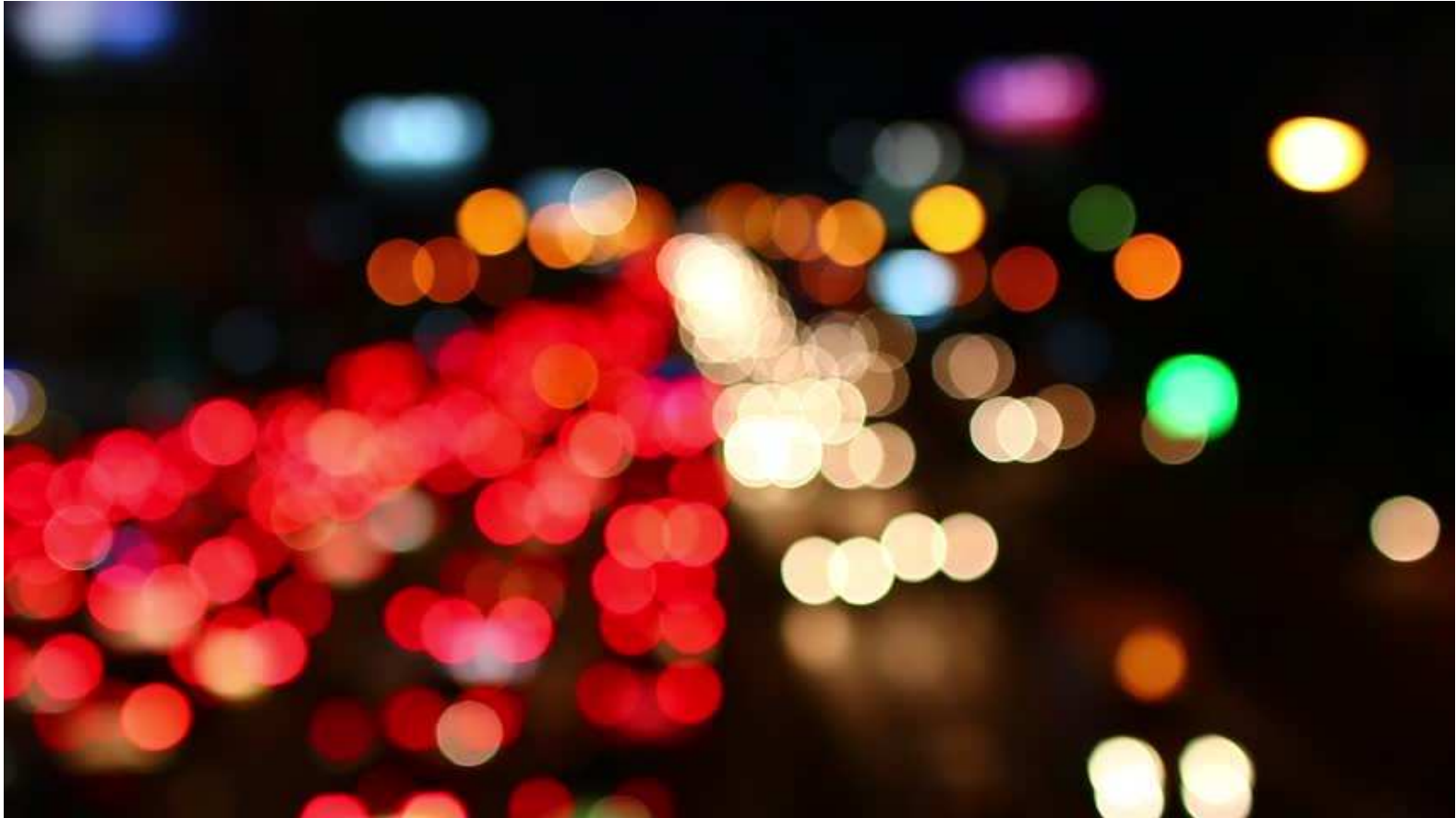
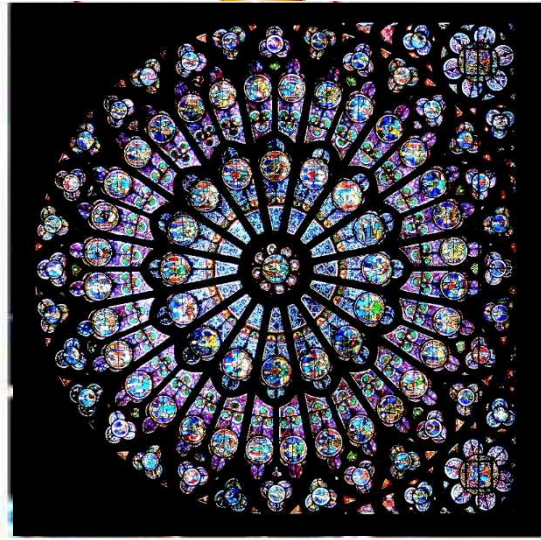
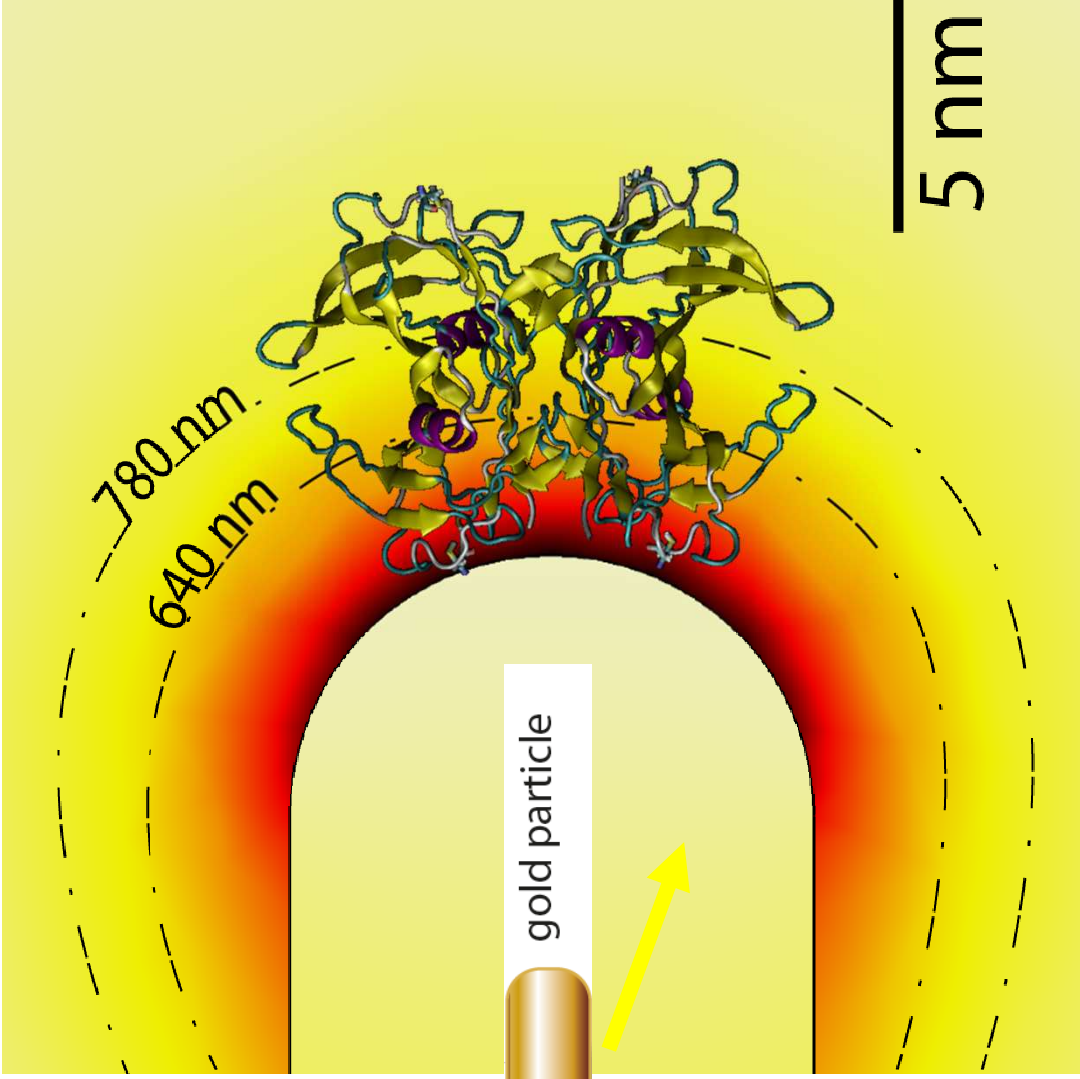


From David Goodsell, *The Machinery of Life* (1993)



