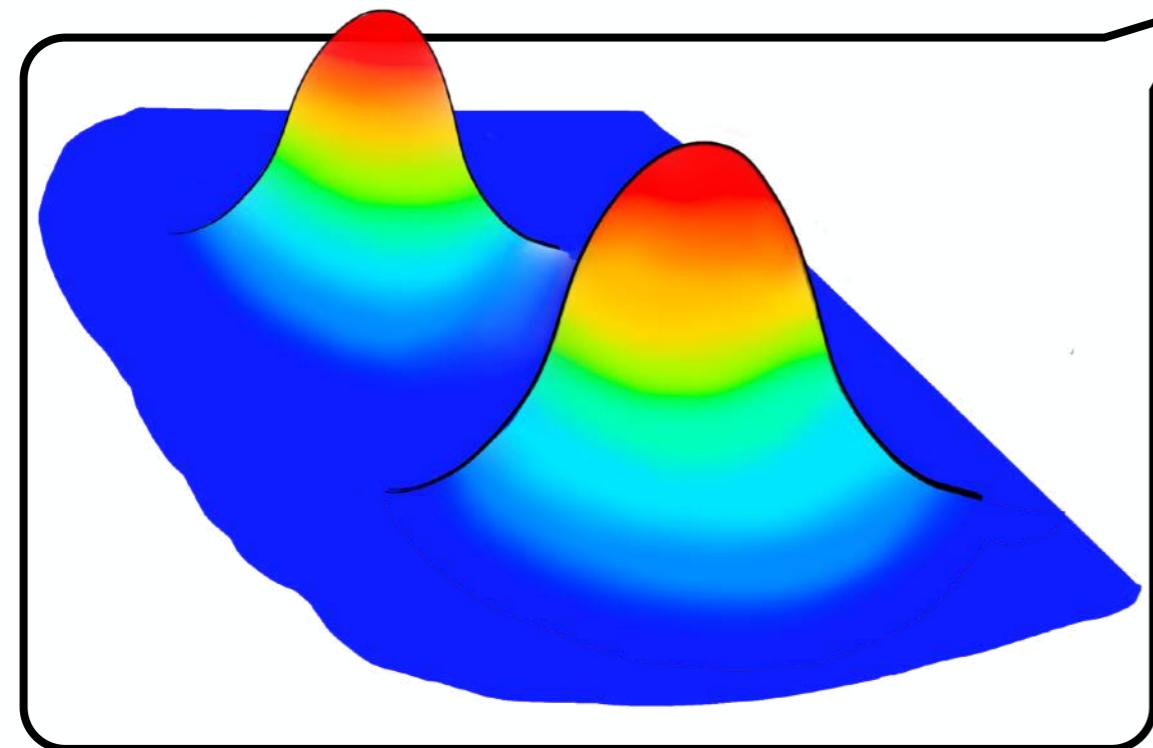
$$\left. \frac{N_I}{N_I + N_{II}} \right|_{\text{exp}} = \frac{1}{2} (1 + V \cos (\phi + \Delta\phi))$$

# AI<sub>s</sub>: Collisional Decoherence

A single atom

[Joss, Zeh, 1985]

[Hornberger, Sipe, 2003]



$|x\rangle$

AI

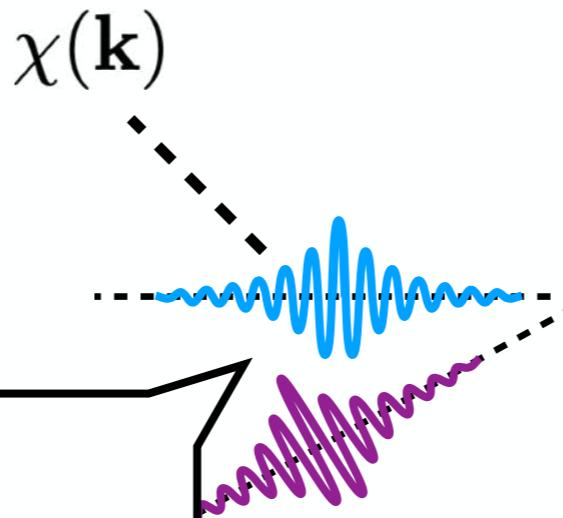
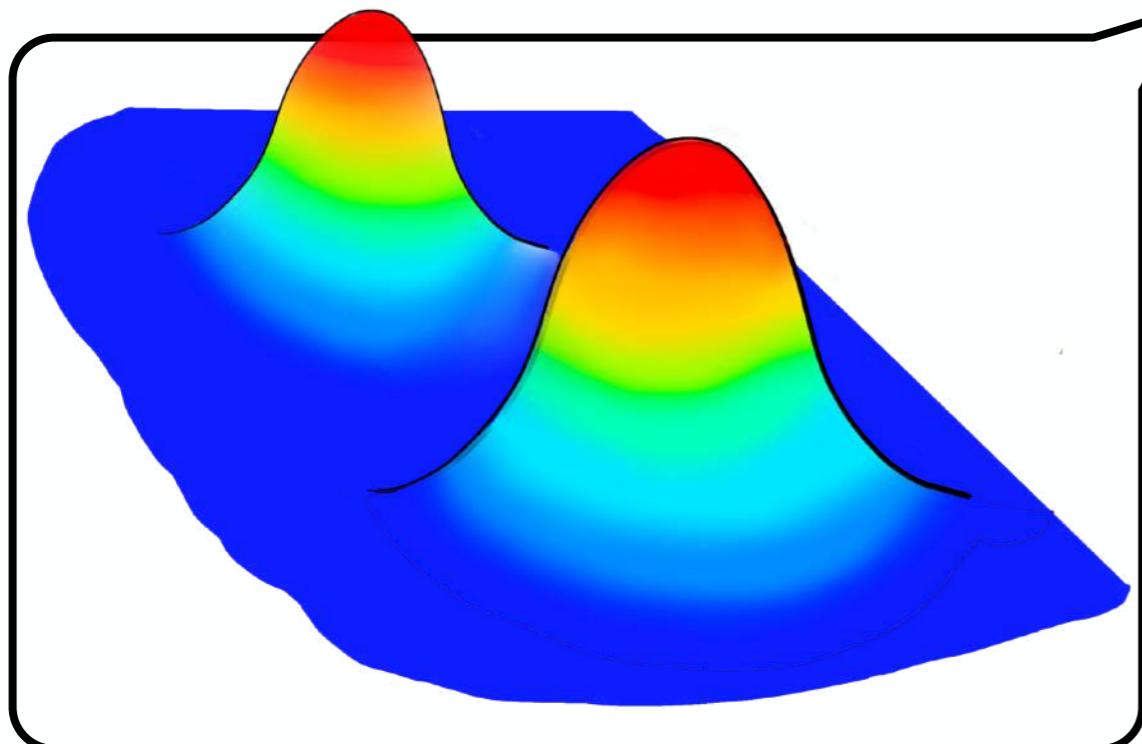
$$\rho = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & e^{i\phi} \\ e^{-i\phi} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

# AlIs: Collisional Decoherence

A single atom

[Joss, Zeh, 1985]

[Hornberger, Sipe, 2003]



$$\rho = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & e^{i\phi} \\ e^{-i\phi} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|\mathbf{x}\rangle \otimes |\mathbf{k}\rangle$$

AI

env

# AIs: Collisional Decoherence

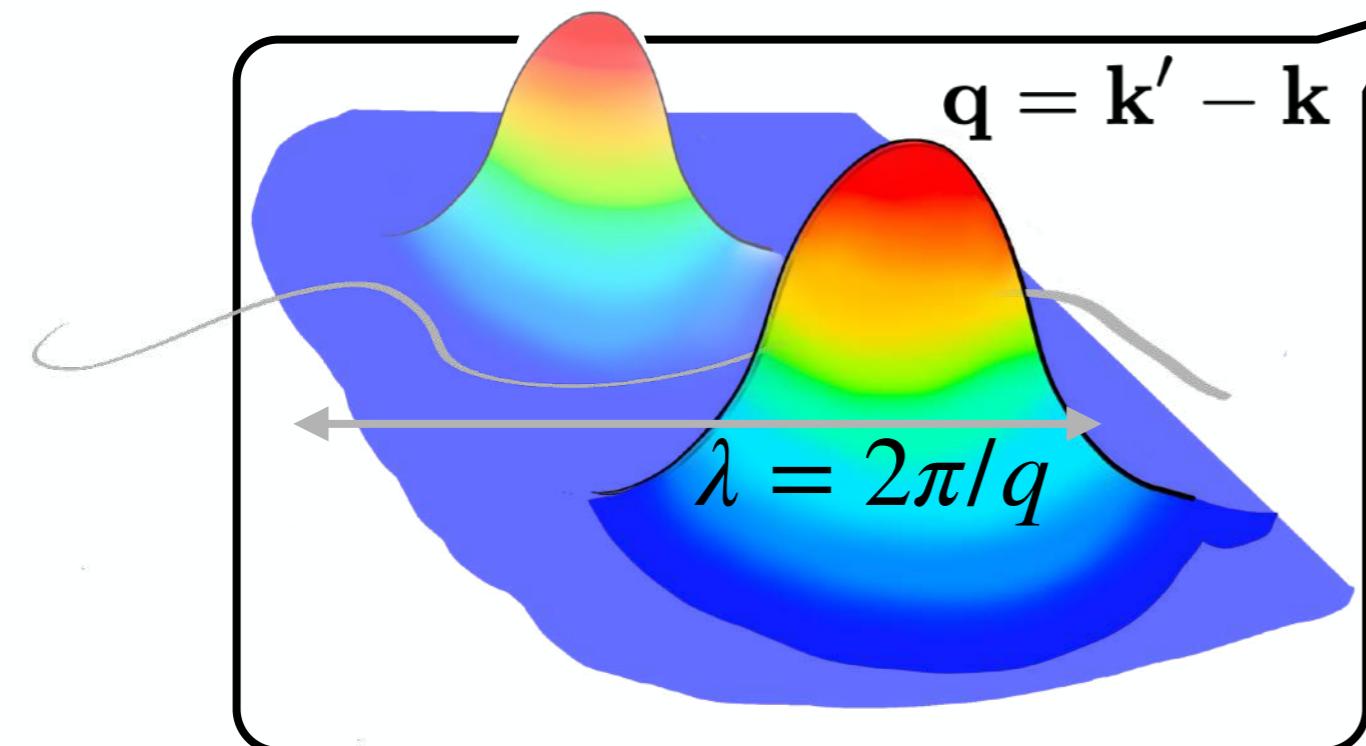
A single atom

[Joss, Zeh, 1985]

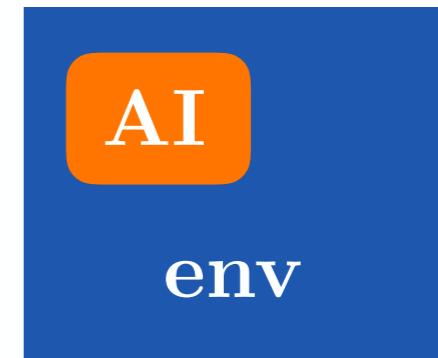
[Hornberger, Sipe, 2003]

$$\chi(\mathbf{k}) \quad \chi(\mathbf{k}')$$

$$\rho = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & e^{i\phi} \\ e^{-i\phi} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$



$$S(|\mathbf{x}\rangle \otimes |\mathbf{k}\rangle)$$



# AIs: Collisional Decoherence

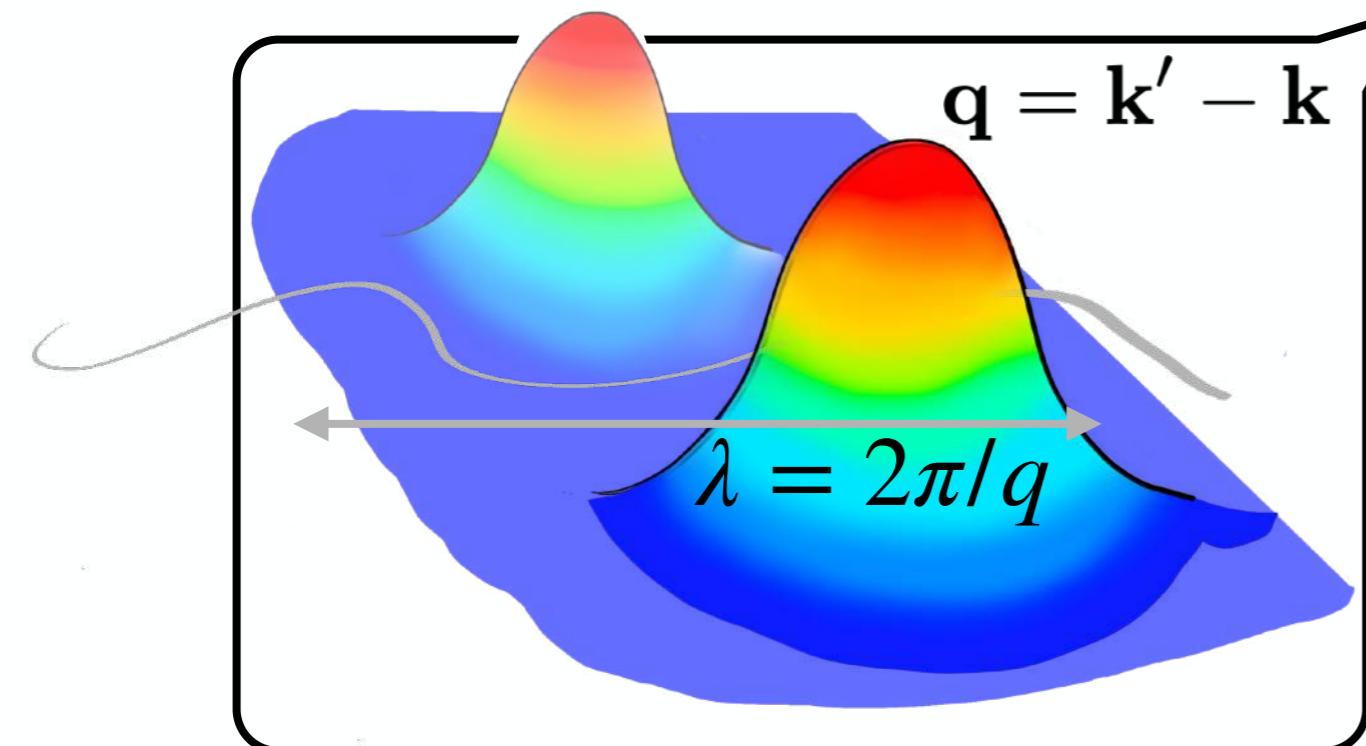
A single atom

[Joss, Zeh, 1985]

[Hornberger, Sipe, 2003]

$$\chi(\mathbf{k}) \quad \chi(\mathbf{k}')$$

$$\rho = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & e^{i\phi} \\ e^{-i\phi} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$



$$S(|\mathbf{x}\rangle \otimes |\mathbf{k}\rangle) = |\mathbf{x}\rangle \otimes S_{\{\mathbf{x}\}}|\mathbf{k}\rangle$$

# AIs: Collisional Decoherence

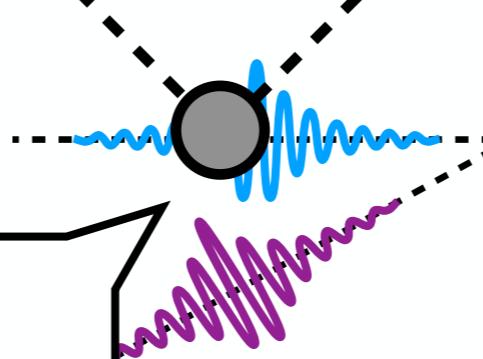
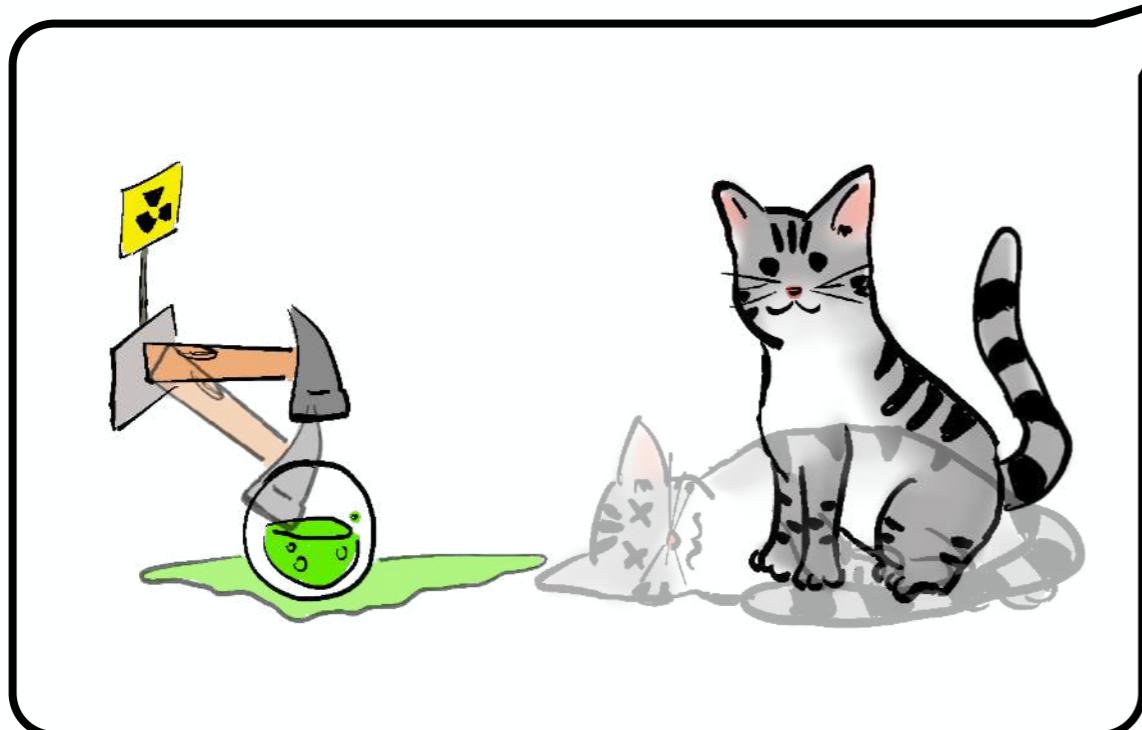
A single atom

[Joss, Zeh, 1985]

[Hornberger, Sipe, 2003]

$$\chi(\mathbf{k}) \quad \chi(\mathbf{k}')$$

$$\rho = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & e^{i\phi} \\ e^{-i\phi} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$



$$S(|\mathbf{x}\rangle \otimes |\mathbf{k}\rangle) = |\mathbf{x}\rangle \otimes S_{\{\mathbf{x}\}}|\mathbf{k}\rangle$$

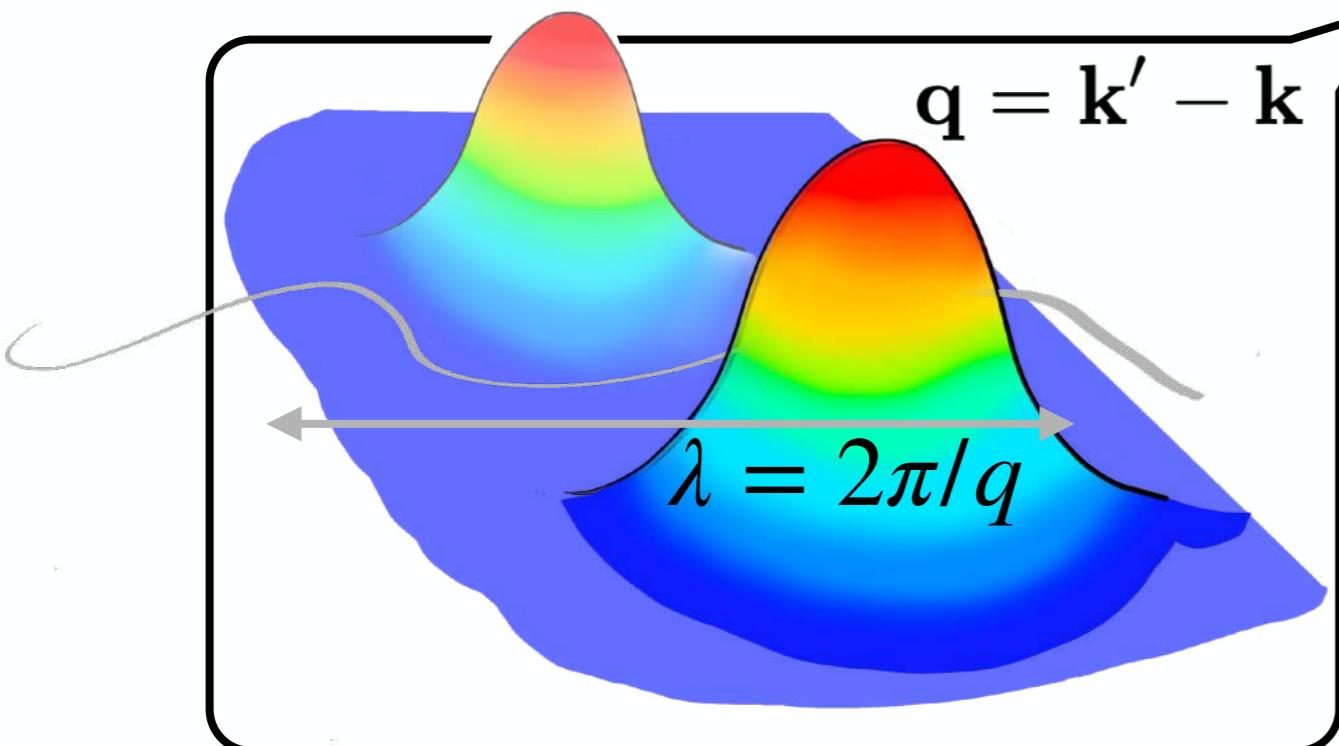
# AIs: Collisional Decoherence

A single atom

[Joss, Zeh, 1985]