Source: googleimages

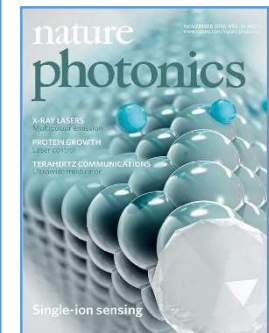
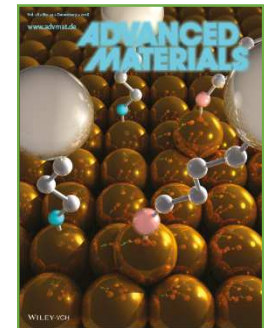
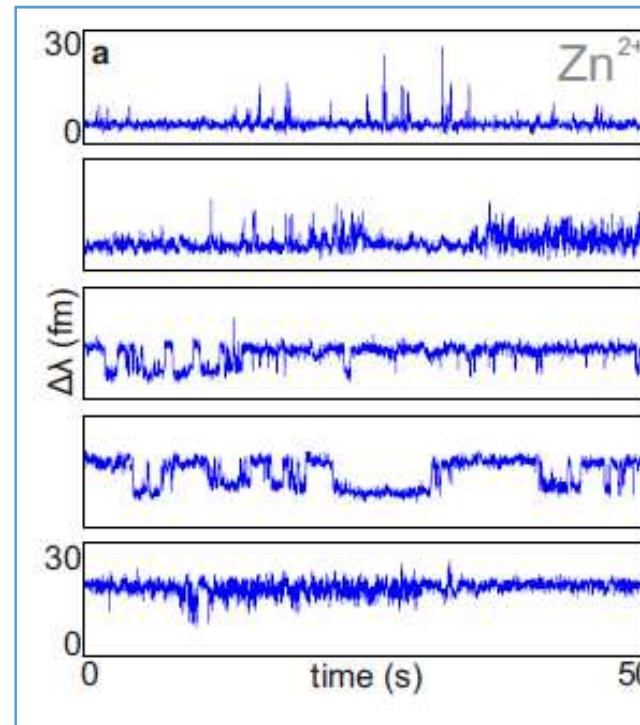
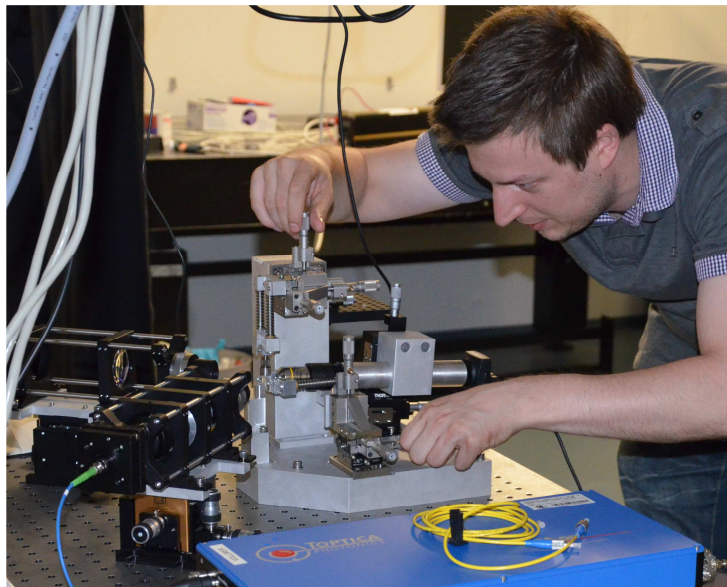


# Observing the Machinery of Life directly with Light

... to understand how the machinery of life functions

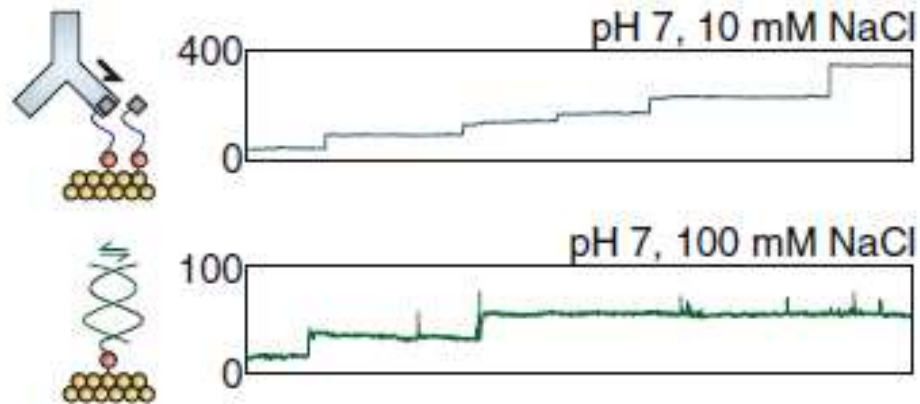
... to detect the establishment of disease early and rapidly

... to realise novel single-molecule biosensors, diagnostic tools, and drug screens

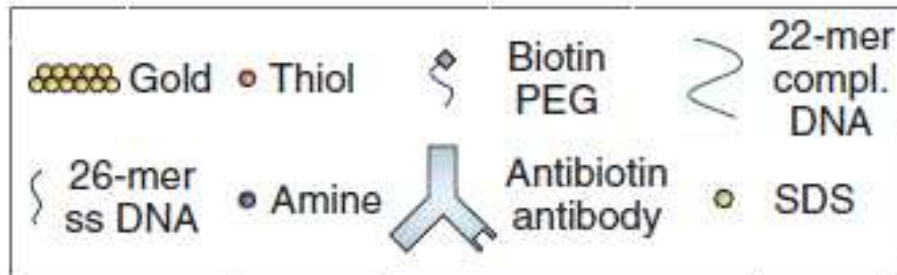
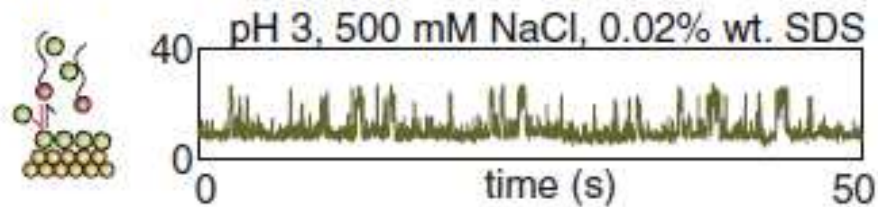




**d** Specific functional group reactions



**e** Inhibition of ligand surface reactions



Kim E, Baaske MD, Vollmer F.  
[In Situ Observation of Single-Molecule  
 Surface Reactions from Low to High  
 Affinities](#)  
*Advanced Materials*, 28, 2016

### **ultraprecise lasers**



### **micro/nano- sensors**



## **Outline**

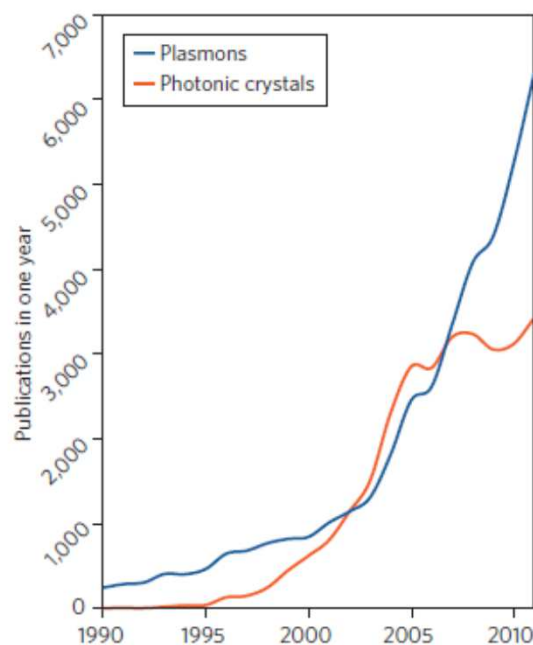
- 1. How can we visualise nanoscale processes with precision lasers and nanosensors?**
- 2. How can we enhance the signal so drastically?**
- 3. Which biomolecular processes can we study? Timescales? Nanomachines?**
- 4. Outlook**

## TUTORIAL REVIEW

### Nanoplasmonics for chemistry

Guillaume Baffou<sup>a</sup> and Romain Quidant<sup>\*bc</sup>

Cite this: *Chem. Soc. Rev.*, 2014, 43, 3898



From Nature  
Photonics 2012  
Editorial

#### Surface plasmon resurrection

The realization that coupling of photons to charges at metal interfaces allows subdiffraction-limit localization of light has revived the field of surface plasmons. How long will it last?

# NANO LETTERS

Home Browse the Journal Articles ASAP Current Issue Submission & Review Open Access About the Journal

Letter

**Single Unlabeled Protein Detection on Individual Plasmonic Nanoparticles**

Irene Ament<sup>†</sup>, Janak Prasad<sup>‡</sup>, Andreas Henkel<sup>†</sup>, Sebastian Schmachtleit<sup>†</sup>, and Carsten Sönnichsen<sup>†</sup>

<sup>†</sup> Institute for Physical Chemistry, University of Mainz, D-55128 Mainz, Germany  
<sup>‡</sup> Graduate School Materials Science in Mainz, Staudingerweg 9, D-55128 Mainz, Germany

*Nano Lett.*, 2012, 12 (2), pp 1092–1095  
DOI: 10.1021/nl204496g

#### NATURE NANOTECHNOLOGY | LETTER

Optical detection of single non-absorbing molecules using the surface plasmon resonance of a gold nanorod

[Peter Zijlstra](#), [Pedro M. R. Paulo](#) & [Michel Orrit](#)



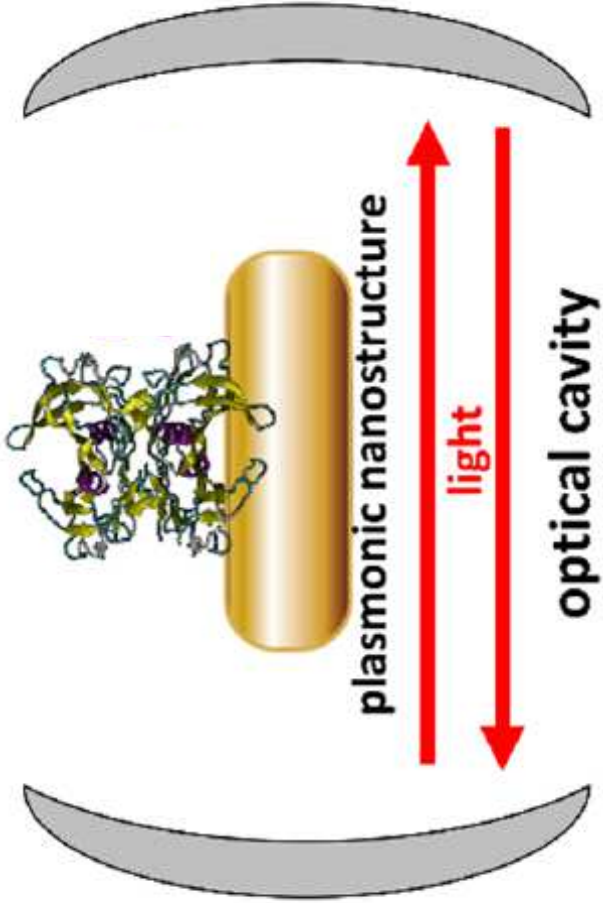
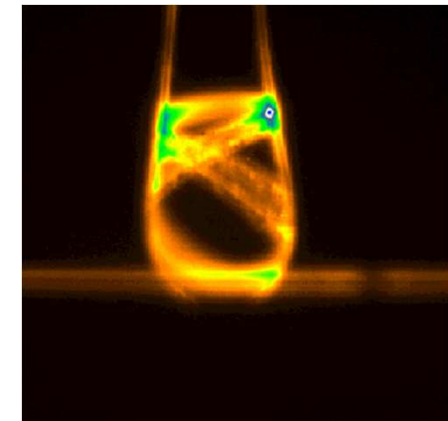
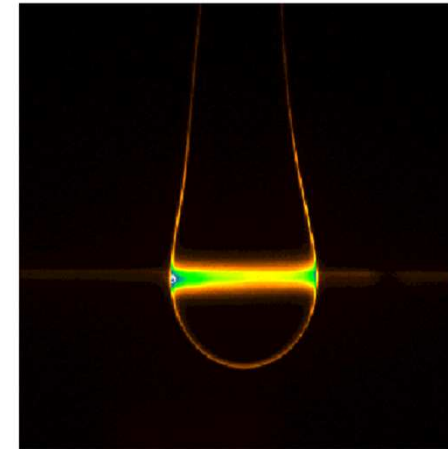
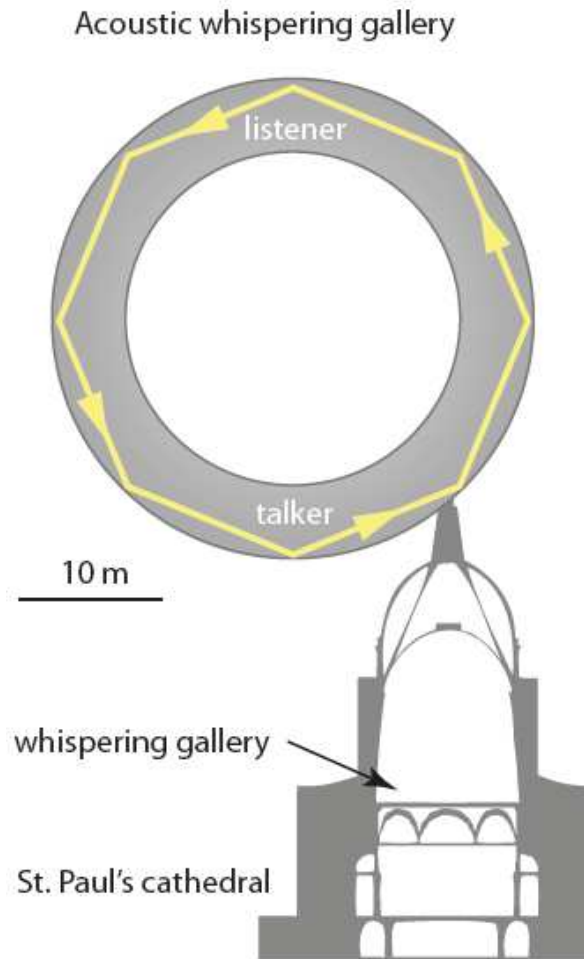
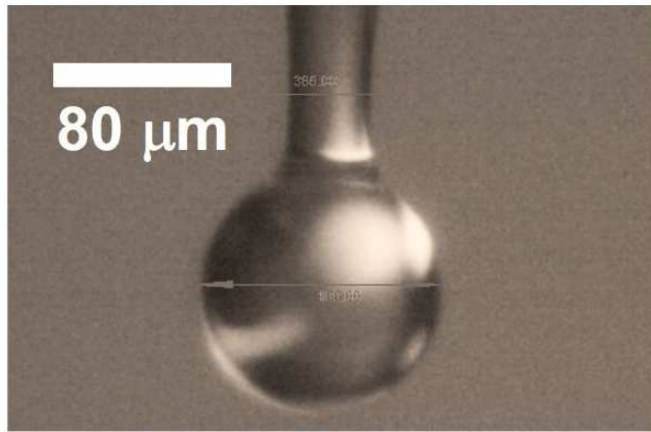


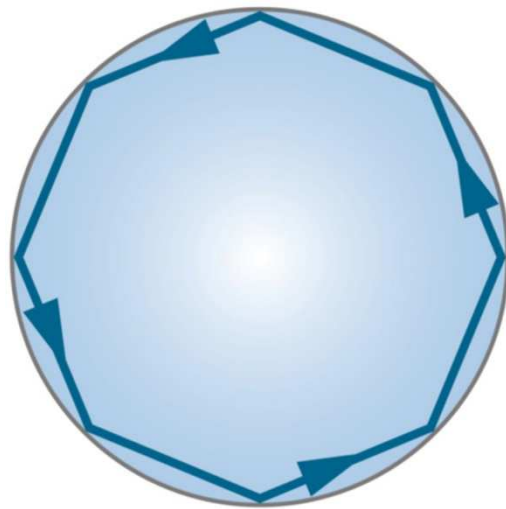


Image source: google images

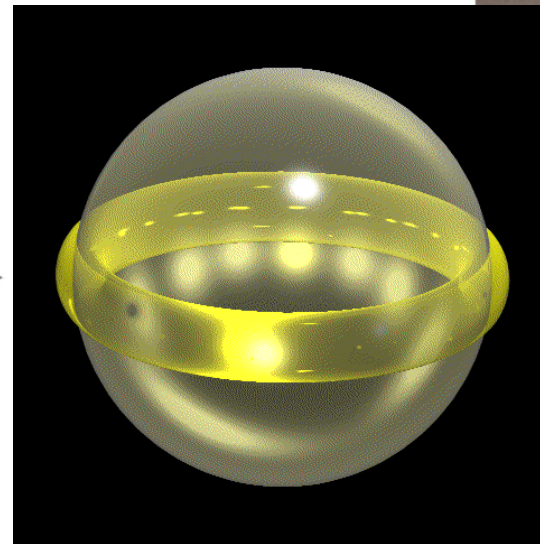
# MICROCAVITY: GLASS MICROSPHERE



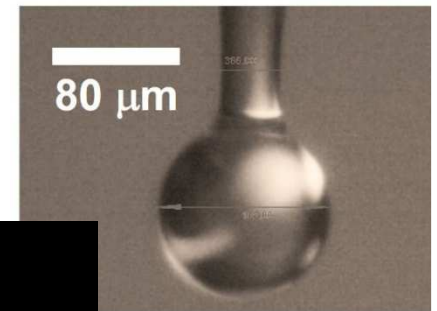
## Optical Resonance in Glass Microsphere