[Hornberger, Sipe, 2003]

$$\chi(\mathbf{k}) \quad \chi(\mathbf{k}') \quad \rho = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \gamma e^{i\phi} \\ \gamma^* e^{-i\phi} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$



$$S(|\mathbf{x}\rangle \otimes |\mathbf{k}\rangle) = |\mathbf{x}\rangle \otimes S_{\{\mathbf{x}\}}|\mathbf{k}\rangle$$
$$\rho'_A = \text{Tr}_{\mathbf{k}} \rho'$$

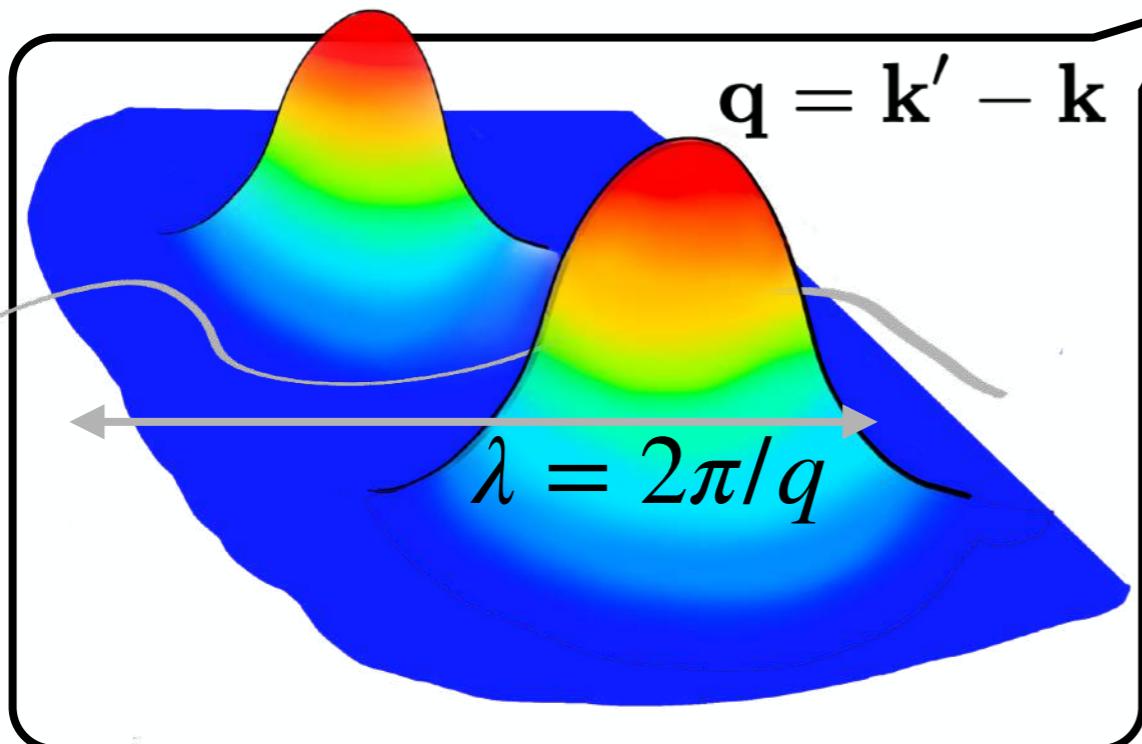
# AIs: Collisional Decoherence

A single atom

[Joss, Zeh, 1985]

[Hornberger, Sipe, 2003]

$$\chi(\mathbf{k}) \quad \chi(\mathbf{k}') \quad \rho = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \gamma e^{i\phi} \\ \gamma^* e^{-i\phi} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$



$$\rho' = S\rho S^\dagger = (\mathbb{I} + T)\rho(\mathbb{I} + T)^\dagger$$

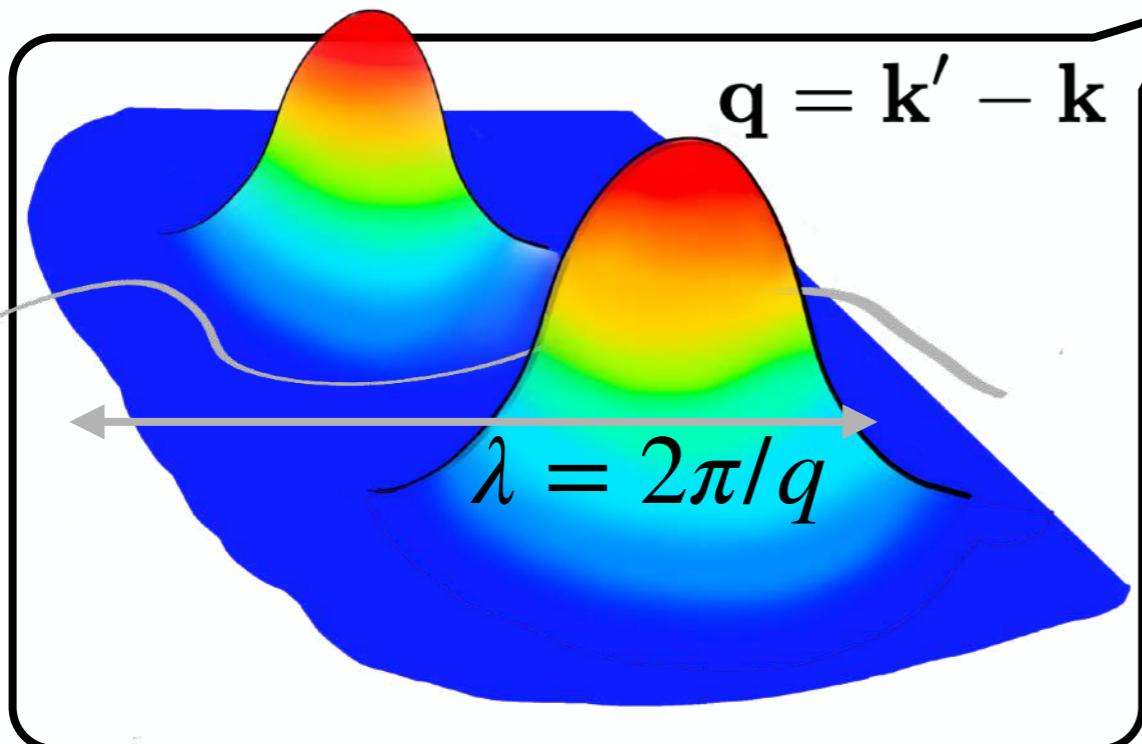
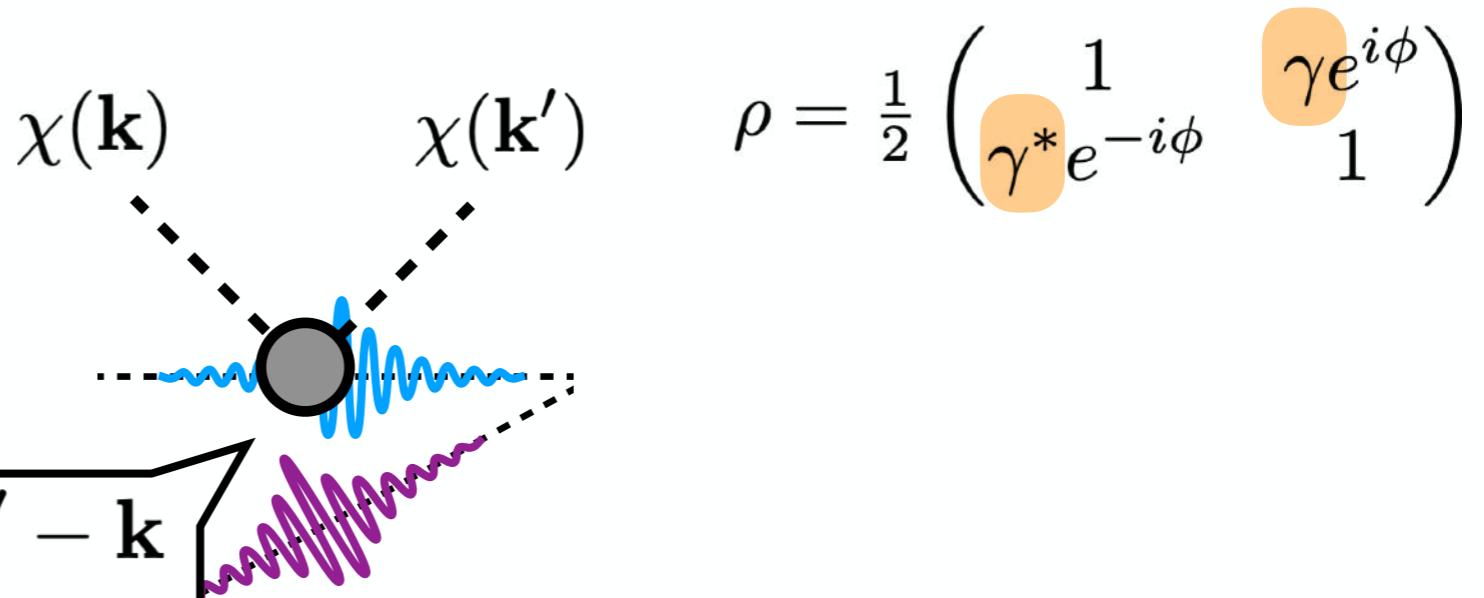
$$S(|\mathbf{x}\rangle \otimes |\mathbf{k}\rangle) = |\mathbf{x}\rangle \otimes S_{\{\mathbf{x}\}}|\mathbf{k}\rangle$$
$$\rho'_A = \text{Tr}_{\mathbf{k}}\rho'$$

# AlIs: Collisional Decoherence

A single atom

[Joss, Zeh, 1985]

[Hornberger, Sipe, 2003]



$$S(|\mathbf{x}\rangle \otimes |\mathbf{k}\rangle) = |\mathbf{x}\rangle \otimes S_{\{\mathbf{x}\}}|\mathbf{k}\rangle$$

$$\rho' = S\rho S^\dagger = (\mathbb{I} + T)\rho(\mathbb{I} + T)^\dagger$$

$$\rho'_A = \text{Tr}_{\mathbf{k}} \rho'$$

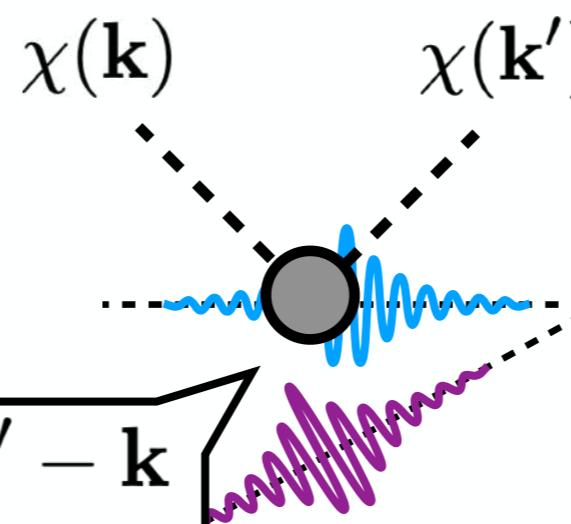
$$\Rightarrow \Delta\rho = \frac{i}{2}[T + T^\dagger, \rho] - \frac{1}{2}\{T^\dagger T, \rho\} + T\rho T^\dagger$$

# AlIs: Collisional Decoherence

A single atom

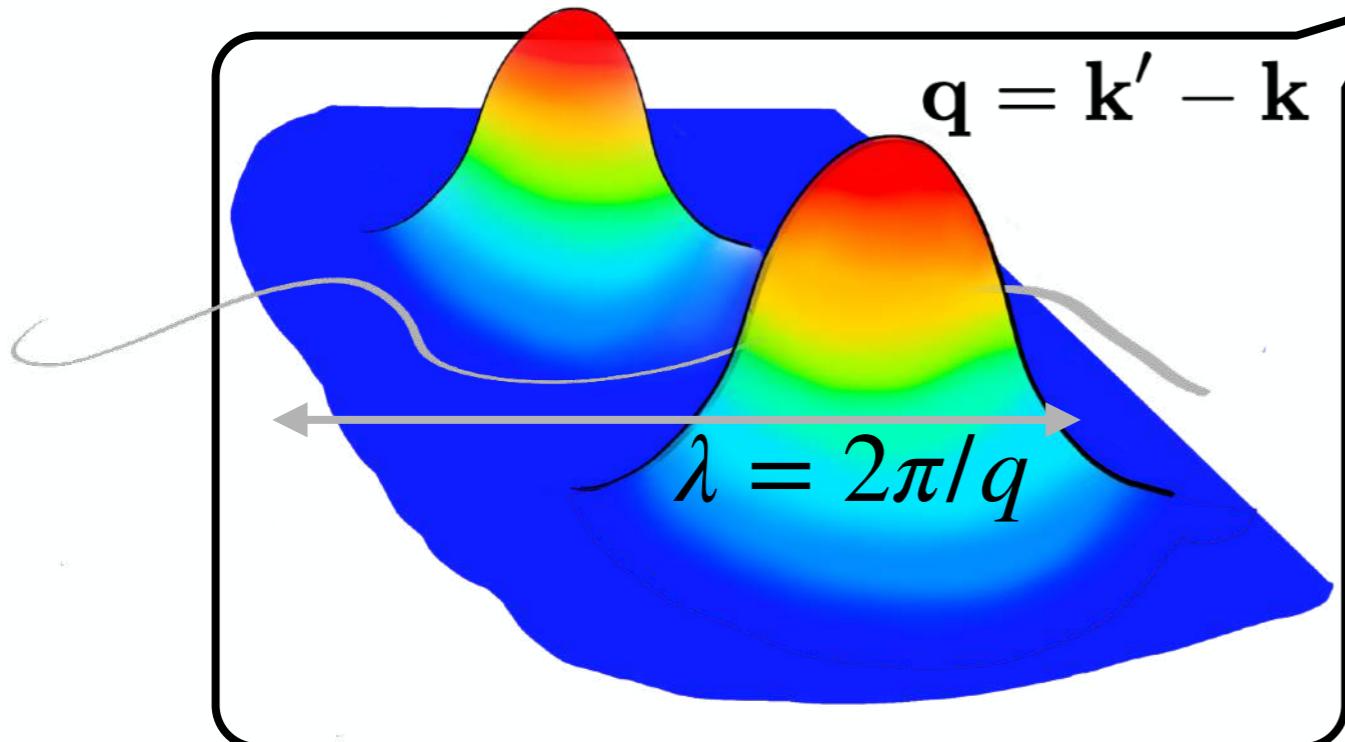
[Joss, Zeh, 1985]

[Hornberger, Sipe, 2003]



$$\rho = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \gamma e^{i\phi} \\ \gamma^* e^{-i\phi} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\ln \gamma = - \int_{q,t} R(\mathbf{q}) \mathcal{F}_{\text{decoh}}(\mathbf{q})$$



Decoherence Kernel

$$\mathcal{F}_{\text{decoh}}(\mathbf{q}) = 1 - \exp(i\mathbf{q} \cdot \Delta \mathbf{x})$$

$$S(|\mathbf{x}\rangle \otimes |\mathbf{k}\rangle) = |\mathbf{x}\rangle \otimes S_{\{\mathbf{x}\}}|\mathbf{k}\rangle$$

$$\rho' = S\rho S^\dagger = (\mathbb{I} + T)\rho(\mathbb{I} + T)^\dagger$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta\rho = \frac{i}{2}[T + T^\dagger, \rho] - \frac{1}{2}\{T^\dagger T, \rho\} + T\rho T^\dagger$$

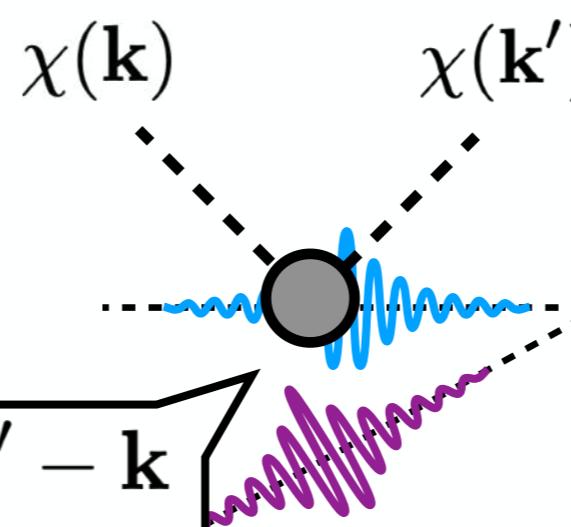
$$\rho'_A = \text{Tr}_{\mathbf{k}} \rho'$$

# AlIs: Collisional Decoherence

A single atom

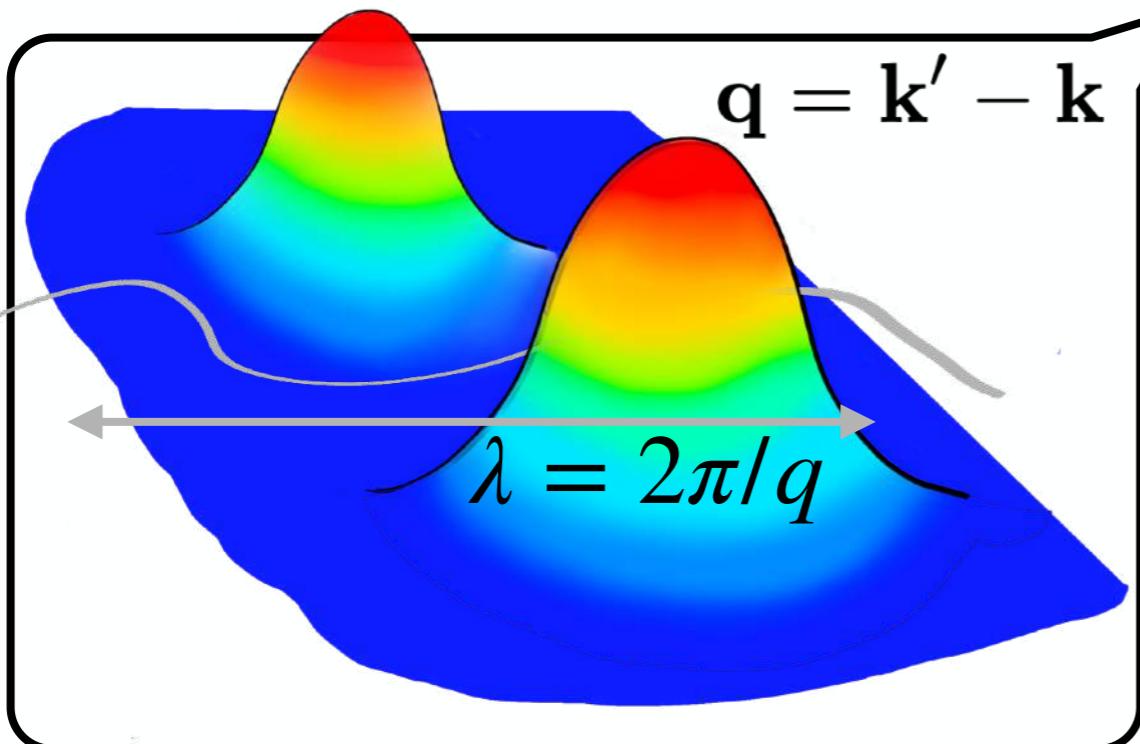
[Joss, Zeh, 1985]

[Hornberger, Sipe, 2003]



$$\rho = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \gamma e^{i\phi} \\ \gamma^* e^{-i\phi} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\ln \gamma = - \int_{q,t} R(\mathbf{q}) \mathcal{F}_{\text{decoh}}(\mathbf{q})$$



Decoherence Kernel

$$\mathcal{F}_{\text{decoh}}(\mathbf{q}) = 1 - \exp(i\mathbf{q} \cdot \Delta \mathbf{x})$$

$$S(|\mathbf{x}\rangle \otimes |\mathbf{k}\rangle) = |\mathbf{x}\rangle \otimes S_{\{\mathbf{x}\}}|\mathbf{k}\rangle$$