Geometric optics



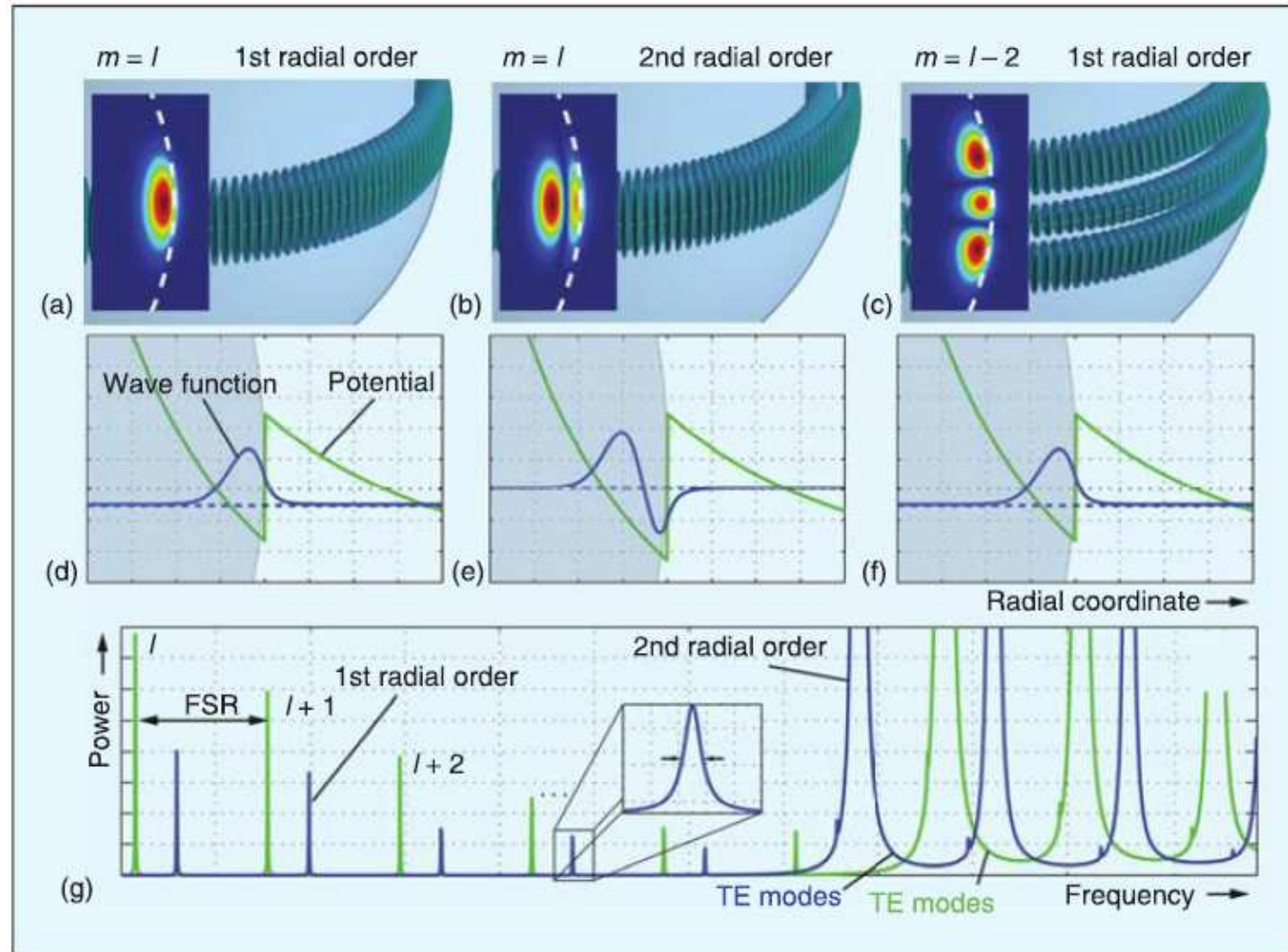
Wave optics

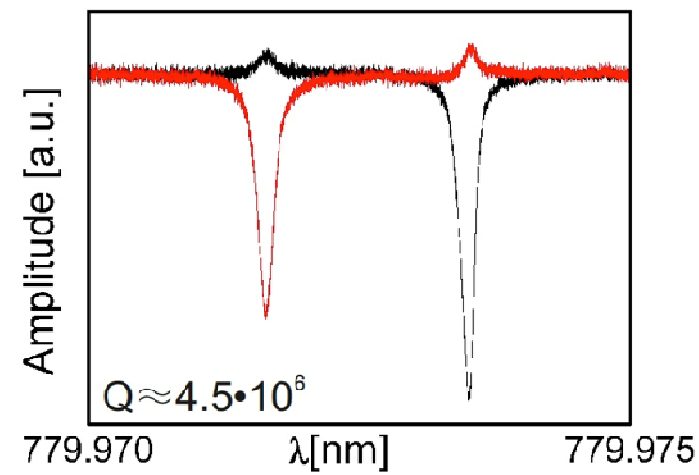
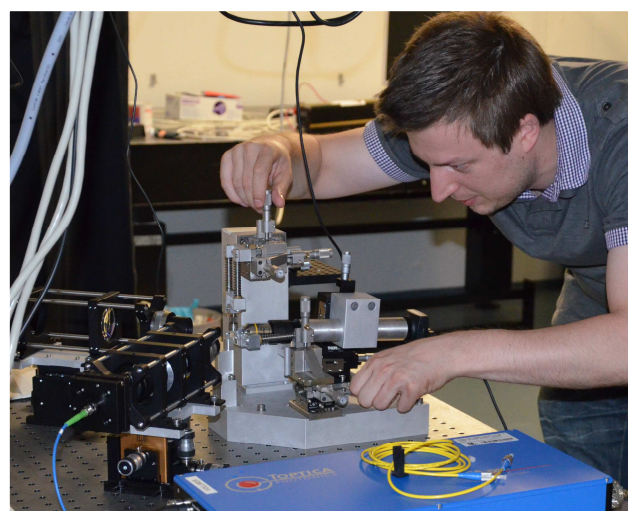
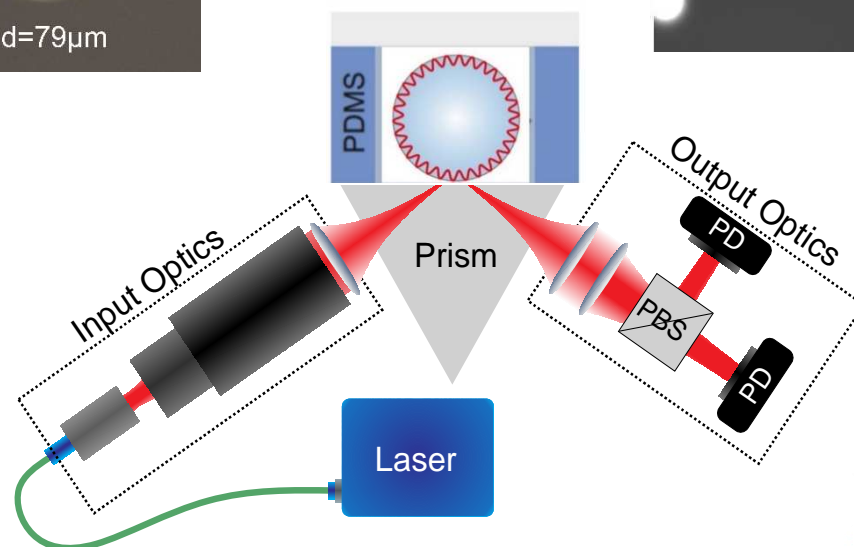
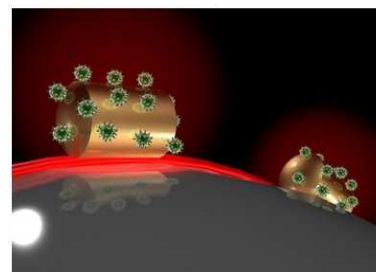


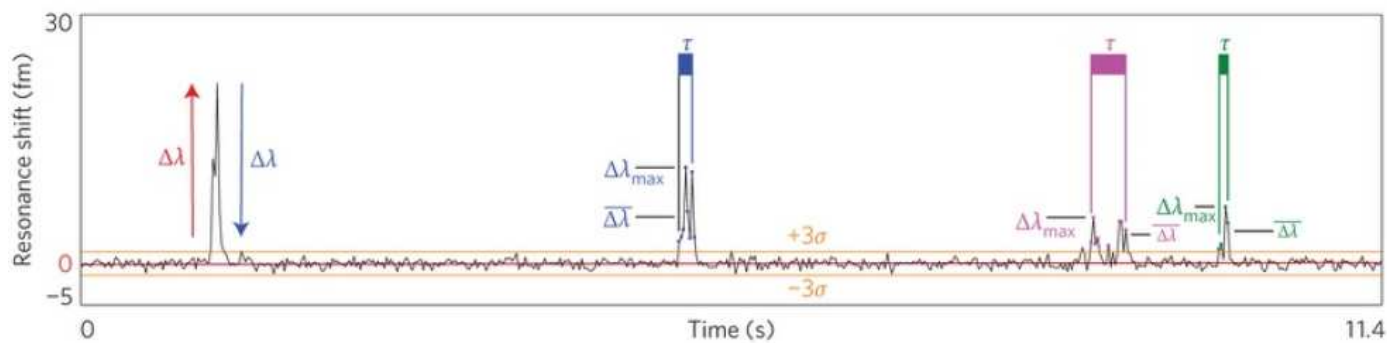
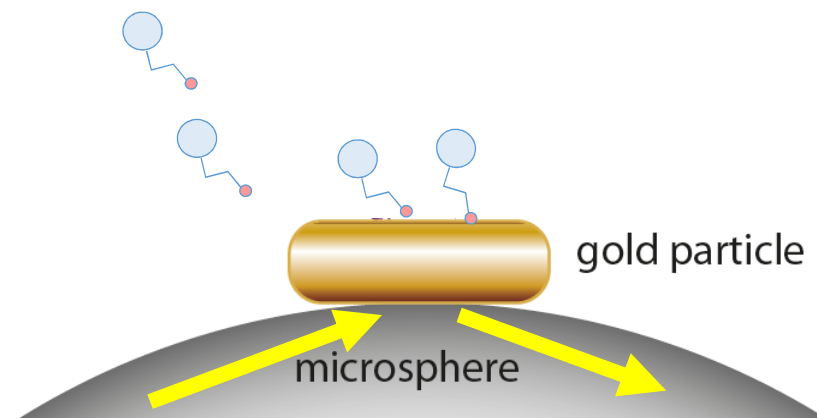
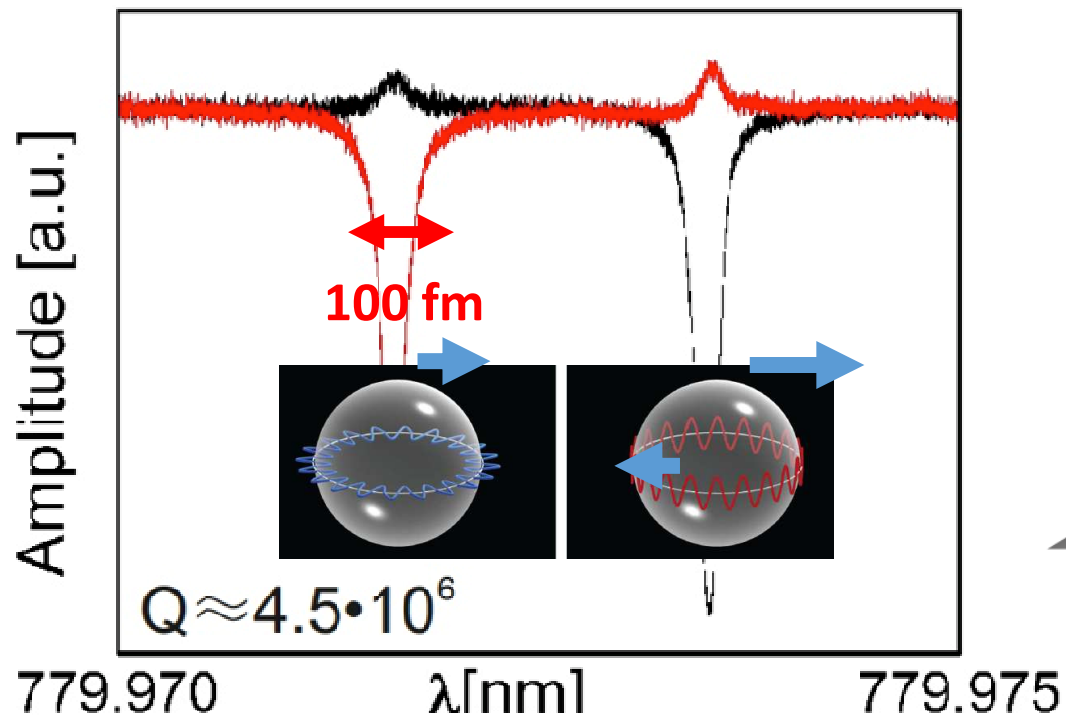
**one precise wavelength / frequency!**

# WHISPERING GALLERY MODES IN GLASS MICROSPHERES

$Q \sim 10^6-7$   
 FSR  $\sim 1$  nm  
 Finesse  $> 1000$   
 visible to near-IR







adaptable for detecting  
virtually any biomolecule

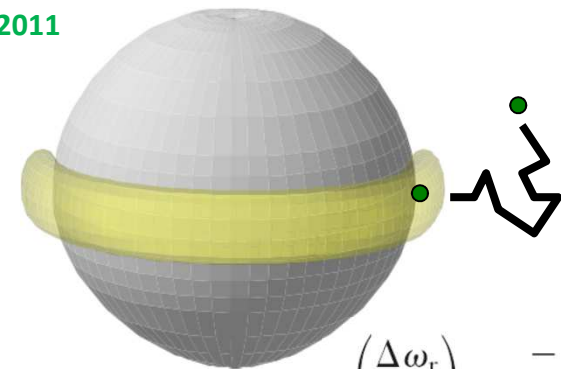
Why so sensitive?





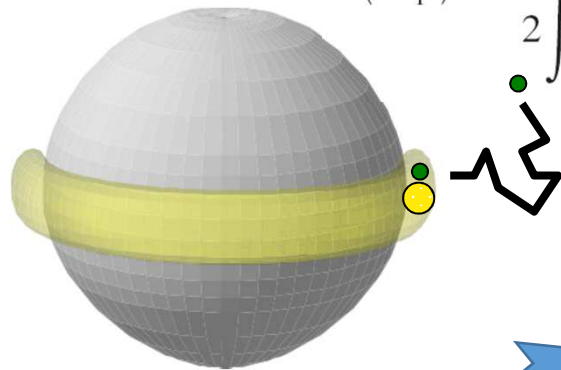
# SENSING MECHANISM

Applied Physics Letters  
May 4<sup>th</sup>, 2011

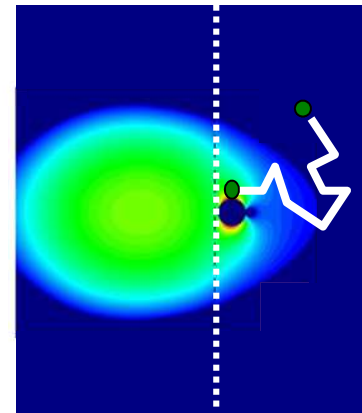
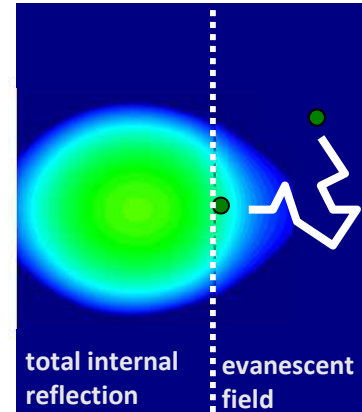


$Q/V$

$$\left(\frac{\Delta\omega_r}{\omega_r}\right) \cong \frac{-(\alpha_{ex}/\epsilon_0) \int \epsilon_r(\mathbf{r}) |E_0(\mathbf{r})|^2 dV}{2 \int \epsilon_r(\mathbf{r}) |E_0(\mathbf{r})|^2 dV},$$