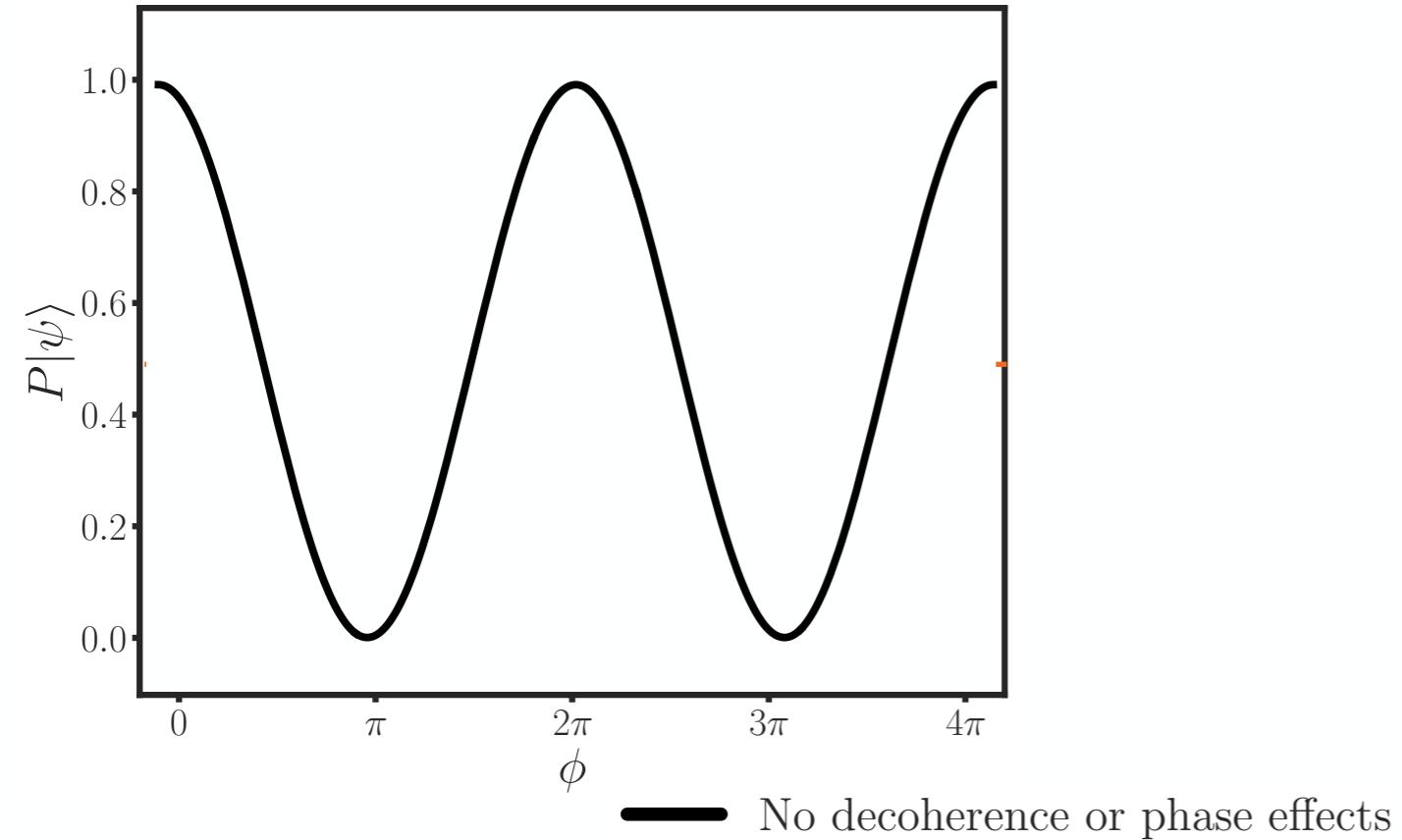
$$\rho'_A = \text{Tr}_{\mathbf{k}} \rho'$$



DECOHERENCE

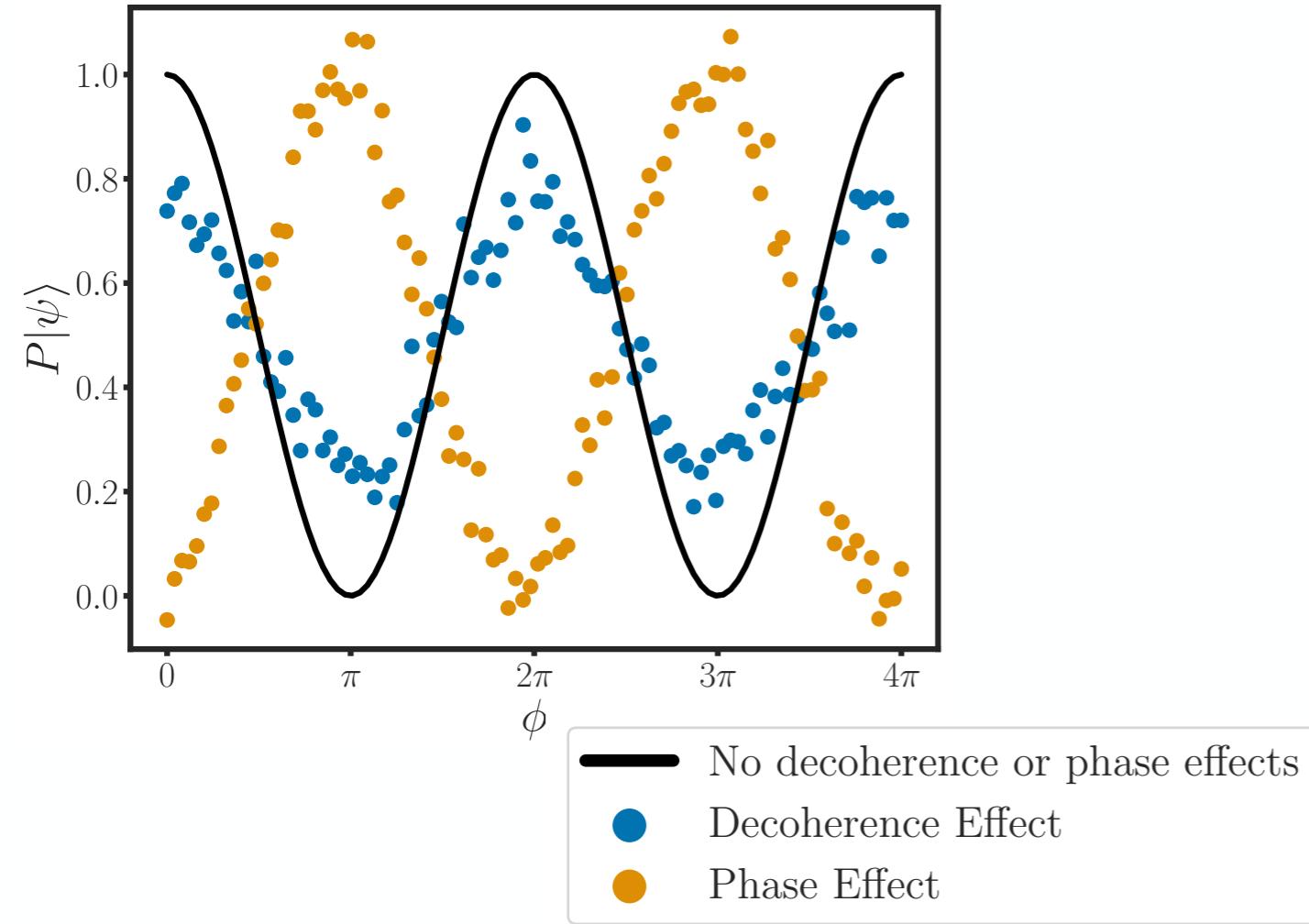
$$\lambda = 1/q \gtrless \Delta x$$

# AlIs: Collisional Decoherence



$$\left. \frac{N_I}{N_I + N_{II}} \right|_{\text{exp}} = \frac{1}{2} (1 + V \cos(\phi + \Delta\phi))$$

# AlIs: Collisional Decoherence



$$\rho = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \gamma e^{i\phi} \\ \gamma^* e^{-i\phi} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\ln \gamma = - \int_{q,t} R(\mathbf{q}) \mathcal{F}_{\text{decoh}}(\mathbf{q})$$

## Decoherence Kernel

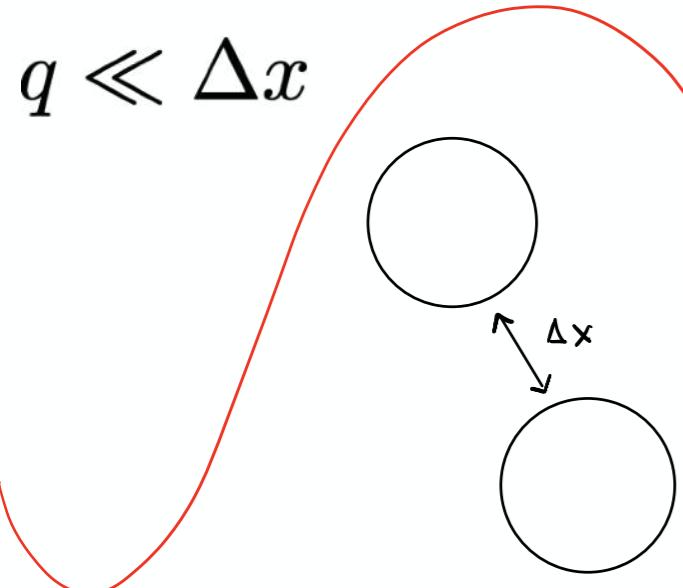
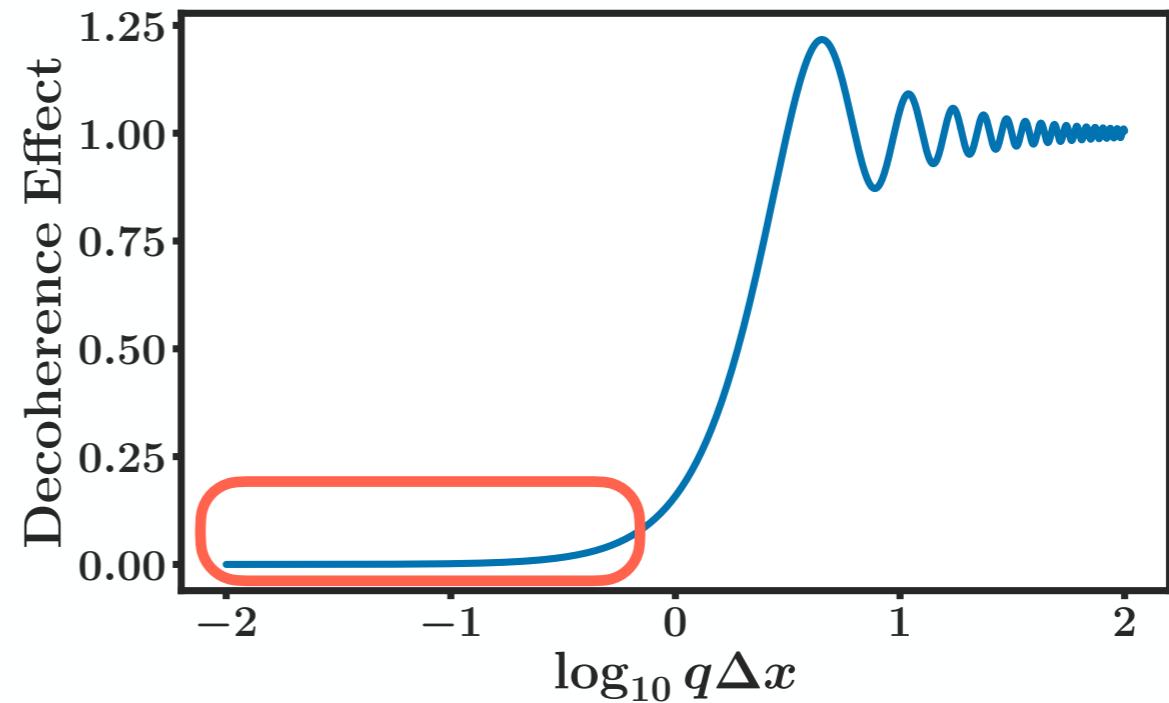
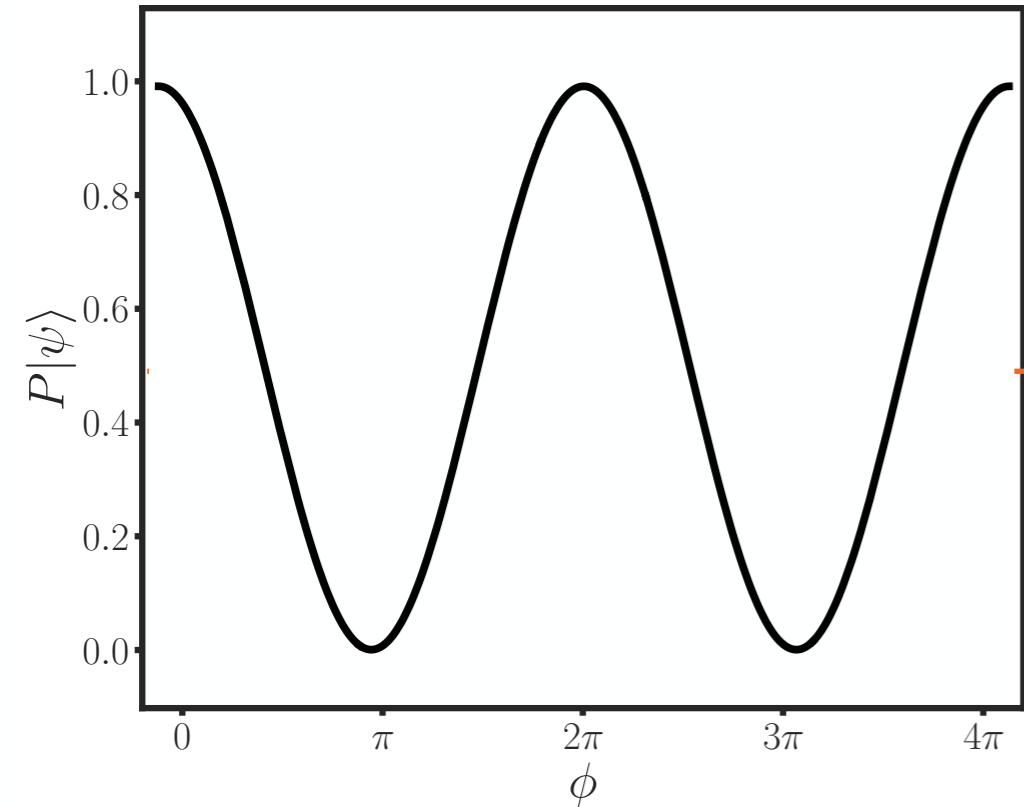
$$\mathcal{F}_{\text{decoh}}(\mathbf{q}) = 1 - \exp(i\mathbf{q} \cdot \Delta\mathbf{x})$$

${}^*\left|+\right\rangle\langle +\right|$   
 $\left|g\right\rangle\langle g\right|$

$$\left. \frac{N_I}{N_I + N_{II}} \right|_{\text{exp}} = \frac{1}{2} (1 + V \cos(\phi + \Delta\phi))$$

$$\text{Tr}\{\rho \mathcal{O}_1\} = \frac{1}{2} \left[ 1 + e^{-\int_{\mathbf{q},t} R(\mathbf{q})(1-\cos(\mathbf{q} \cdot \Delta\mathbf{x}))} \cos(\phi + \int_{\mathbf{q},t} R(\mathbf{q}) \sin(\mathbf{q} \cdot \Delta\mathbf{x})) \right]$$

# AlIs: Collisional Decoherence



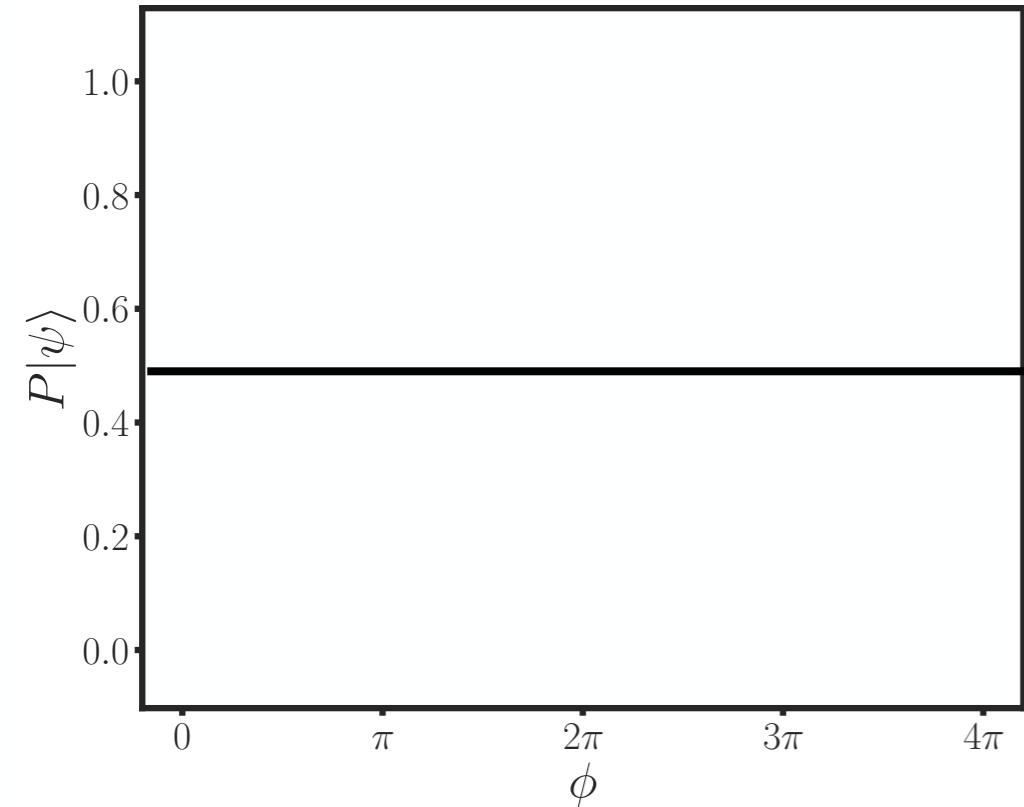
$$\left. \frac{N_I}{N_I + N_{II}} \right|_{\text{exp}} = \frac{1}{2} (1 + V \cos(\phi + \Delta\phi))$$

$$\text{Tr}\{\rho \mathcal{O}_1\} = \frac{1}{2} \left[ 1 + e^{-\int_{\mathbf{q},t} R(\mathbf{q})(1-\cos(\mathbf{q}\cdot\Delta\mathbf{x}))} \cos(\phi + \int_{\mathbf{q},t} R(\mathbf{q}) \sin(\mathbf{q}\cdot\Delta\mathbf{x})) \right]$$

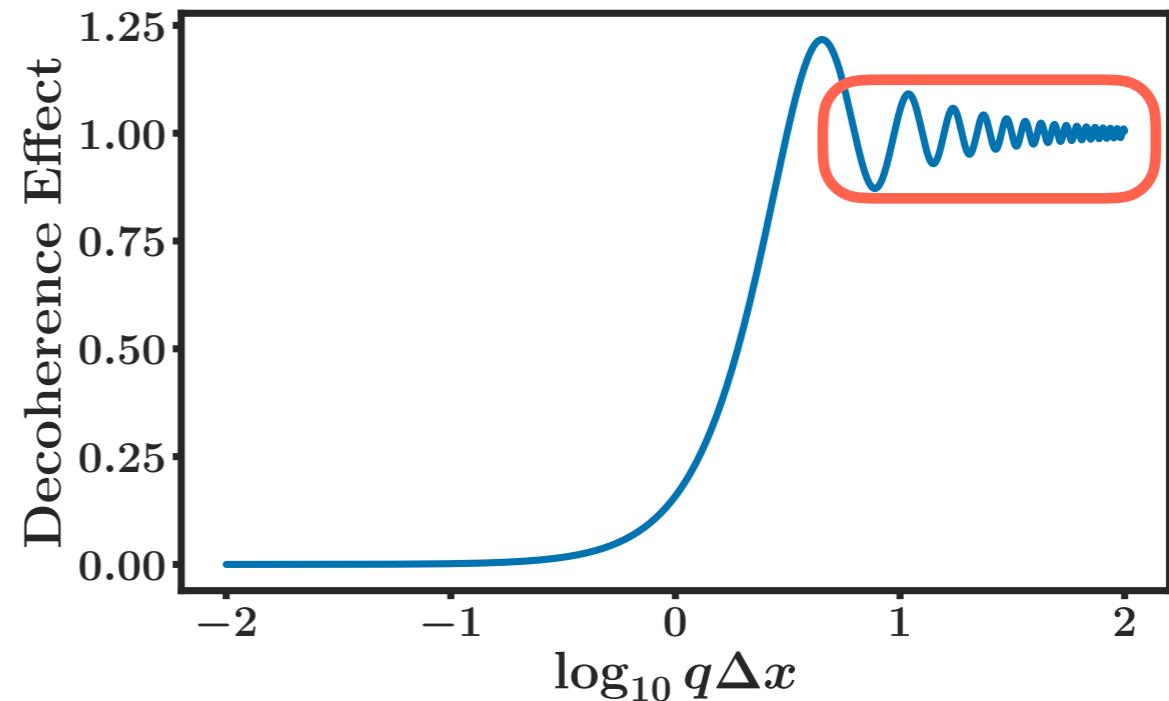
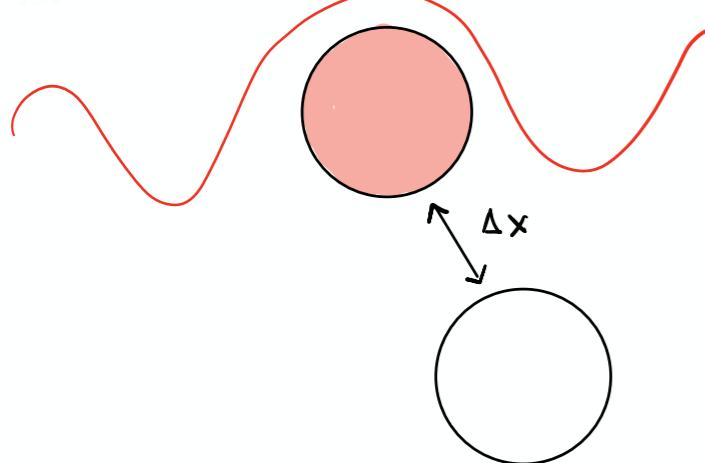
Decoherence Kernel

$$\mathcal{F}_{\text{decoh}}(\mathbf{q}) = 1 - \exp(i\mathbf{q} \cdot \Delta\mathbf{x})$$