$Q/V \times E^2/E_0^2$

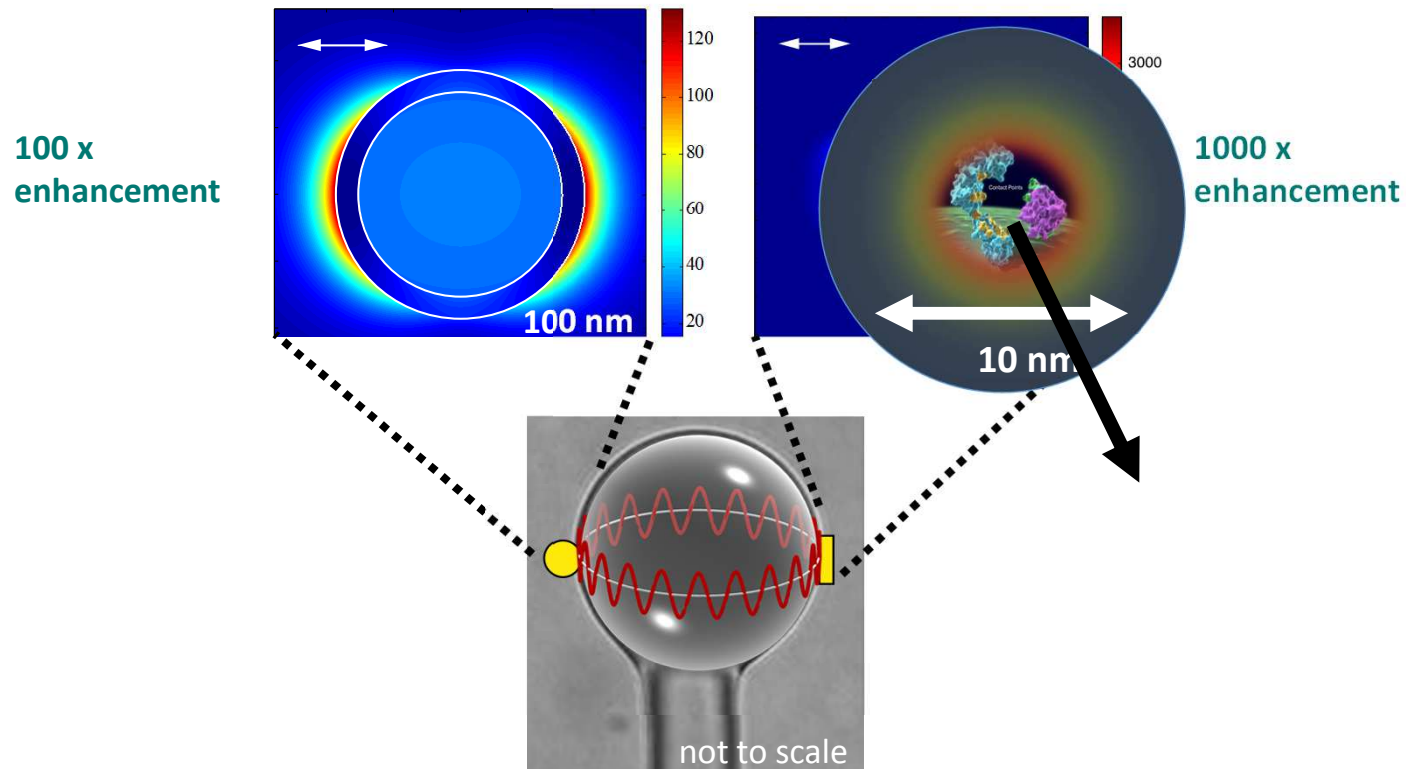


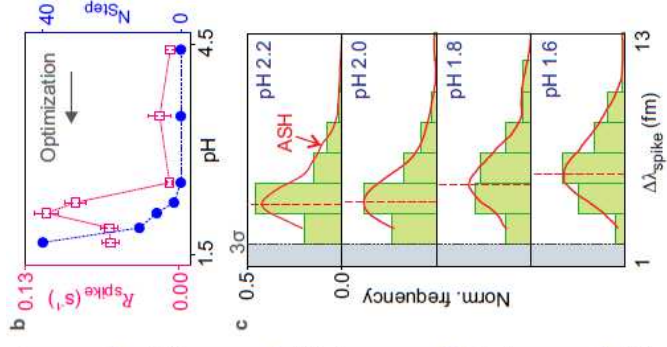
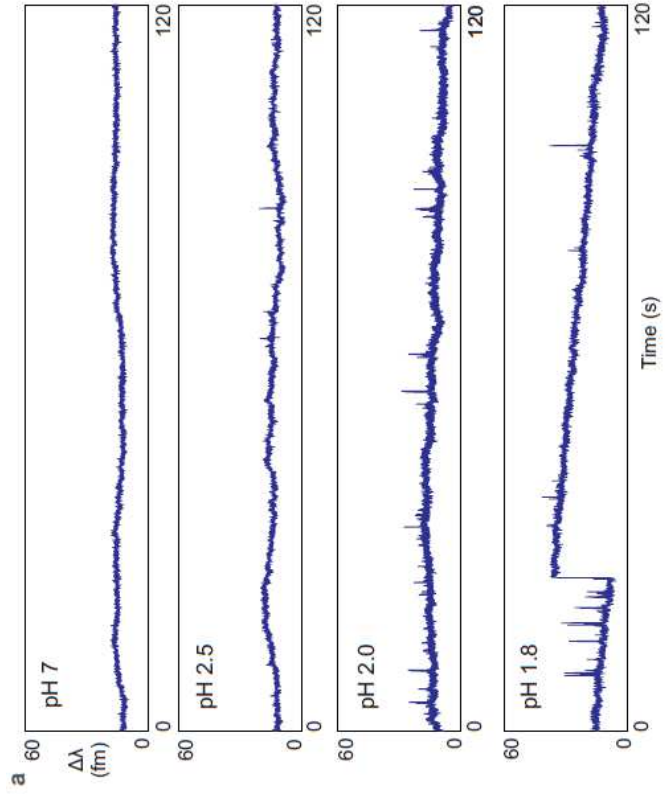
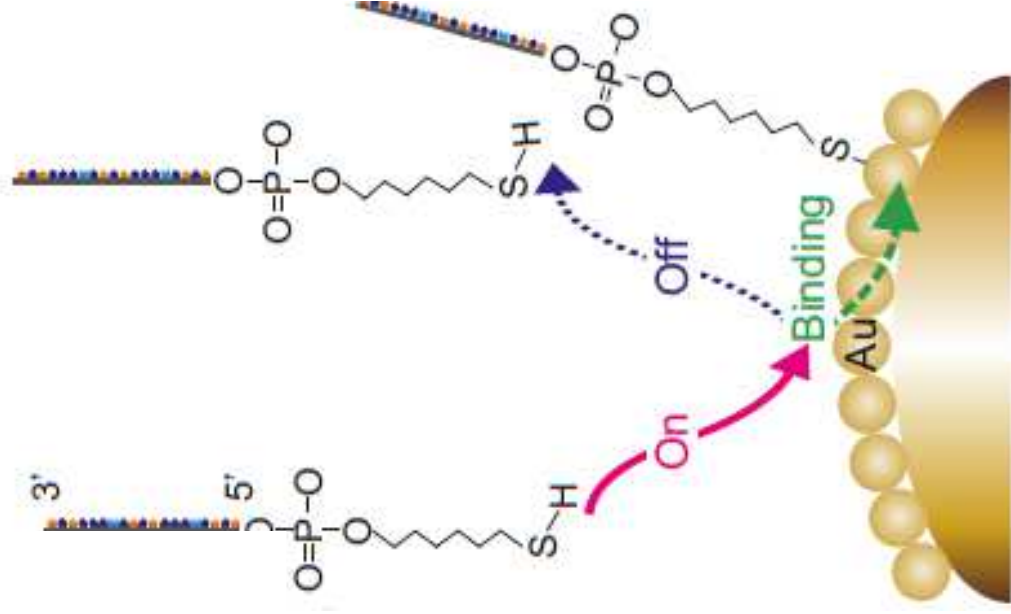
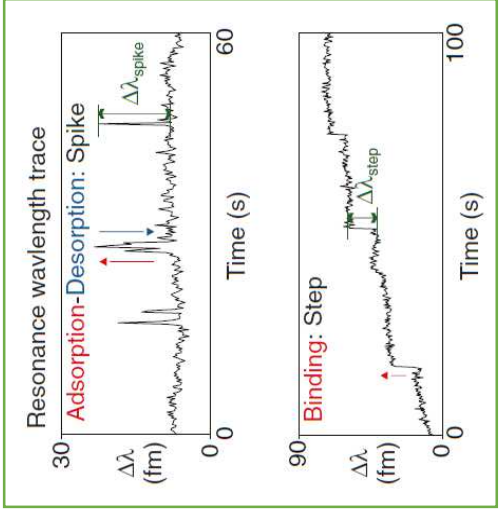
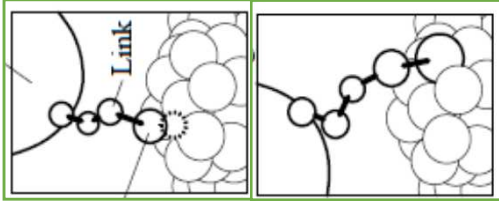
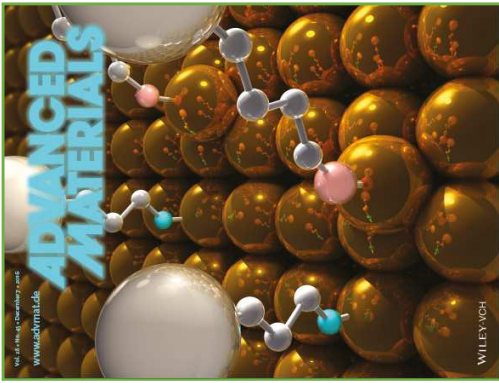
sensing with optical microavities

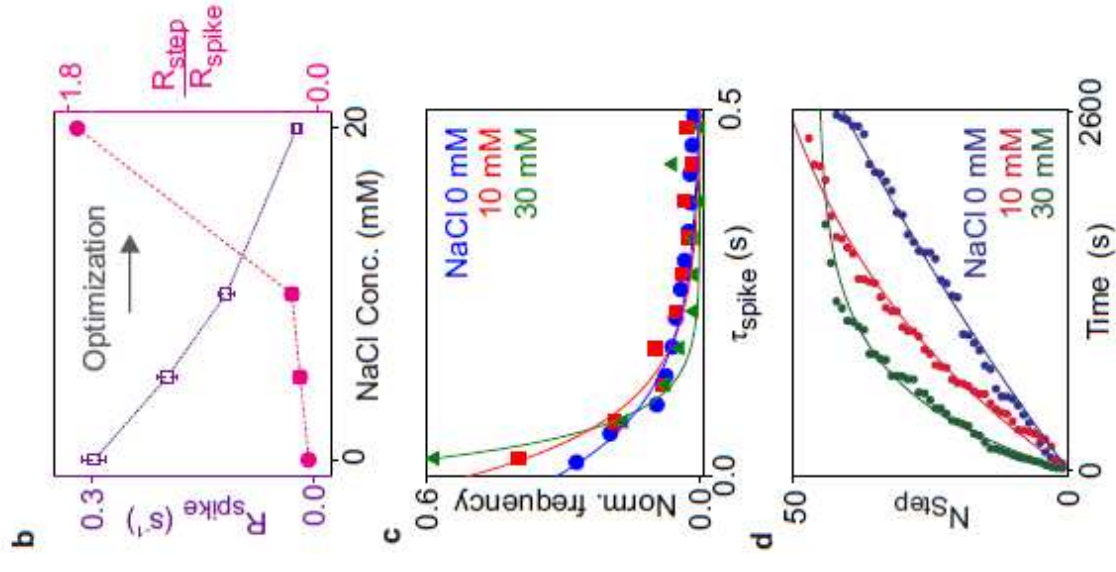
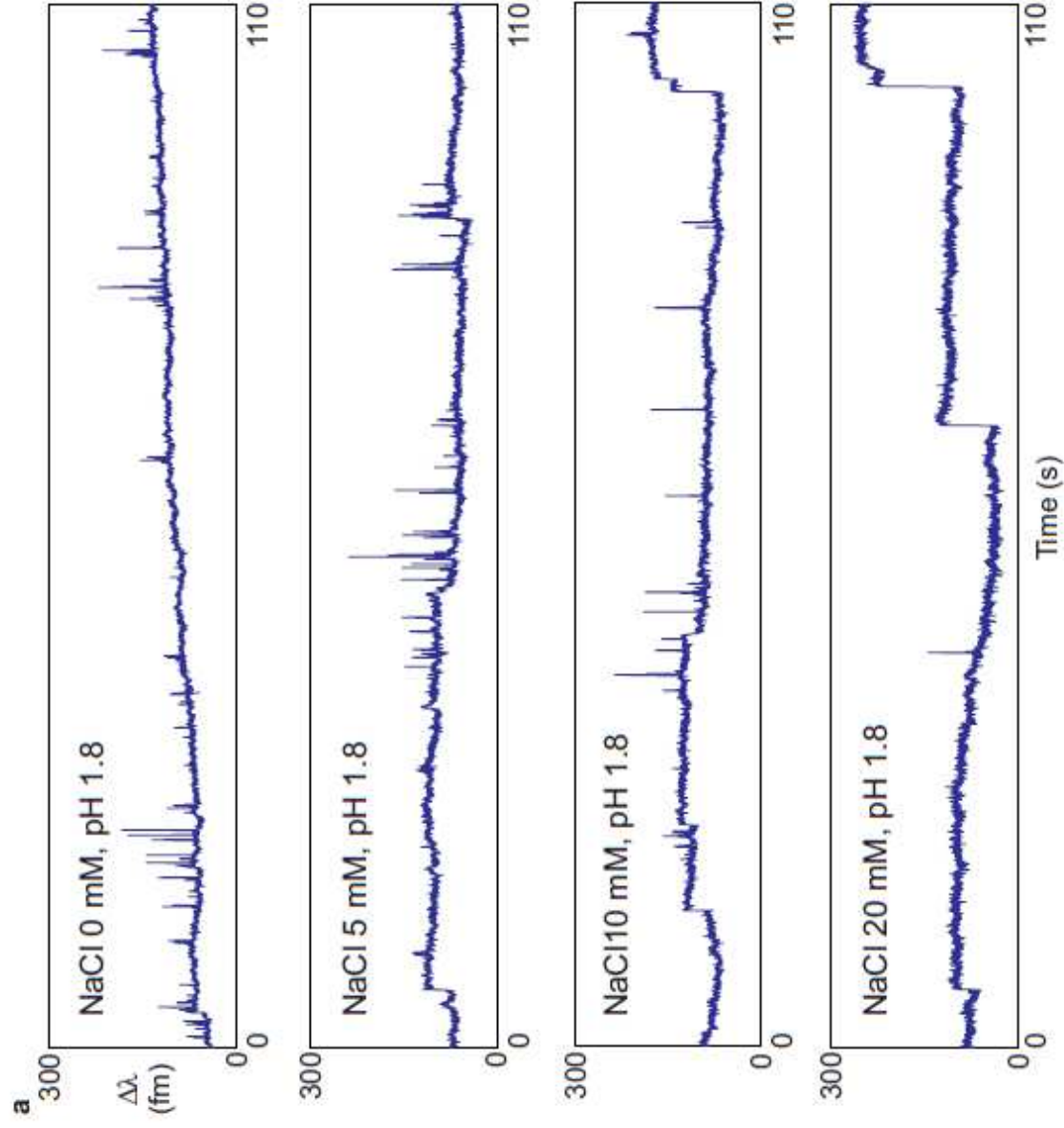
sensing with optoplasmonic microavities

x1000

# PLASMONIC ENHANCEMENTS



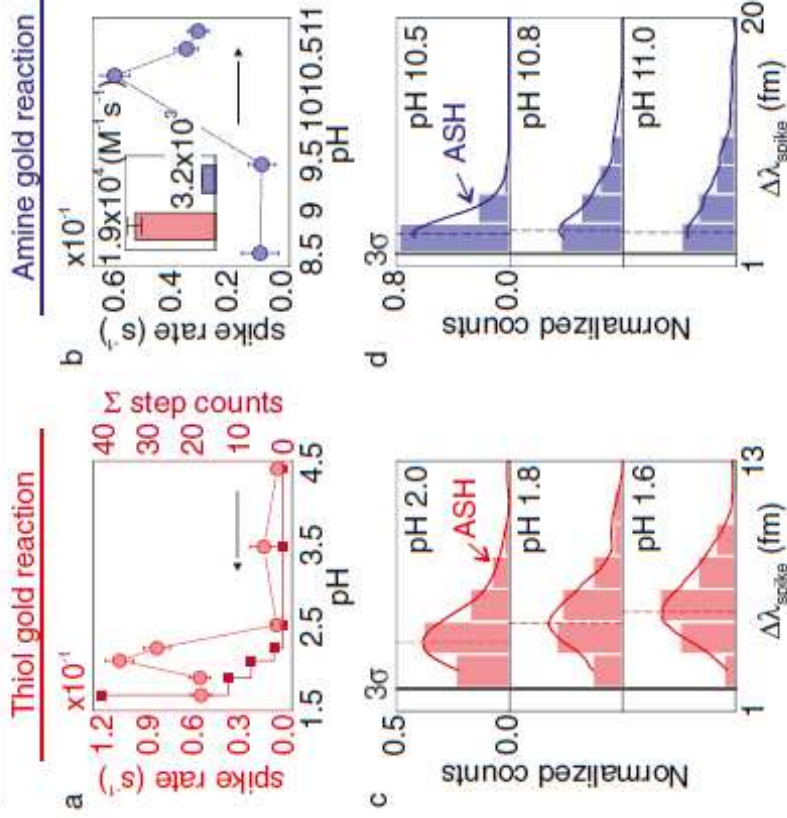




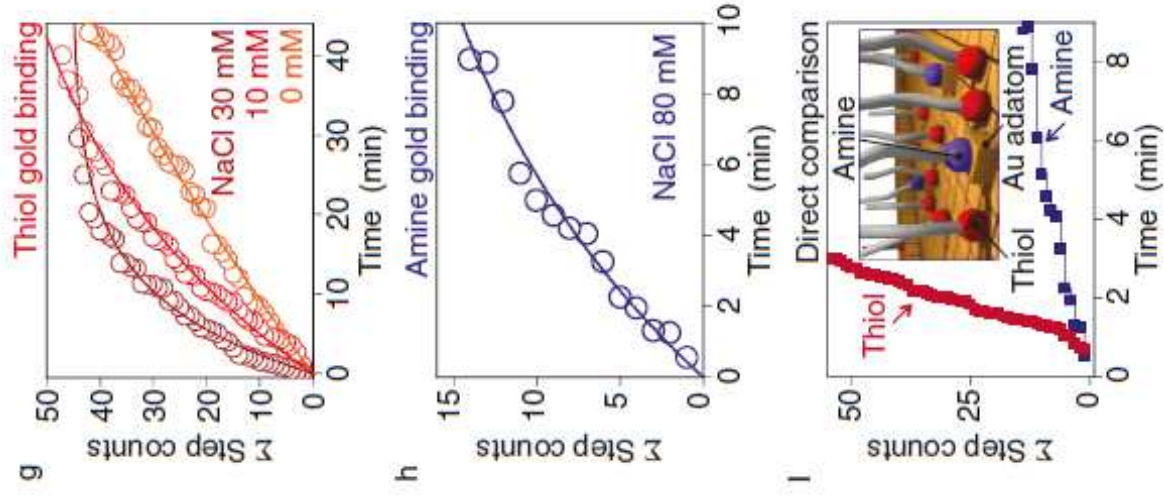
# In Situ Observation of Single-Molecule Surface Reactions from Low to High Affinities

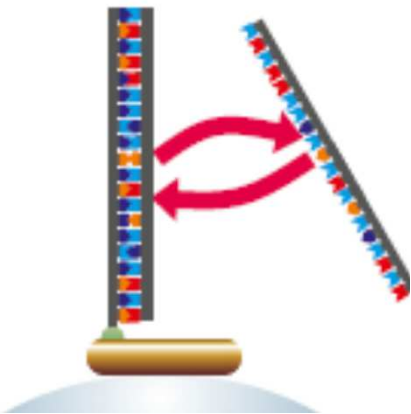
Eugene Kim, Martin D. Baaske, and Frank Vollmer\*