# AlIs: Collisional Decoherence



$$q \gg \Delta x$$



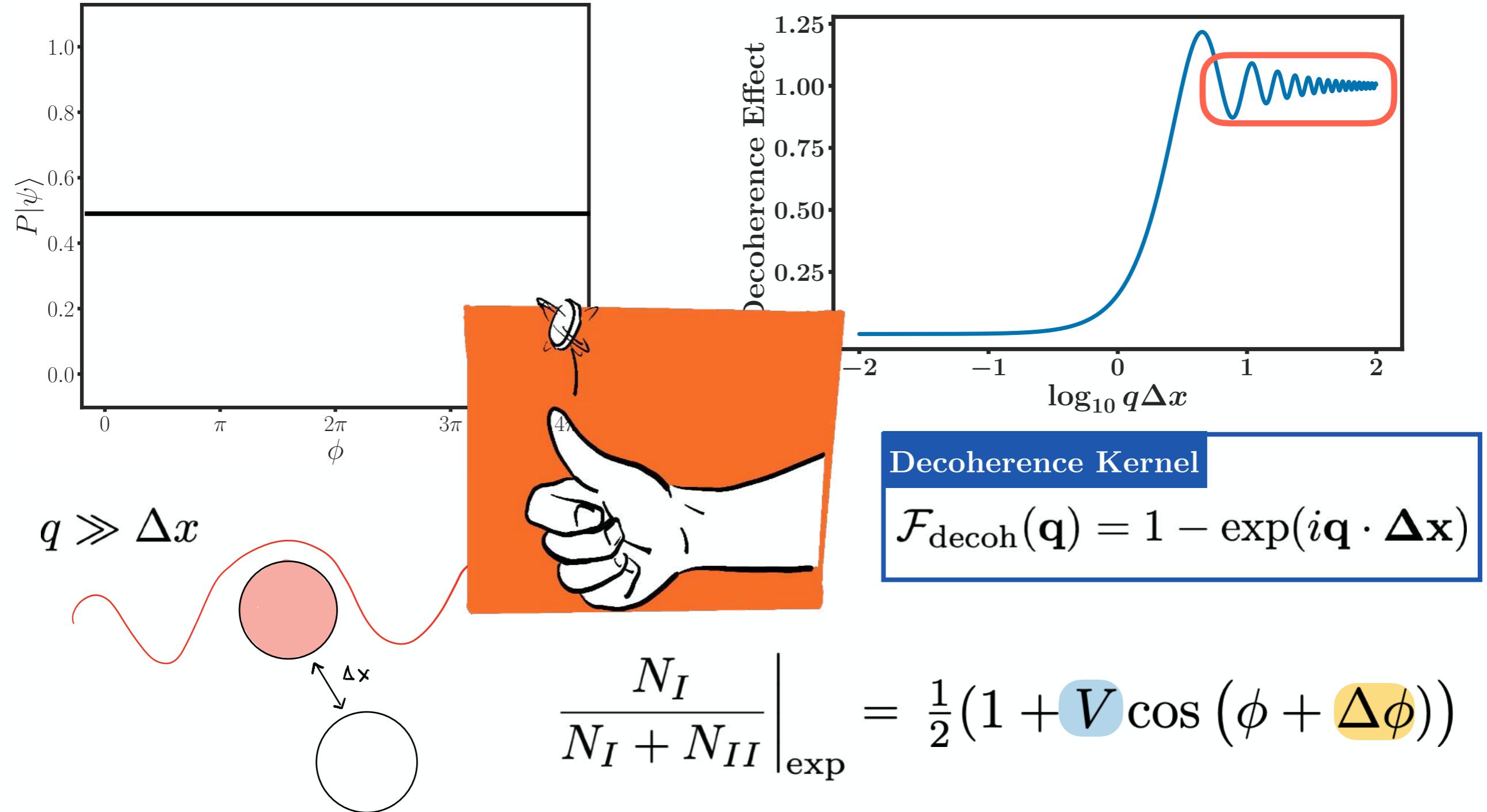
Decoherence Kernel

$$\mathcal{F}_{\text{decoh}}(\mathbf{q}) = 1 - \exp(i\mathbf{q} \cdot \Delta \mathbf{x})$$

$$\left. \frac{N_I}{N_I + N_{II}} \right|_{\text{exp}} = \frac{1}{2} (1 + V \cos(\phi + \Delta\phi))$$

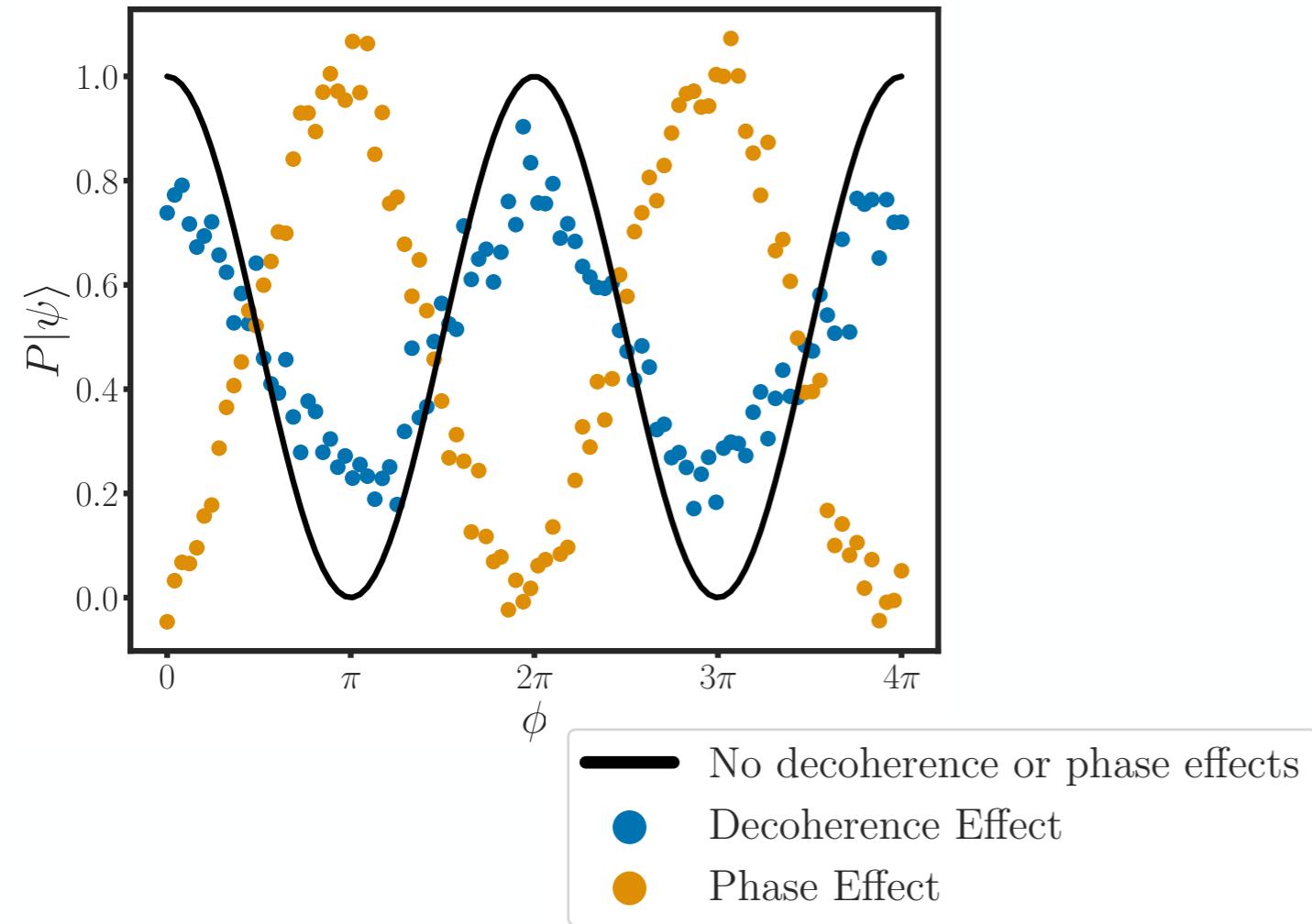
$$\text{Tr}\{\rho \mathcal{O}_1\} = \frac{1}{2} \left[ 1 + e^{-\int_{\mathbf{q},t} R(\mathbf{q})(1-\cos(\mathbf{q} \cdot \Delta \mathbf{x}))} \cos(\phi + \int_{\mathbf{q},t} R(\mathbf{q}) \sin(\mathbf{q} \cdot \Delta \mathbf{x})) \right]$$

# AlIs: Collisional Decoherence



$$\text{Tr}\{\rho \mathcal{O}_1\} = \frac{1}{2} \left[ 1 + e^{-\int_{\mathbf{q},t} R(\mathbf{q})(1-\cos(\mathbf{q} \cdot \Delta\mathbf{x}))} \cos(\phi + \int_{\mathbf{q},t} R(\mathbf{q}) \sin(\mathbf{q} \cdot \Delta\mathbf{x})) \right]$$

# AlIs: Collisional Decoherence



$$\rho = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \gamma e^{i\phi} \\ \gamma^* e^{-i\phi} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\ln \gamma = - \int_{q,t} R(\mathbf{q}) \mathcal{F}_{\text{decoh}}(\mathbf{q})$$

## Decoherence Kernel

$$\mathcal{F}_{\text{decoh}}(\mathbf{q}) = 1 - \exp(i\mathbf{q} \cdot \Delta\mathbf{x})$$

$$\left. \frac{N_I}{N_I + N_{II}} \right|_{\text{exp}} = \frac{1}{2} (1 + V \cos(\phi + \Delta\phi))$$

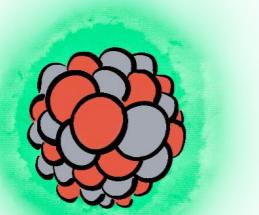
$$\text{Tr}\{\rho \mathcal{O}_1\} = \frac{1}{2} \left[ 1 + e^{-\int_{\mathbf{q},t} R(\mathbf{q})(1-\cos(\mathbf{q} \cdot \Delta\mathbf{x}))} \cos(\phi + \int_{\mathbf{q},t} R(\mathbf{q}) \sin(\mathbf{q} \cdot \Delta\mathbf{x})) \right]$$

# AIs: Collisional Decoherence

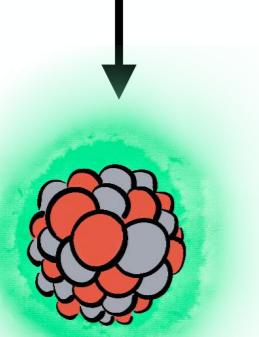
Single-atom system

[Joss, Zeh, 1985]

[Hornberger, Sipe, 2003]



$$\Delta x$$



Decoherence Kernel

$$\mathcal{F}_{\text{decoh}}(\mathbf{q}) = 1 - \exp(i\mathbf{q} \cdot \Delta\mathbf{x})$$

$$\lambda_q = \frac{2\pi}{q}$$

$$\rho' = S\rho S^\dagger = (\mathbb{I} + T)\rho(\mathbb{I} + T)^\dagger$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta\rho = \frac{i}{2}[T + T^\dagger, \rho] - \frac{1}{2}\{T^\dagger T, \rho\} + T\rho T^\dagger$$

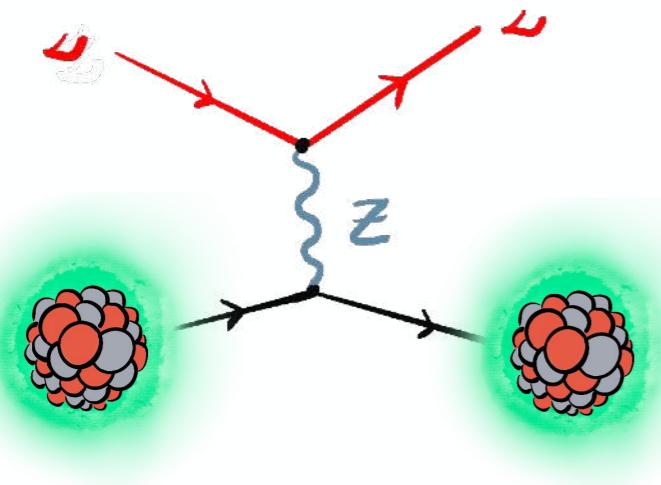
# Low Energy Precision: $N^2$



**COHERENT EFFECTS**

**ATOM INTEROMETERS**  
Threshold-less detectors!!

# Low Energy Precision: $N^2$



e.g. coherent neutrino scattering  
[Freedman, 1973]

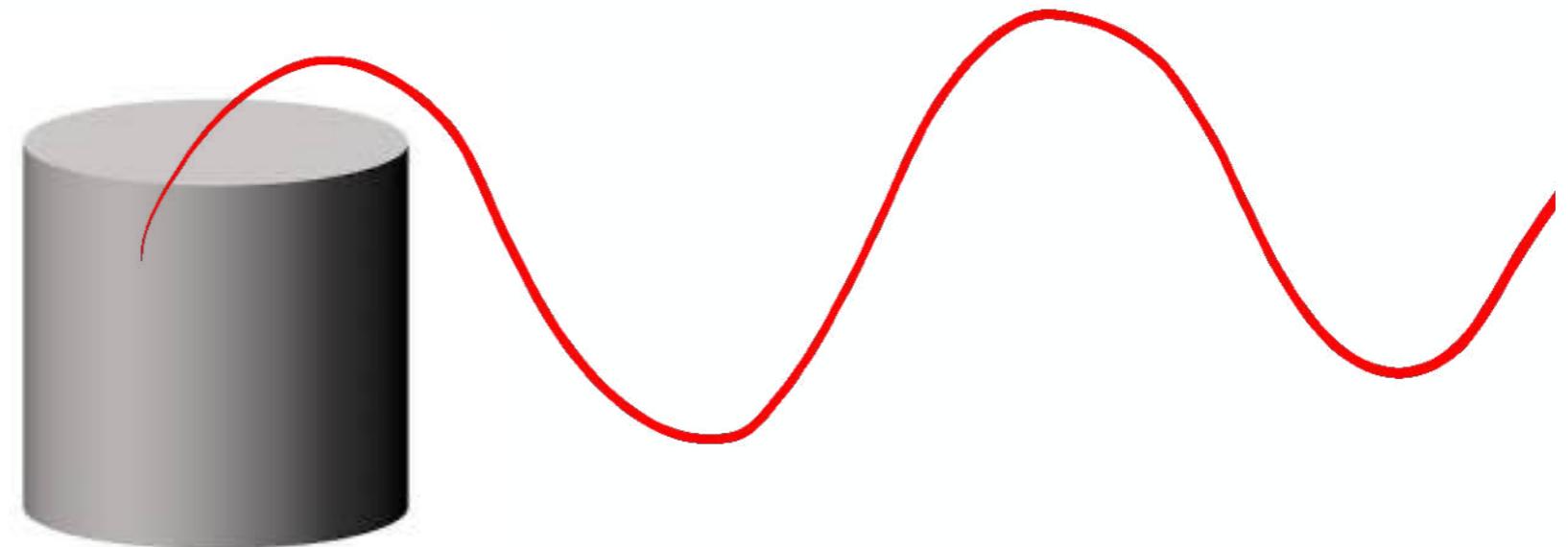
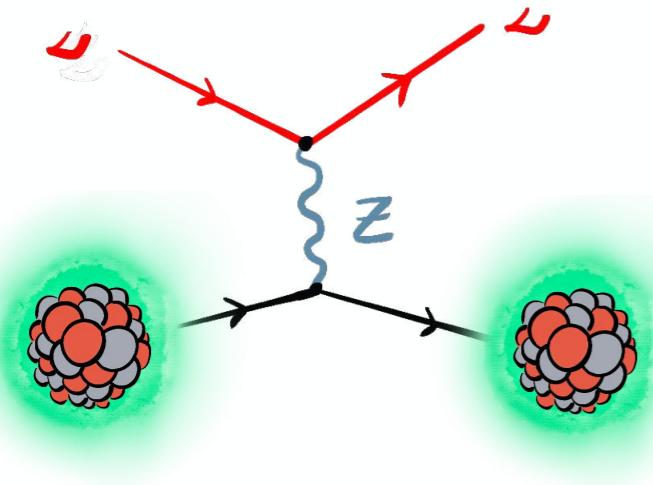
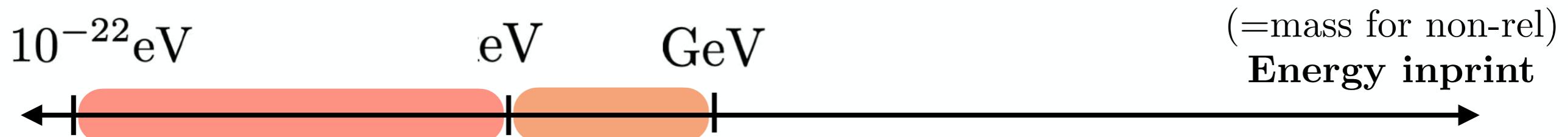
$$\sigma_{NA}^{\text{coh}} \propto (A - Z)^2 |F_N(qr_N)|^2$$



**COHERENT EFFECTS**

**ATOM INTEROMETERS**  
Threshold-less detectors!!

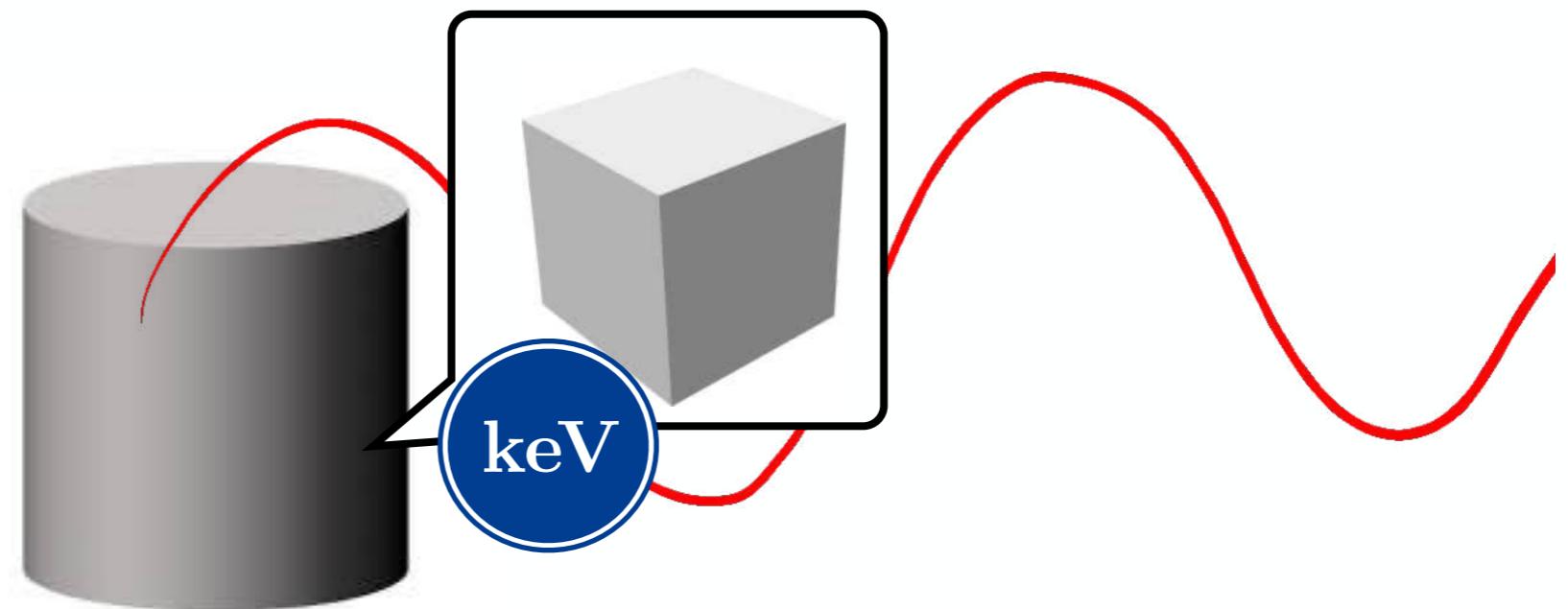
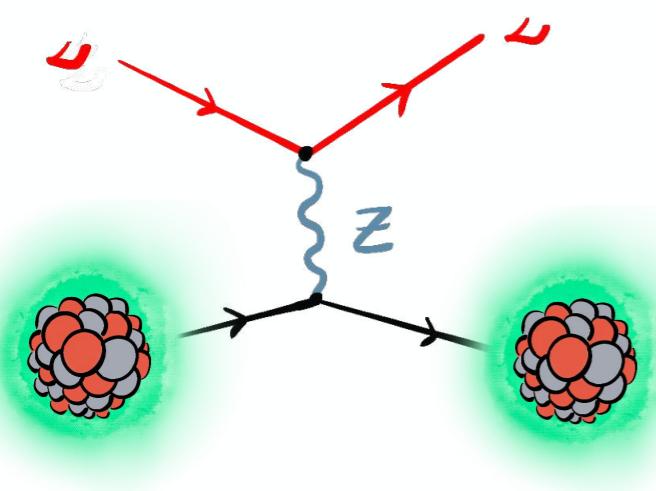
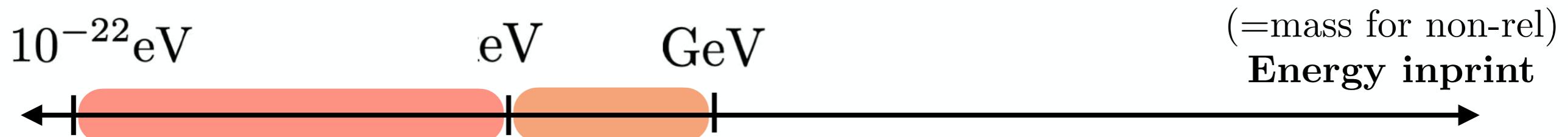
# Low Energy Precision: $N^2$



**COHERENT EFFECTS**

**ATOM INTEROMETERS**  
Threshold-less detectors!!

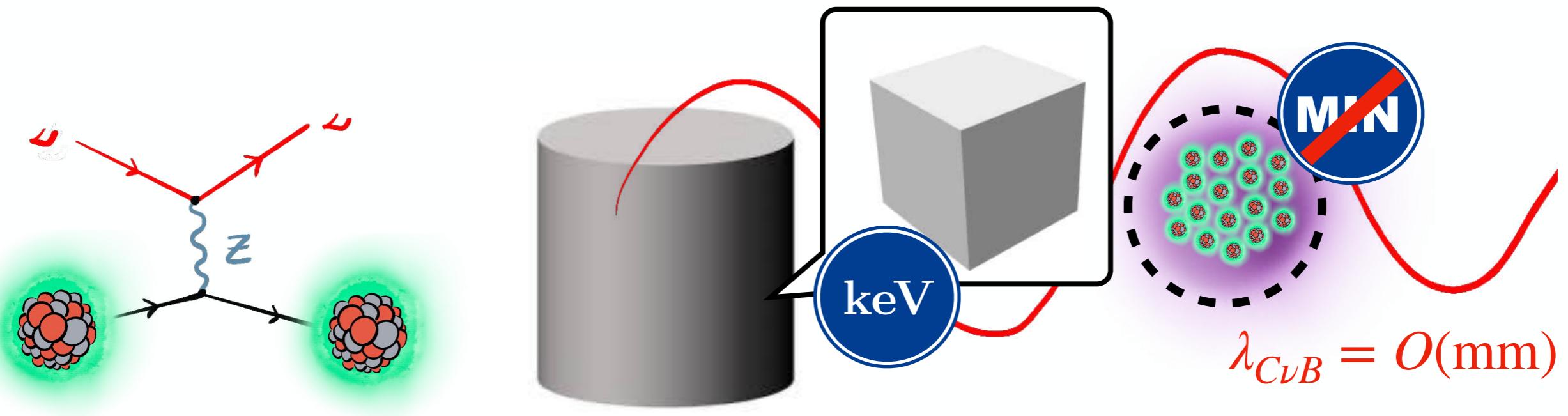
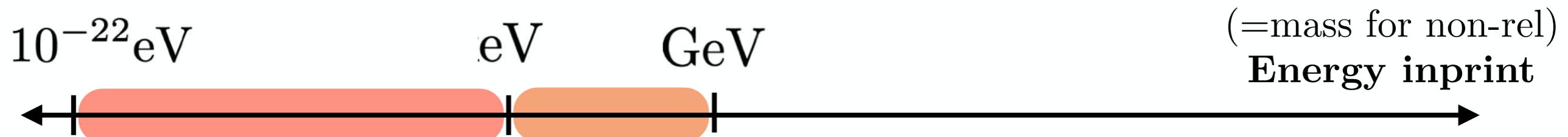
# Low Energy Precision: $N^2$



$$\Gamma \propto \int_{\text{keV}}^{q_{\max}} dq (\dots)$$

ATOM INTEROMETERS  
Threshold-less detectors!!

# Low Energy Precision: $N^2$

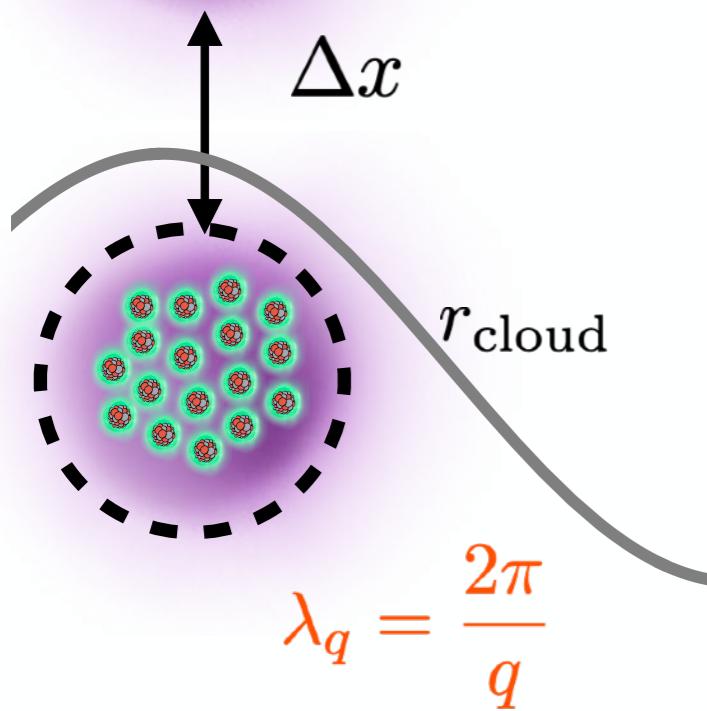


$$\Gamma \propto \int_0^{q_{\max}} dq (\cdots)$$

ATOM INTEROMETERS  
Threshold-less detectors!!

# AlIs: Collisional Decoherence

Multi-atom system (distinguishable)  
[Badurina, CM, Plestid, 2024]

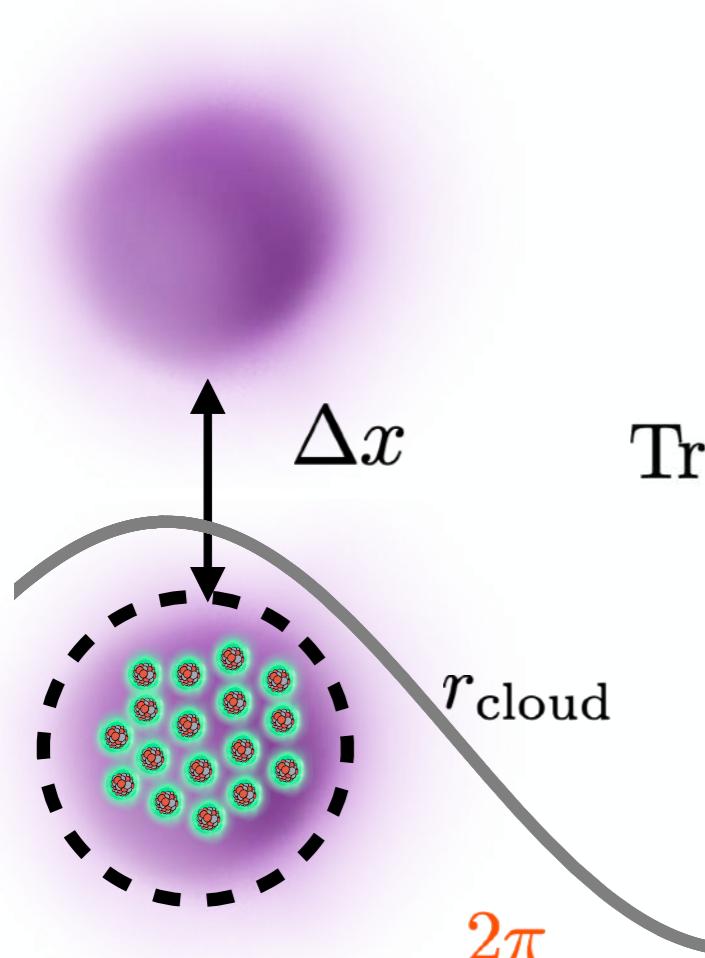


$$\rho' = S\rho S^\dagger = (\mathbb{I} + T)\rho(\mathbb{I} + T)^\dagger$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta\rho = \frac{i}{2}[T + T^\dagger, \rho] - \frac{1}{2}\{T^\dagger T, \rho\} + T\rho T^\dagger$$

# AIs: Collisional Decoherence

Multi-atom system (distinguishable)  
 [Badurina, CM, Plestid, 2024]



$$\lambda_q = \frac{2\pi}{q}$$

$$\text{Tr}\{\rho_N \sum_i^N \mathcal{O}_i\}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{O}_i &= \mathbb{I} \otimes \cdots \otimes |g_i\rangle\langle g_i| \otimes \cdots \otimes \mathbb{I} \\ &\star |+_i\rangle\langle +_i| \end{aligned}$$

$$\rho_{(N=2)} = \begin{pmatrix} \circ & \blacksquare & \blacksquare & \star \\ \blacksquare & \circ & \circ & \blacksquare \\ \blacksquare & \circ & \circ & \blacksquare \\ \star & \blacksquare & \blacksquare & \circ \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\stackrel{!}{=} N \frac{1}{2}(1 + V \cos(\phi + \Delta\phi))$$

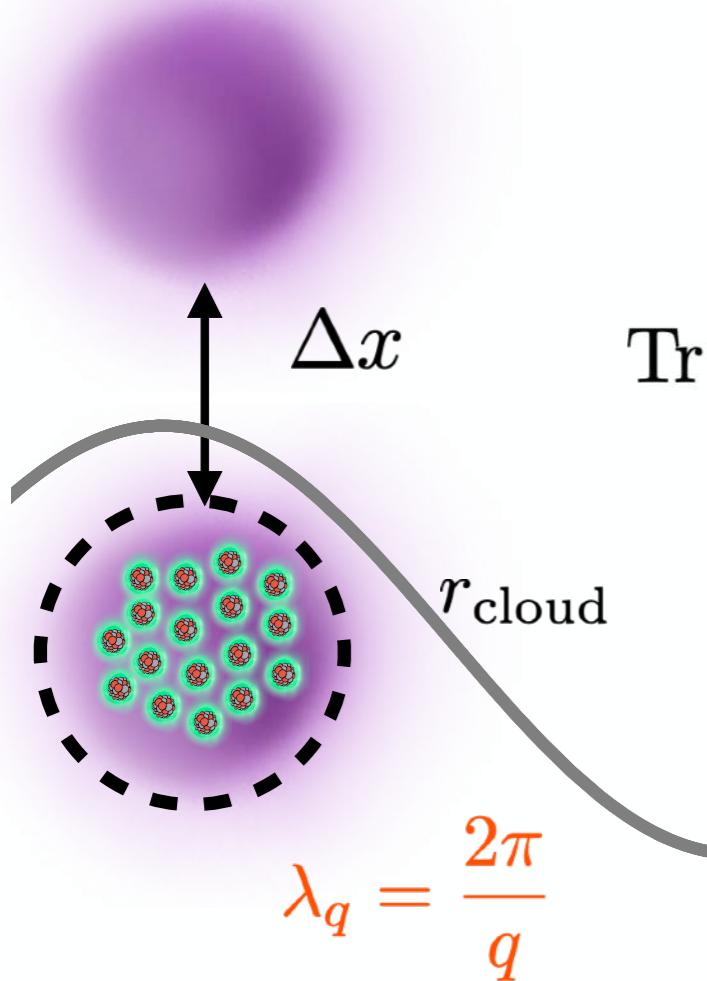
$$\rho' = S\rho S^\dagger = (\mathbb{I} + T)\rho(\mathbb{I} + T)^\dagger$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta\rho = \frac{i}{2}[T + T^\dagger, \rho] - \frac{1}{2}\{T^\dagger T, \rho\} + T\rho T^\dagger$$

# AIs: Collisional Decoherence

Multi-atom system (distinguishable)  
[Badurina, CM, Plestid, 2024]

$$\rho_1 = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \gamma e^{i\phi} \\ \gamma^* e^{-i\phi} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

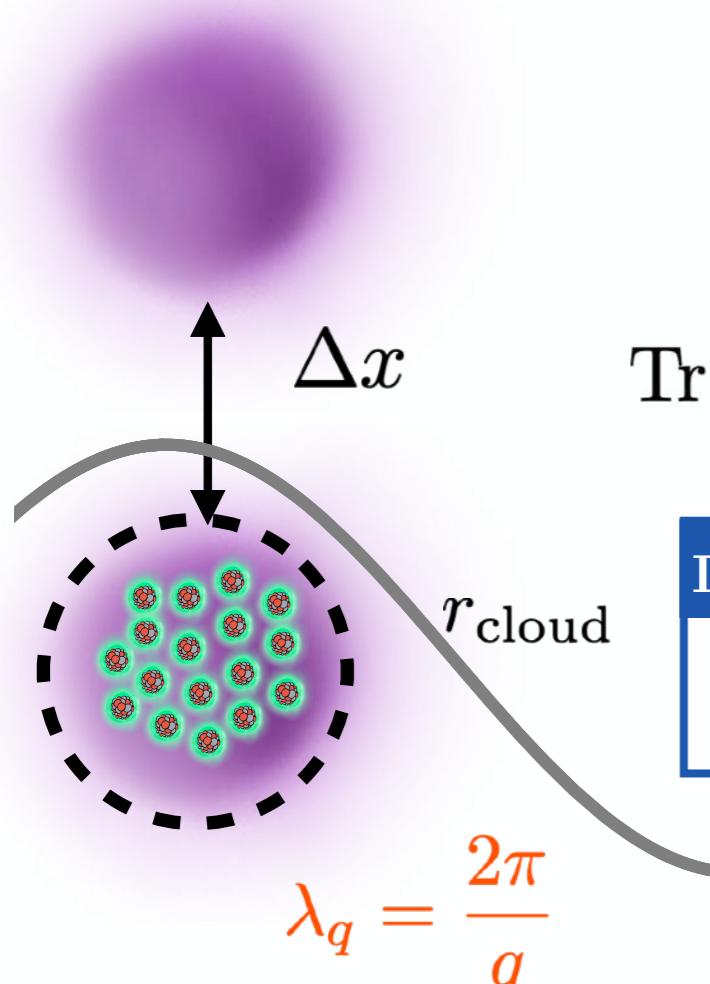


$$\text{Tr}\{\rho_N \sum_i^N \mathcal{O}_i\} = N \text{Tr}\{\rho_1 \mathcal{O}_i\} \stackrel{!}{=} N \frac{1}{2}(1 + V \cos(\phi + \Delta\phi))$$

$$\ln \gamma = - \int_{q,t} R(\mathbf{q}) \mathcal{F}_{\text{decoh}}(\mathbf{q})$$

# AIs: Collisional Decoherence

Multi-atom system (distinguishable)  
 [Badurina, CM, Plestid, 2024]



$$\text{Tr}\{\rho_N \sum_i^N \mathcal{O}_i\} = N \text{Tr}\{\rho_1 \mathcal{O}_i\} \stackrel{!}{=} N \frac{1}{2}(1 + V \cos(\phi + \Delta\phi))$$

Decoherence Kernel 1-body measurement

$$\mathcal{F}_{\text{decoh}}(\mathbf{q}) = (1 - \cos(\mathbf{q} \cdot \Delta \mathbf{x})) - iN \sin(\mathbf{q} \cdot \Delta \mathbf{x})$$

$$\rho' = S\rho S^\dagger = (\mathbb{I} + T)\rho(\mathbb{I} + T)^\dagger$$

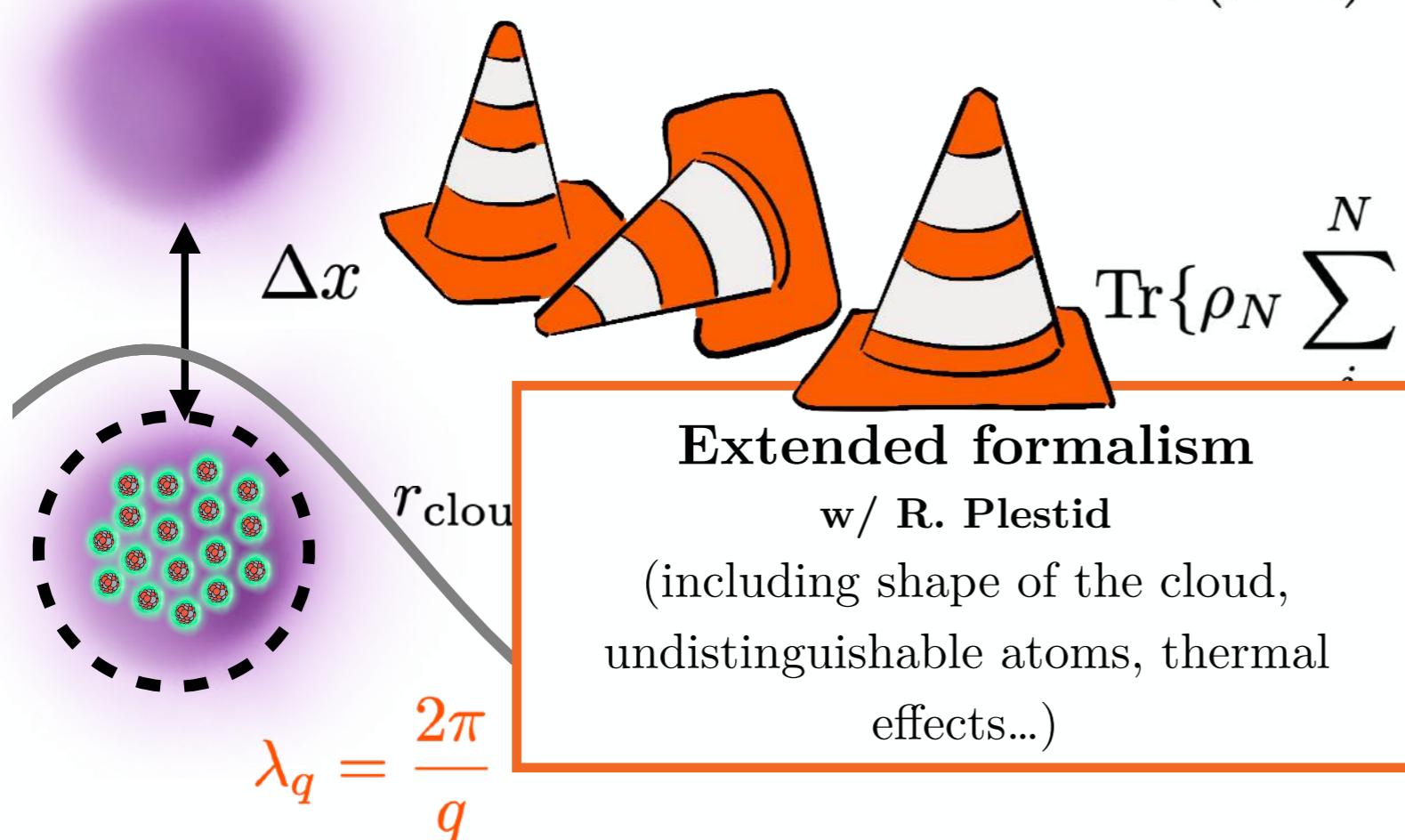
$$\Rightarrow \Delta\rho = \frac{i}{2}[T + T^\dagger, \rho] - \frac{1}{2}\{T^\dagger T, \rho\} + T\rho T^\dagger$$

$$\rho_1 = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \gamma e^{i\phi} \\ \gamma^* e^{-i\phi} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\ln \gamma = - \int_{q,t} R(\mathbf{q}) \mathcal{F}_{\text{decoh}}(\mathbf{q})$$

# AIs: Collisional Decoherence

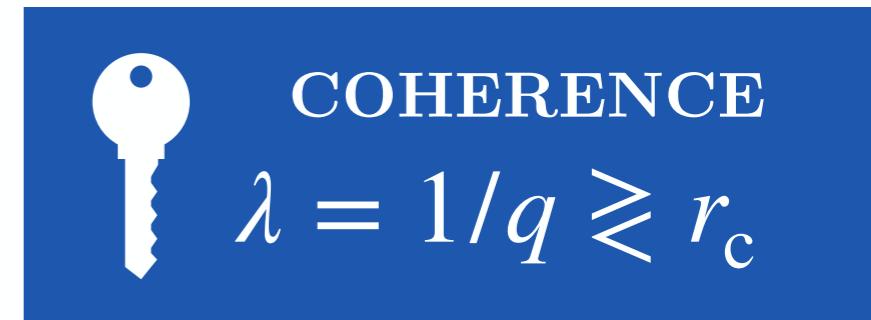
Multi-atom system (distinguishable)  
[Badurina, CM, Plestid, 2024]



$$\rho_{(N=2)} = \begin{pmatrix} \circ & \blacksquare & \blacksquare & \star \\ \blacksquare & \circ & \circ & \blacksquare \\ \blacksquare & \circ & \circ & \blacksquare \\ \star & \blacksquare & \blacksquare & \circ \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{Tr}\{\rho_N \sum_i^N \mathcal{O}_i\} \stackrel{!}{=} \frac{1}{2}(1 + V \cos(\phi + \Delta\phi))$$

Extended formalism  
w/ R. Plestid  
(including shape of the cloud,  
undistinguishable atoms, thermal  
effects...)



$$\rho' = S\rho S^\dagger = (\mathbb{I} + T)\rho(\mathbb{I} + T)^\dagger$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta\rho = \frac{i}{2}[T + T^\dagger, \rho] - \frac{1}{2}\{T^\dagger T, \rho\} + T\rho T^\dagger$$

# AlIs: Collisional Decoherence

Particle scattering

[Riedel, 2013]

[Riedel, Yavin, 2017]

[Du, CM, Pardo, Wang, Zurek, 2022]

[Du, CM, Pardo, Wang, Zurek, 2023]

e.g. Dark Matter

$$\rho_1 = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \gamma e^{i\phi} \\ \gamma^* e^{-i\phi} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\ln \gamma = - \int_{q,t} R(\mathbf{q}) \mathcal{F}_{\text{decoh}}(\mathbf{q})$$

$$R(\mathbf{q}) = n_\chi \int d^3\mathbf{v} f(\mathbf{v}) \Gamma(\mathbf{v}, \mathbf{q})$$

# AlIs: Collisional Decoherence

## Particle scattering

[Riedel, 2013]

[Riedel, Yavin, 2017]

[Du, CM, Pardo, Wang, Zurek, 2022]

[Du, CM, Pardo, Wang, Zurek, 2023]

e.g. Dark Matter

$$\rho_1 = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \gamma e^{i\phi} \\ \gamma^* e^{-i\phi} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\ln \gamma = - \int_{q,t} R(\mathbf{q}) \mathcal{F}_{\text{decoh}}(\mathbf{q})$$

$$f(\mathbf{v}) = \frac{1}{N_0} \exp \left( -\frac{(\mathbf{v} + \mathbf{v}_e)^2}{v_0^2} \right) \Theta(v_{\text{esc}} - \|\mathbf{v} + \mathbf{v}_e\|)$$

$$R(\mathbf{q}) = n_\chi \int d^3 \mathbf{v} f(\mathbf{v}) \Gamma(\mathbf{v}, \mathbf{q})$$

$$\frac{\rho_\chi}{\rho_T} \frac{m_T}{m_\chi}$$

$$\Gamma(\mathbf{v}, \mathbf{q}) = V \sum_f |\langle f | H_{\text{int}} | i \rangle|^2 (2\pi) \delta(E_f - E_i - \omega_{\mathbf{q}})$$

# AlIs: Collisional Decoherence

## Particle scattering

[Riedel, 2013]

[Riedel, Yavin, 2017]

[Du, CM, Pardo, Wang, Zurek, 2022]

[Du, CM, Pardo, Wang, Zurek, 2023]

[Joss, Zeh, 1985]

[Hornberger, Sipe, 2003]

[Badurina, CM, Plestid, 2024]

e.g. Dark Matter

$$\rho_1 = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \gamma e^{i\phi} \\ \gamma^* e^{-i\phi} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

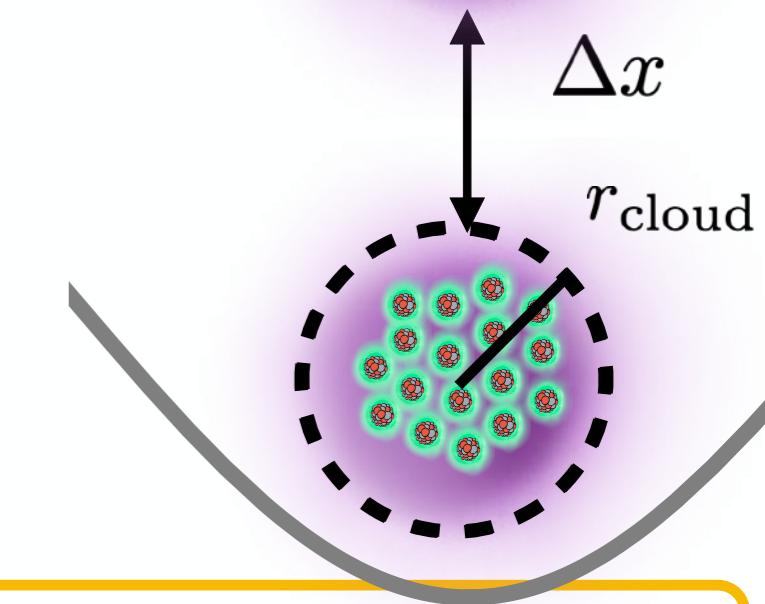
$$\ln \gamma = - \int_{q,t} R(\mathbf{q}) \mathcal{F}_{\text{decoh}}(\mathbf{q})$$

$$f(\mathbf{v}) = \frac{1}{N_0} \exp \left( -\frac{(\mathbf{v} + \mathbf{v}_e)^2}{v_0^2} \right) \Theta(v_{\text{esc}} - \|\mathbf{v} + \mathbf{v}_e\|)$$

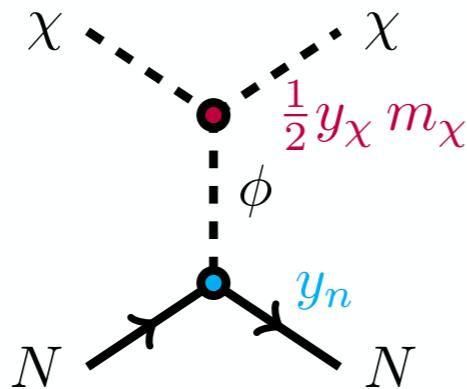
$$R(\mathbf{q}) = n_\chi \int d^3 \mathbf{v} f(\mathbf{v}) \Gamma(\mathbf{v}, \mathbf{q})$$

$$\frac{\rho_\chi}{\rho_T} \frac{m_T}{m_\chi}$$

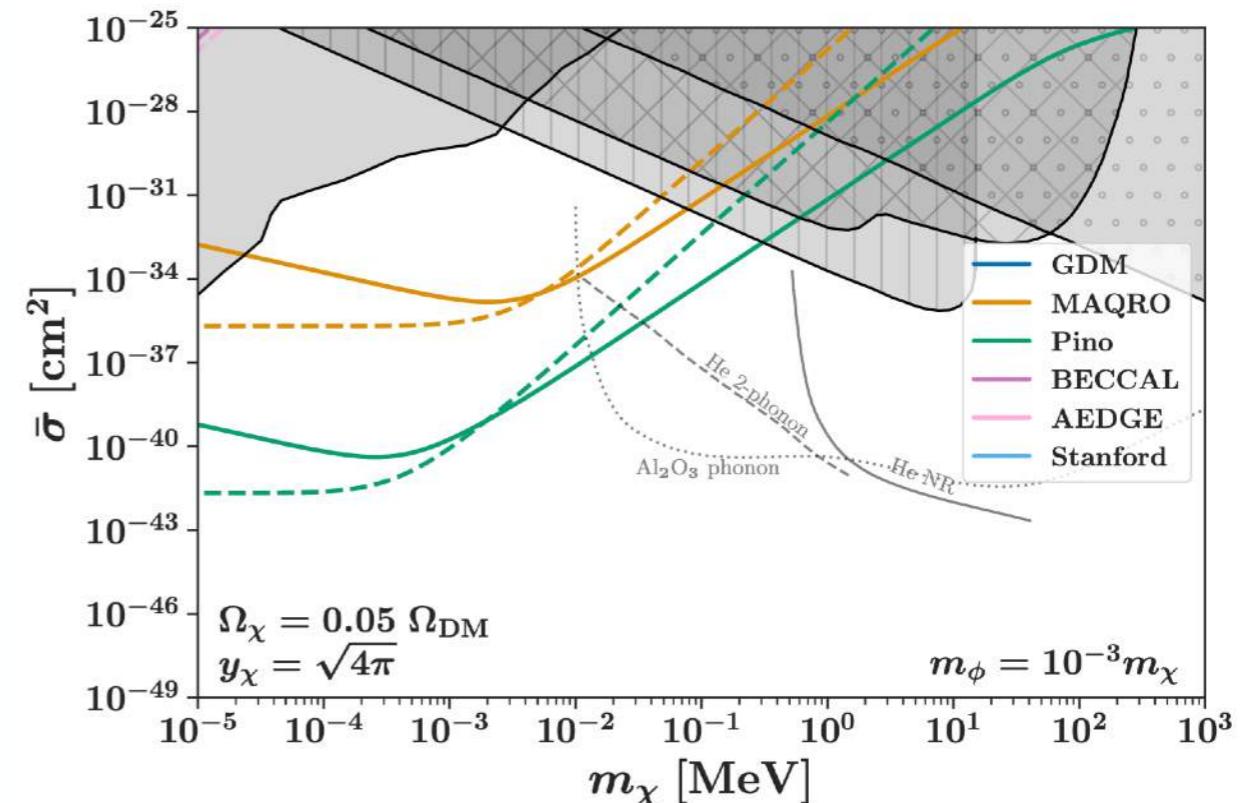
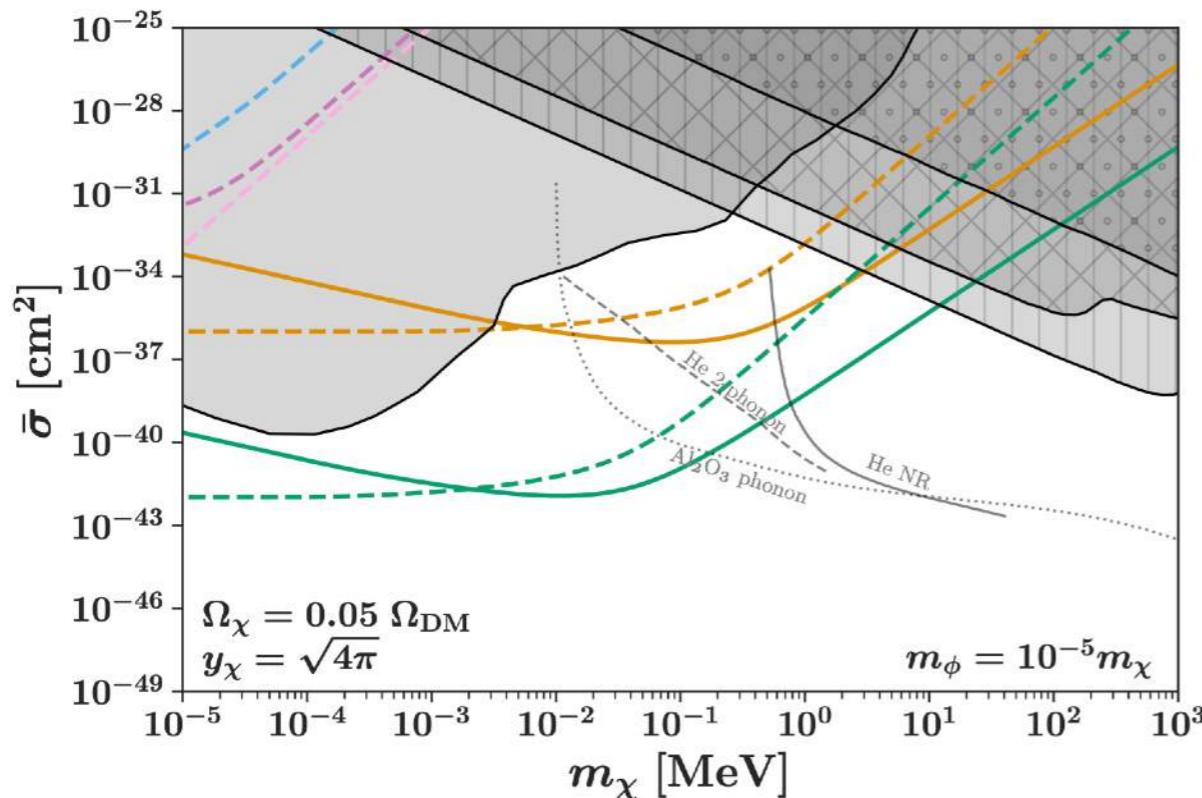
$$\Gamma(\mathbf{v}, \mathbf{q}) = V \sum_f |\langle f | H_{\text{int}} | i \rangle|^2 (2\pi) \delta(E_f - E_i - \omega_{\mathbf{q}})$$



# AIs: Some bounds (dark matter)



$$\bar{\sigma} = \frac{y_\chi^2 y_n^2}{4\pi} \frac{\mu^2}{(m_\chi^2 v_0^2 + m_\phi^2)^2}$$



Terrestrial



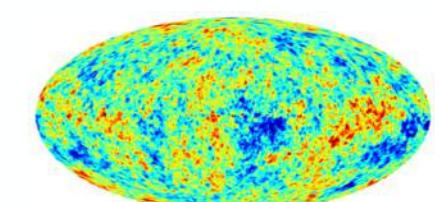
→ Collider  
→ 5th force

Astrophysical



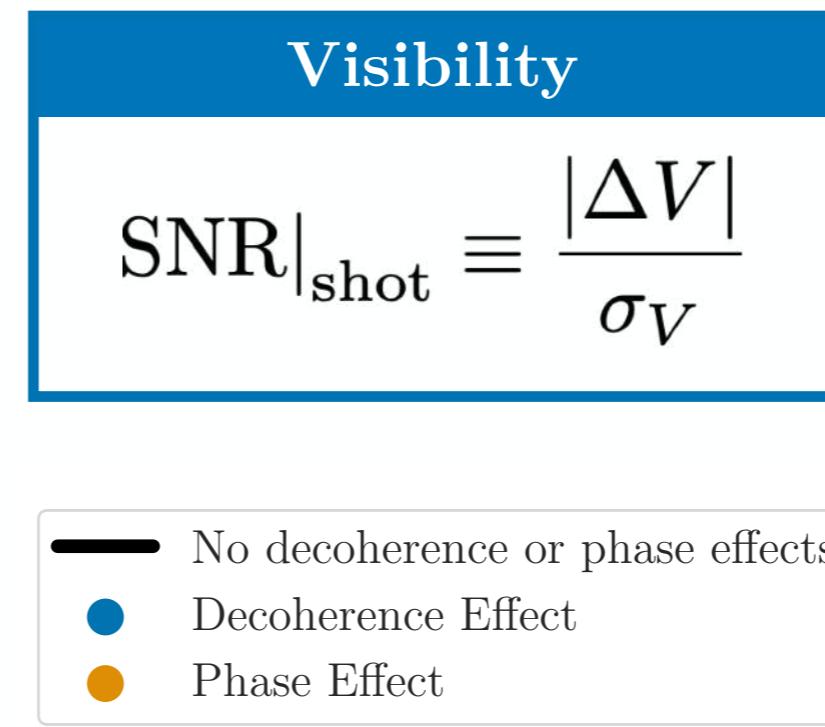
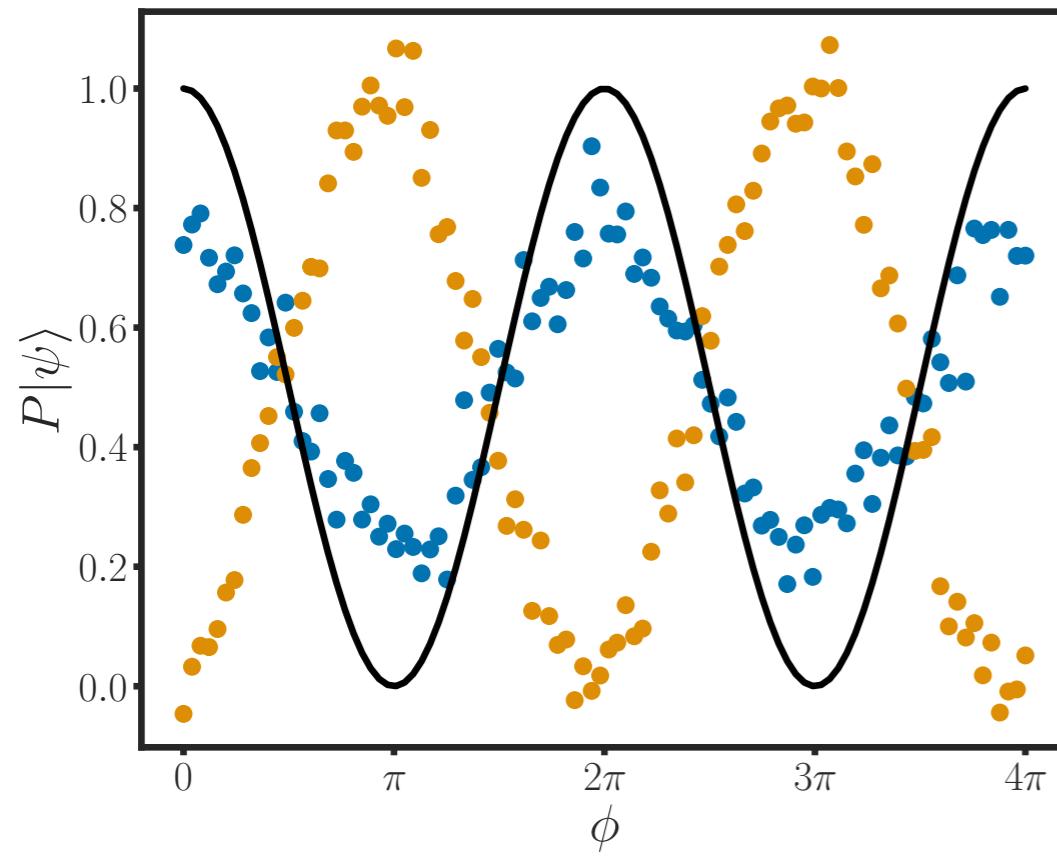
→ Stellar emission  
→ DMSI

Cosmological

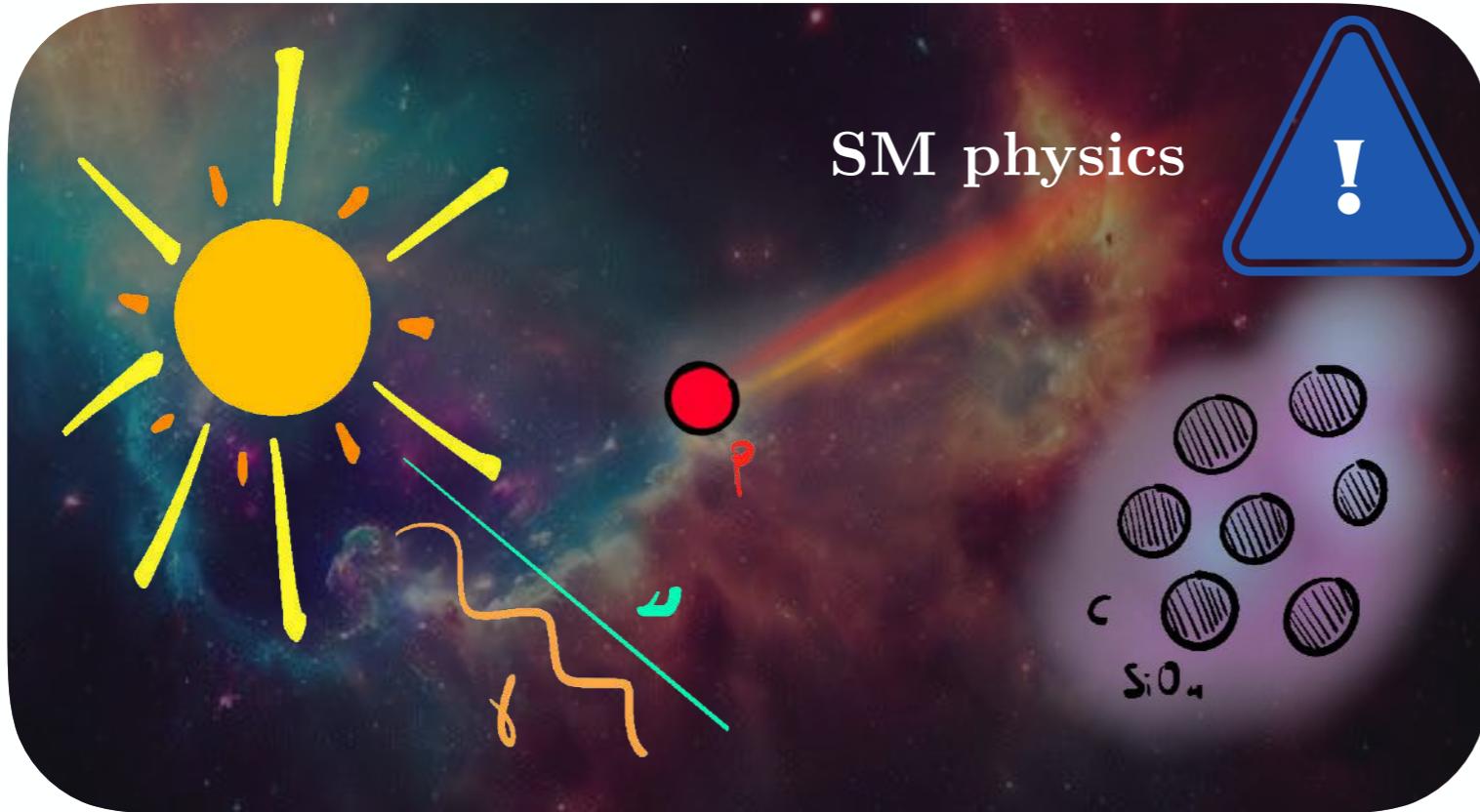


# AIs: Backgrounds

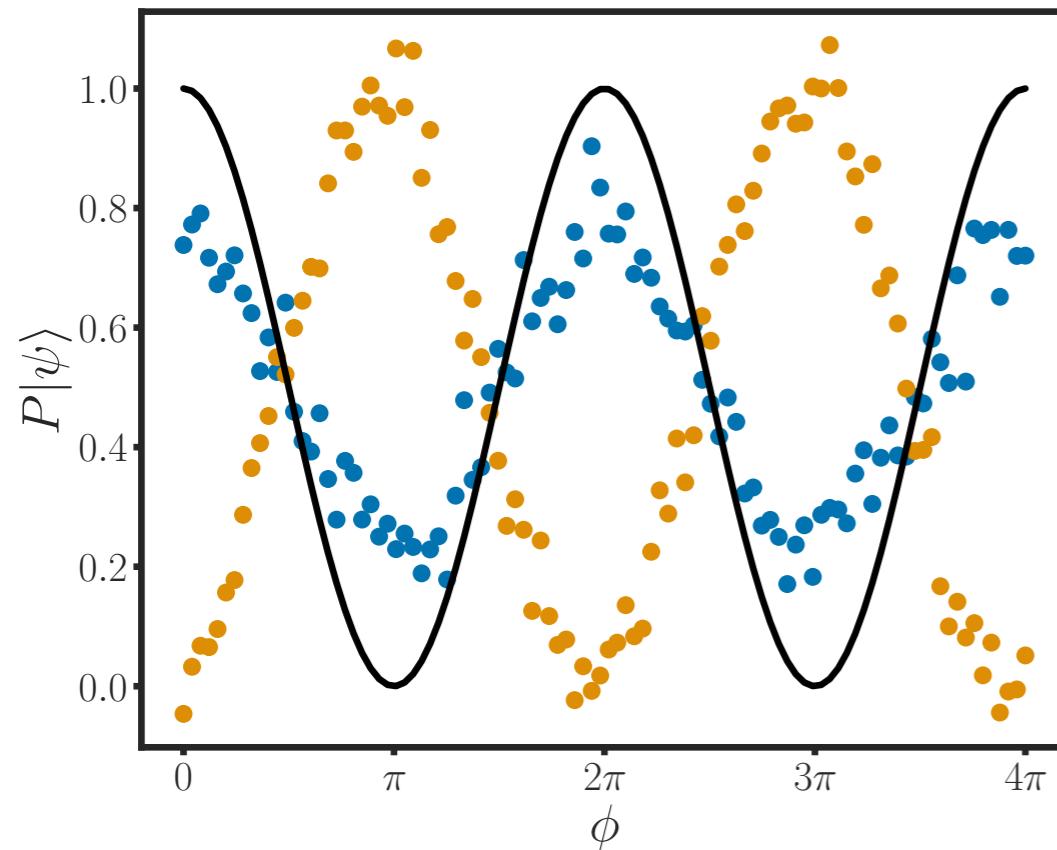
$$\frac{1}{2}(1 + V \cos(\phi + \Delta\phi))$$



# AIs: Backgrounds



$$\frac{1}{2}(1 + V \cos(\phi + \Delta\phi))$$

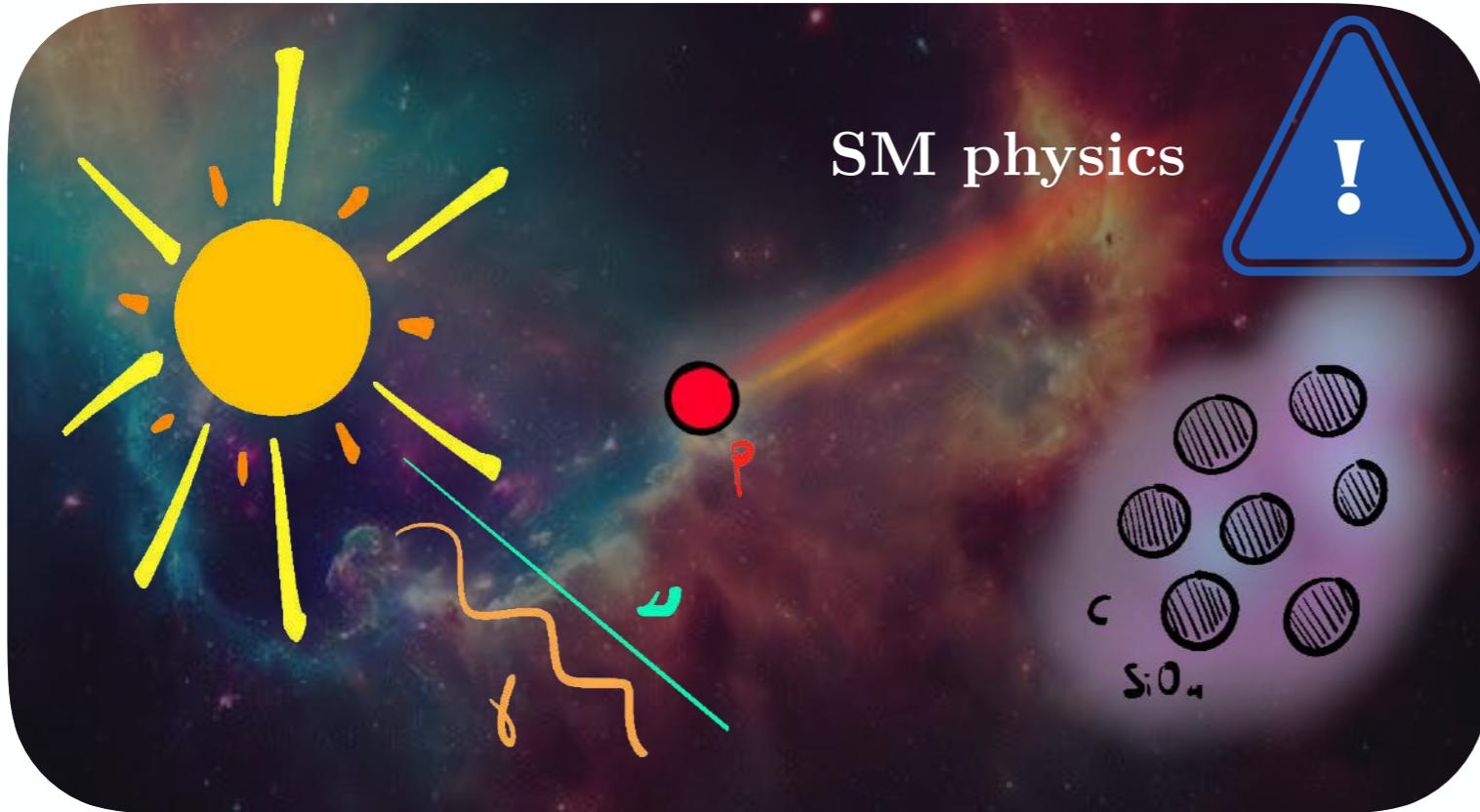


**Visibility**

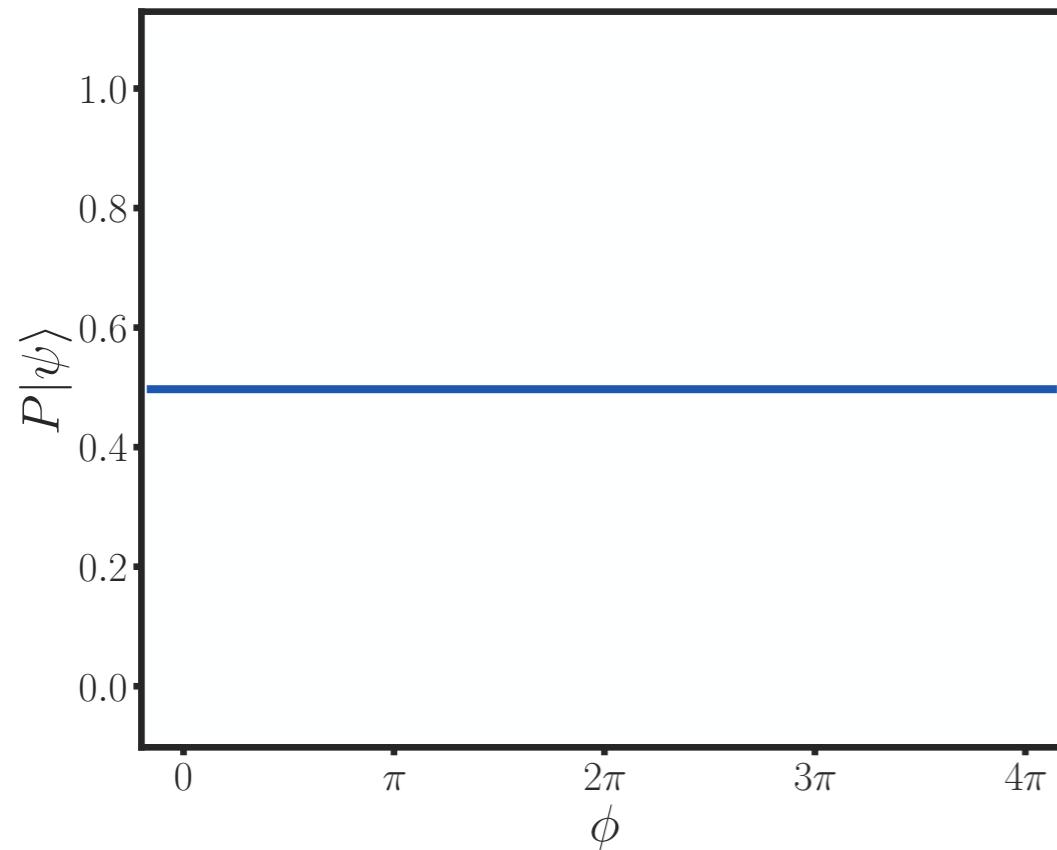
$$\text{SNR}_{\text{shot}} \equiv \frac{|\Delta V|}{\sigma_V}$$

- No decoherence or phase effects
- Decoherence Effect
- Phase Effect

# AIs: Backgrounds



$$\frac{1}{2}(1 + V \cos(\phi + \Delta\phi))$$



**Visibility**

$$\text{SNR}_{\text{shot}} \equiv \frac{|\Delta V|}{\sigma_V}$$

- No decoherence or phase effects
- Decoherence Effect
- Phase Effect

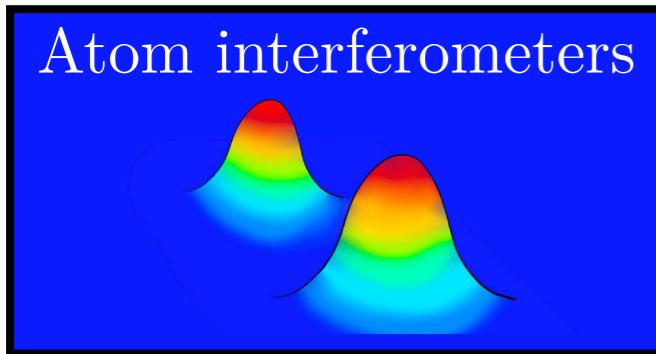


“Take home” message

# Table-top experiments already $\exists$ !



e.g.



Atom interferometers

L. Kastler Brossel

BERKELEY

(...)

ZHAOSHAN

12-m atomic fountain

STANFORD

10-m atomic fountain

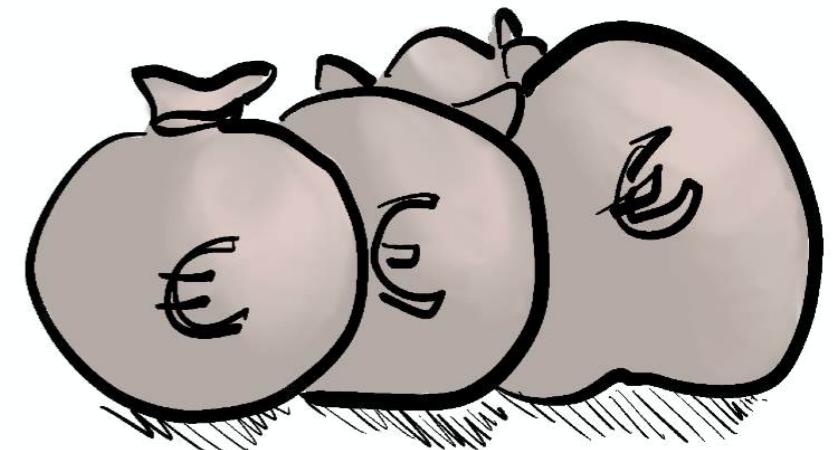
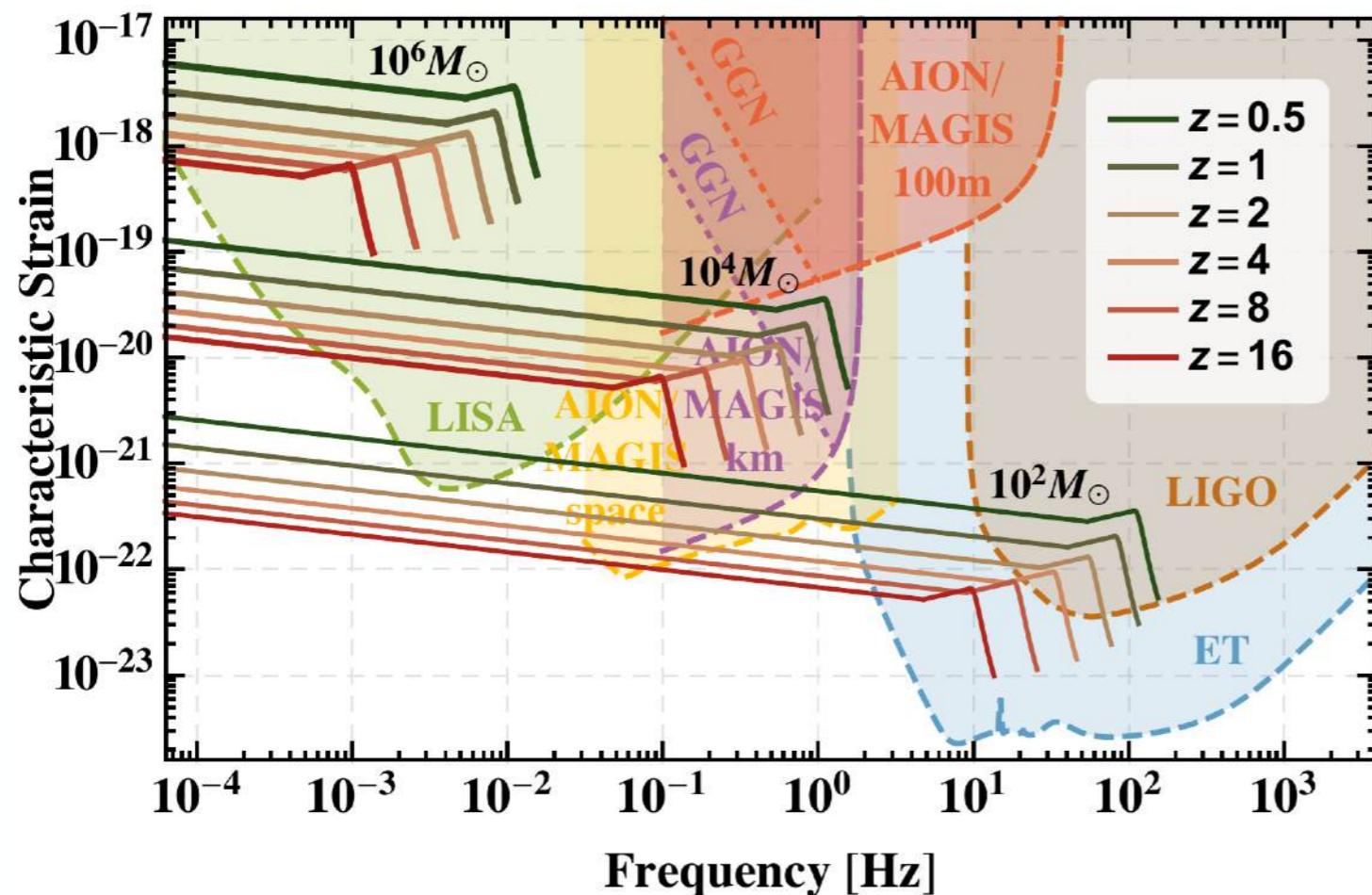
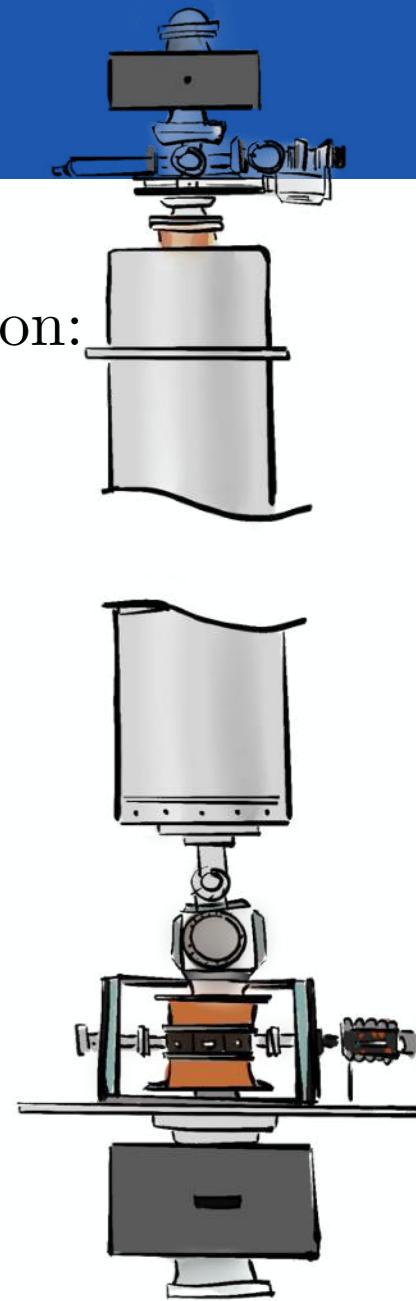
Or under construction:

AION

MAGIS-100

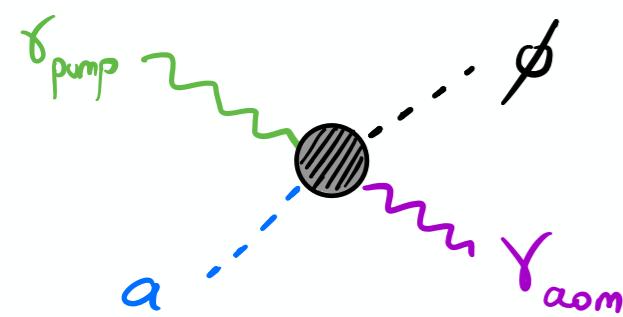
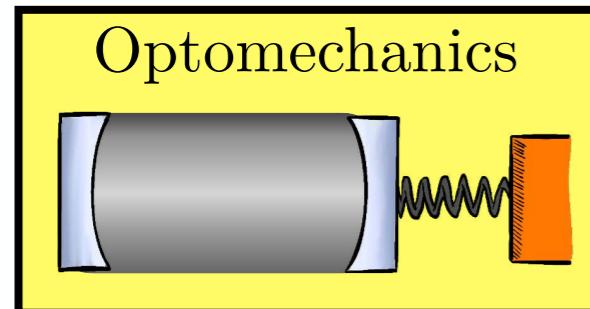
MIGA

(...)

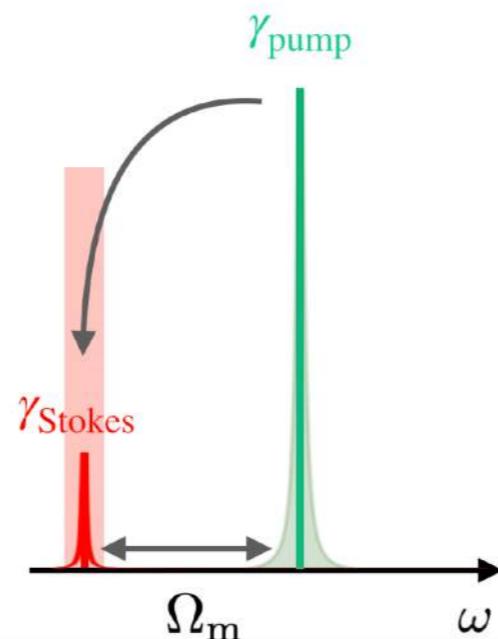
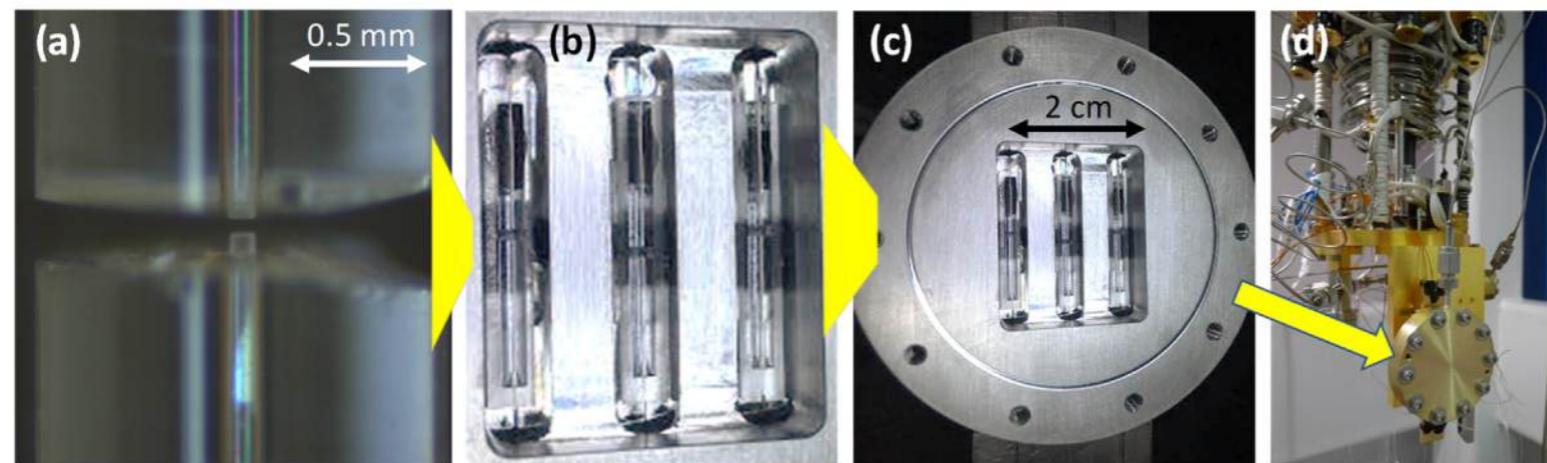


# Table-top experiments already $\exists$ !

e.g.



[CM, Y. Wang, K. M. Zurek. 2022]



He

$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow N_{\text{pump}} &\simeq 10^6 \\ \rightarrow N_\phi &\simeq 10^5 \end{aligned}$$

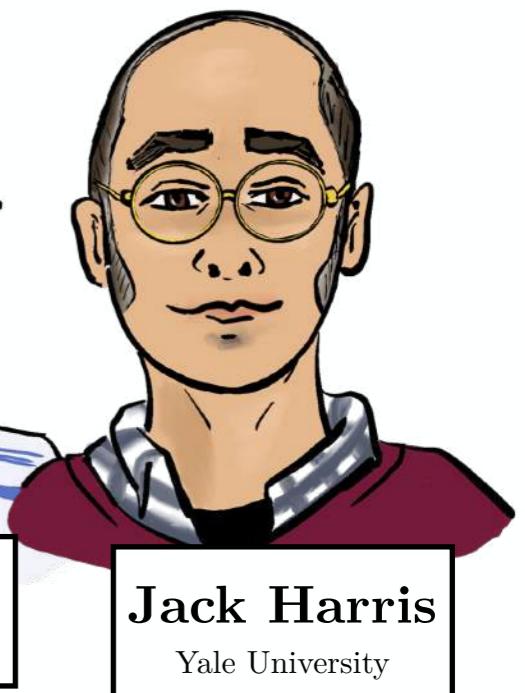


Yale University

$$\begin{aligned} P_{\text{pump}} &\sim 1 \mu\text{W} \\ L &\sim 100 \mu\text{m} \\ \mathcal{F}_{\text{opt}}/\pi &\sim 10^5 \end{aligned}$$



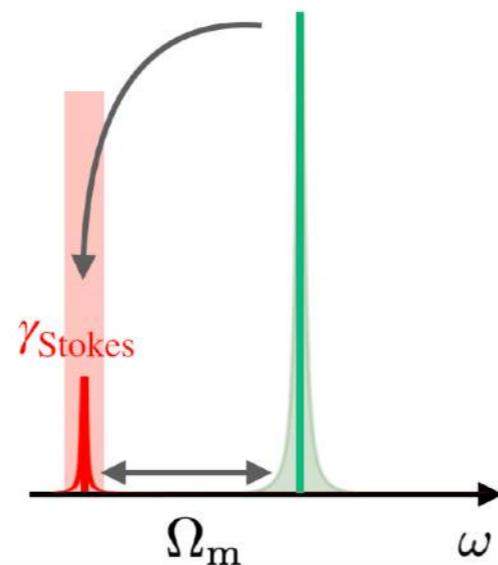
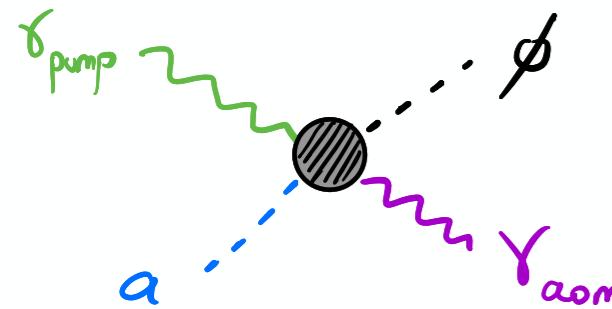
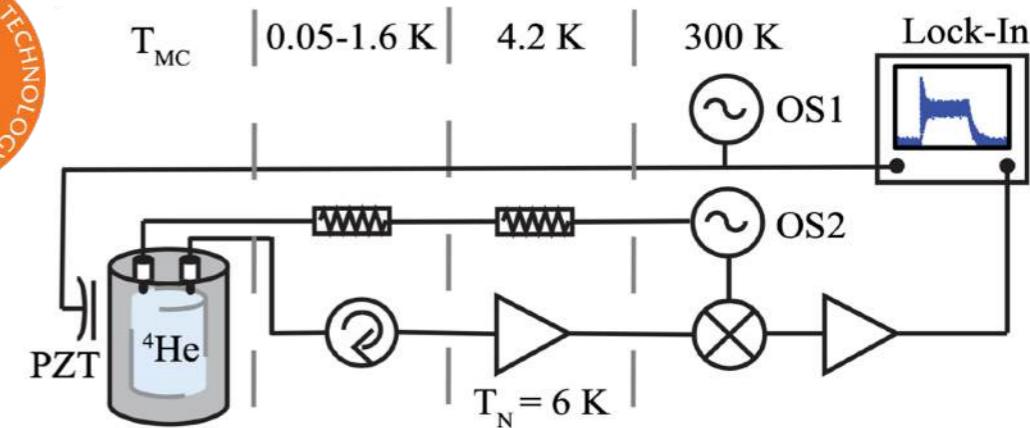
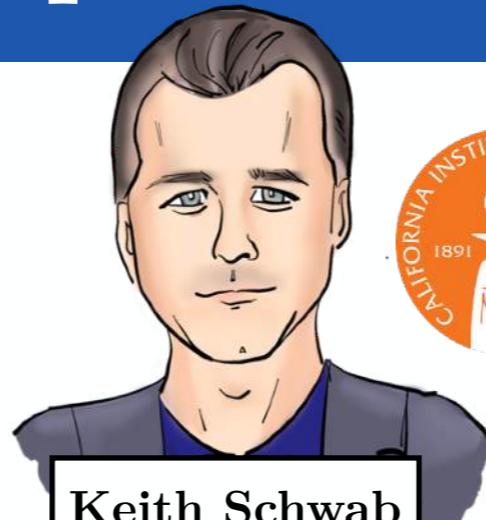
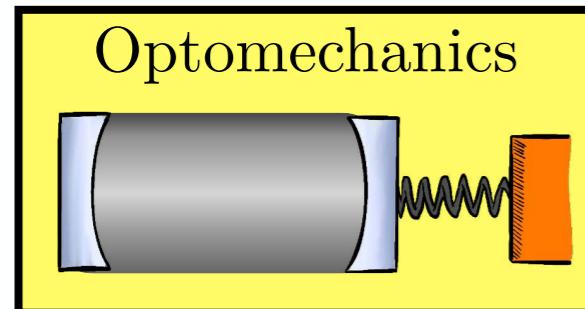
**Yogesh Patil**  
Yale University



**Jack Harris**  
Yale University

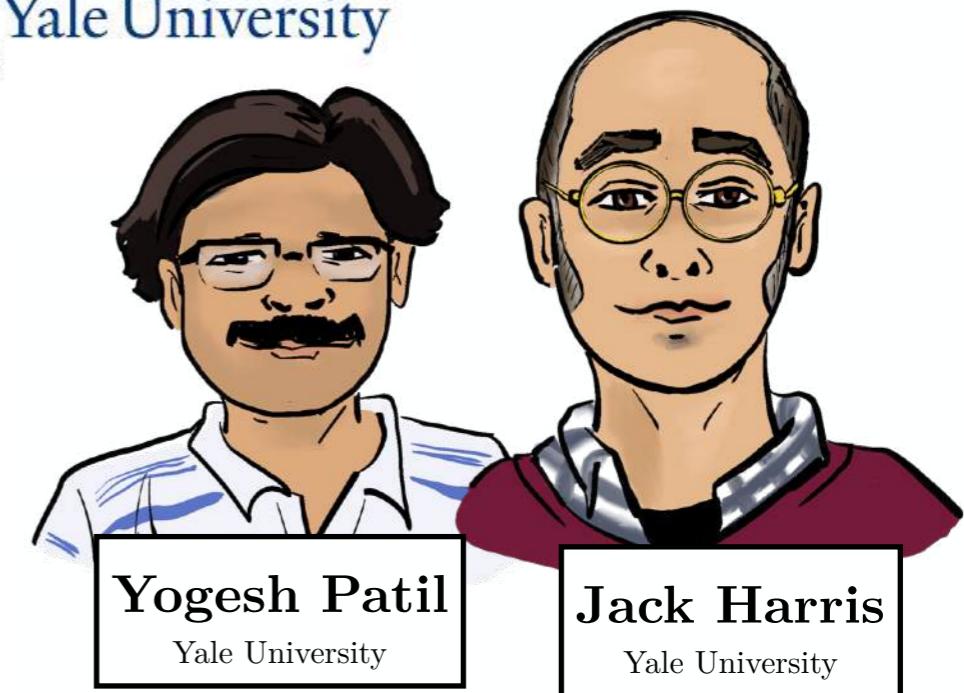
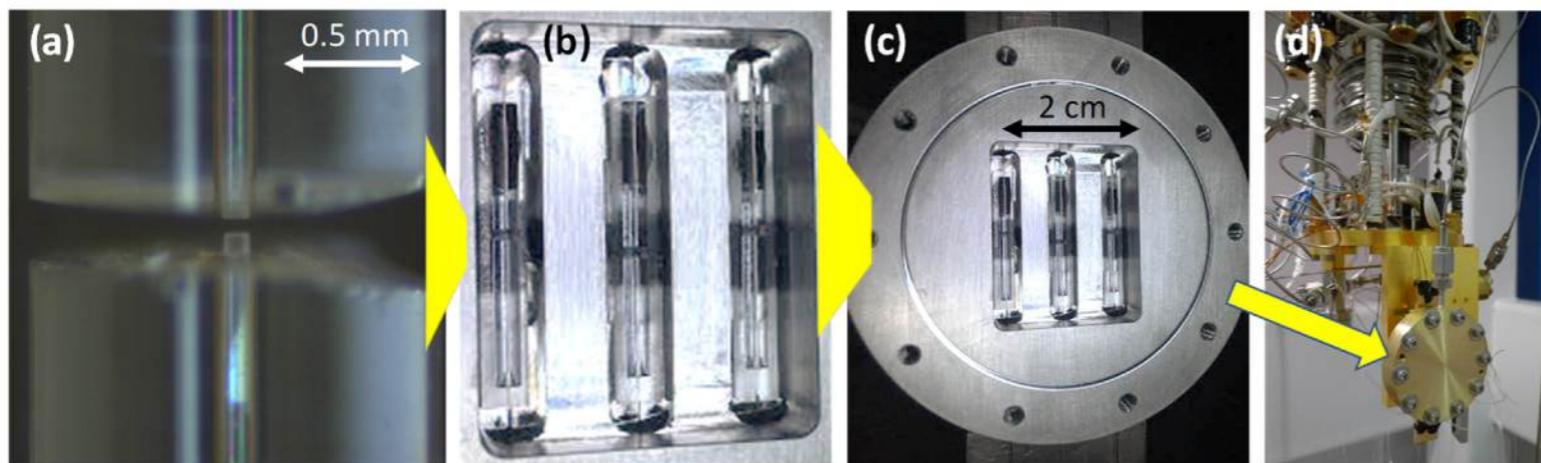
# Table-top experiments already $\exists$ !

e.g.



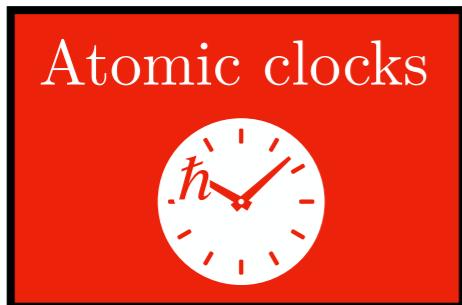
Yale University

[CM, Y. Wang, K. M. Zurek. 2022]

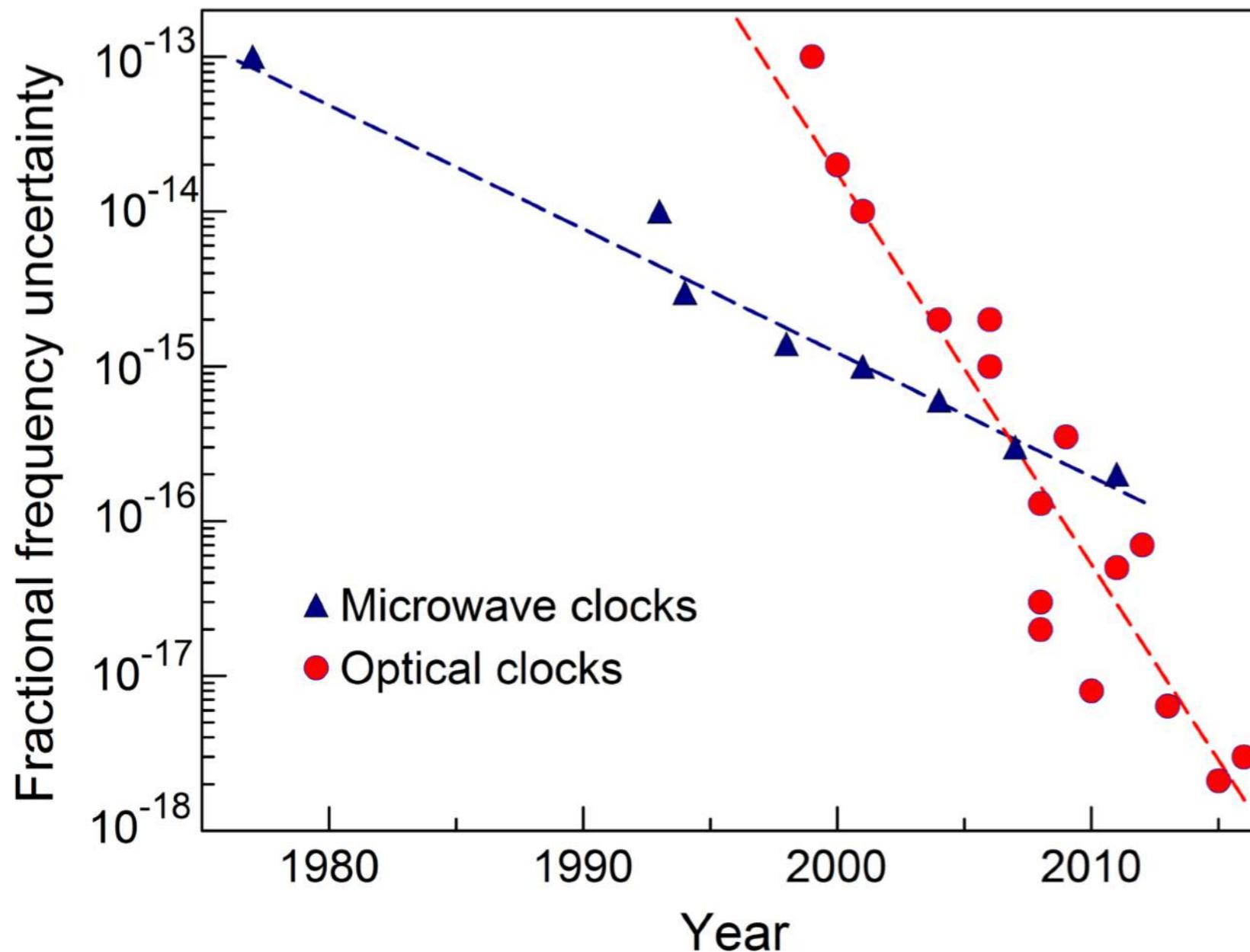


# Boundaries unreached !!

e.g.



Nuclear clocks [Peik et al. 2021]

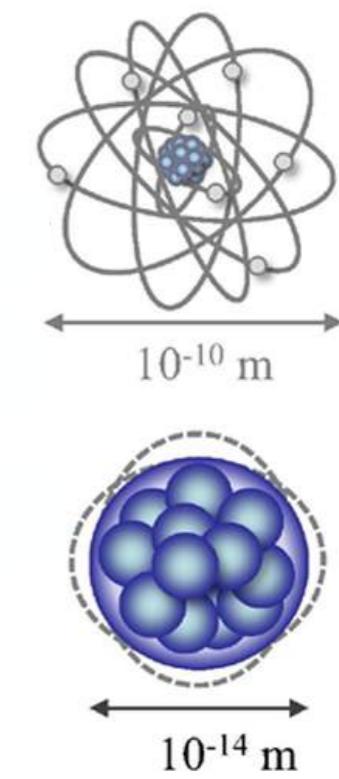


[Huntemann et al., 2016]

[Nicholson et al. 2015]

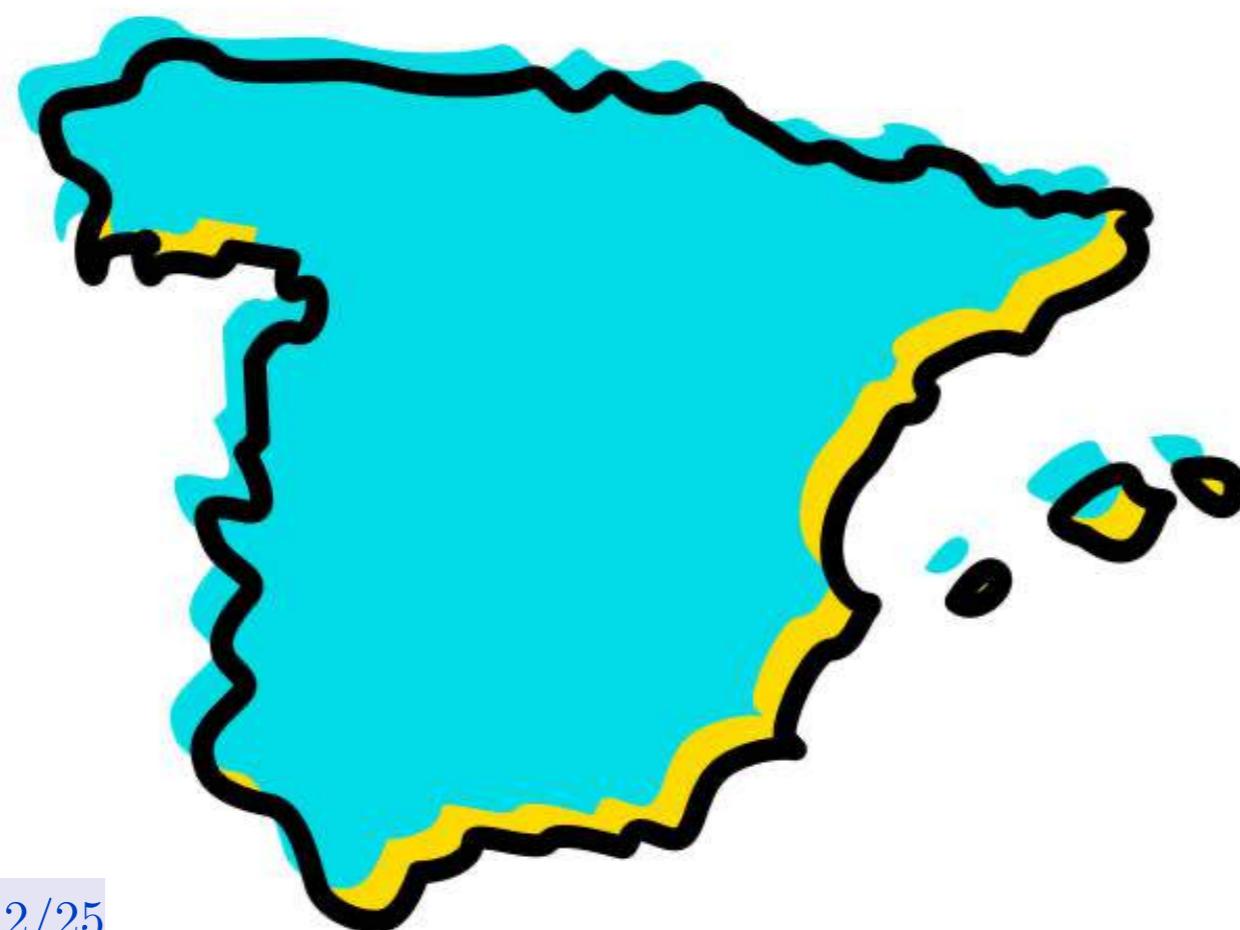
[Poli et al. 2013]

[Safranova et al. 2017]



# Spain is going quantum!

BUDGET  
EUR 22 Million  
EXECUTION  
01/01/22 – 31/12/25

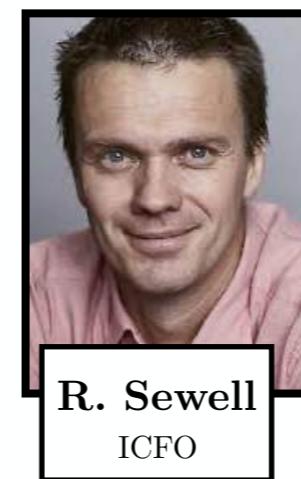


# Spain is going quantum!



(a biased example)

## Quantum sensing using ultra-cold atoms



# Spain is going quantum!



(a biased example)

## Quantum sensing using ultra-cold atoms



M. Mitchell  
ICFO



R. Sewell  
ICFO



O. Romero-Isart  
ICFO



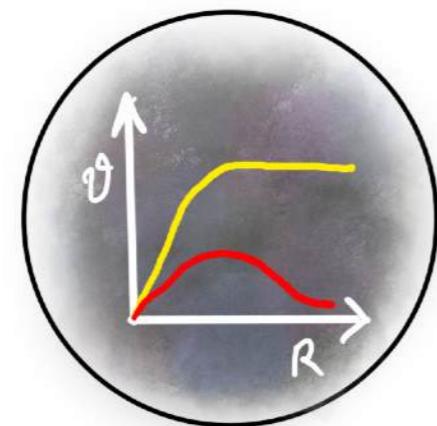
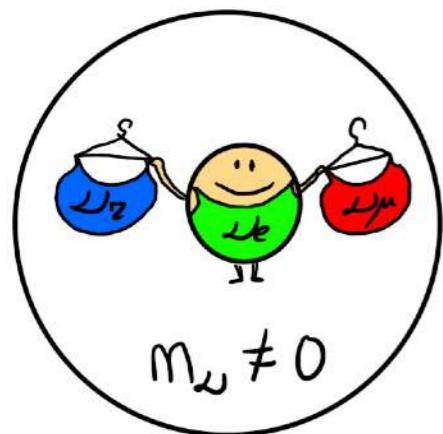
QUANTUM  
TECHNOLOGY  
INITIATIVE

(another biased example)



Enrique Rico Ortega  
UPV/EHU/CERN

# (Beyond) the SM: “how” to look?



# (Beyond) the SM: “how” to look?