## Reaction kinetics at low affinity

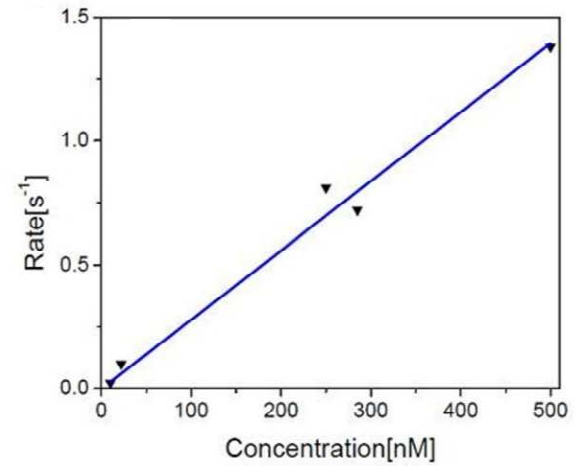
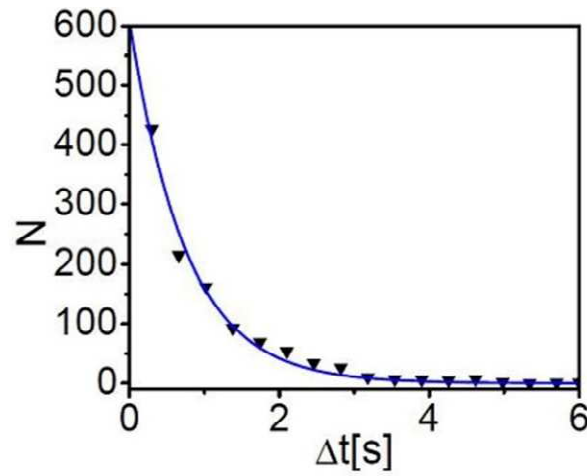
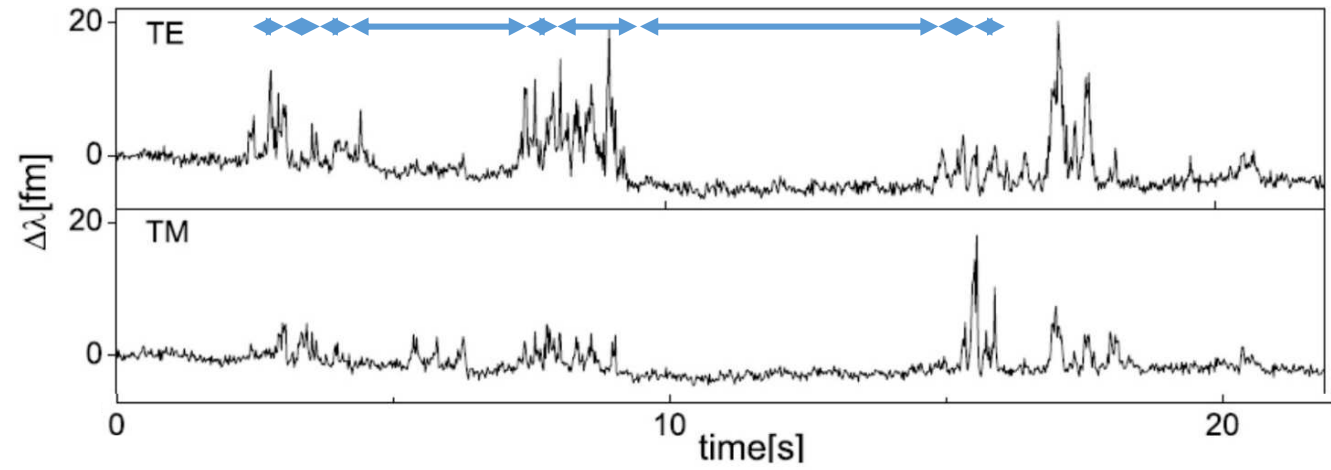
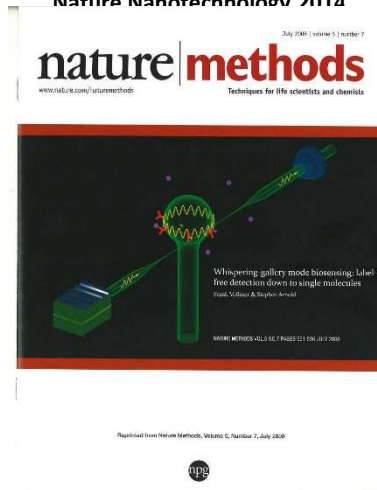


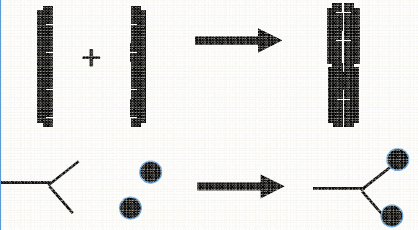
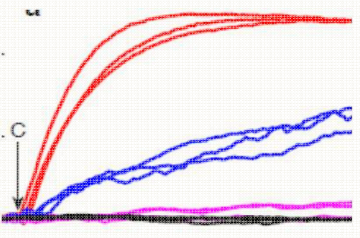
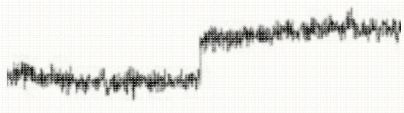
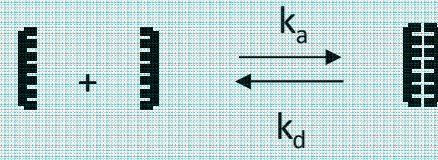
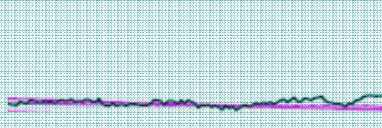
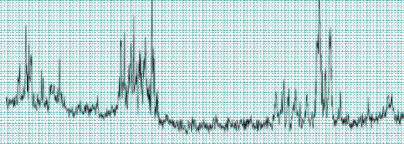
## Reaction kinetics at high affinity





Baaske, Foreman, Vollmer  
*Nature Nanotechnology* 2014



receptor affinity	conventional biosensors	single molecule biosensors
		
		

## OPPORTUNITIES WITH LABEL-FREE SINGLE MOLECULE BIOSENSORS

enzymes as „receptors“

biochemical analysis of single molecules

ligand fishing, drug discovery?

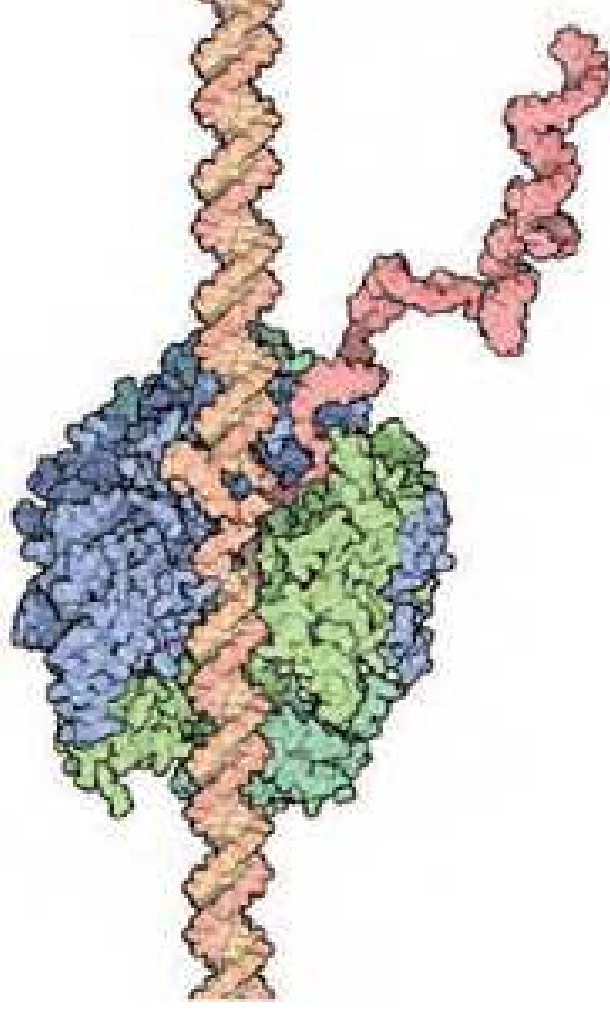
kinetic fingerprinting in complex environments

no sensor regeneration

highest sensitivity in optical domain

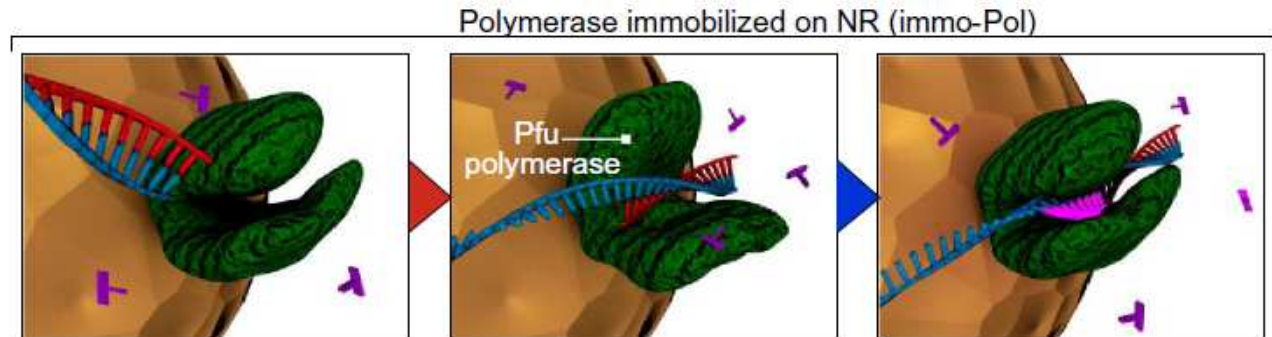
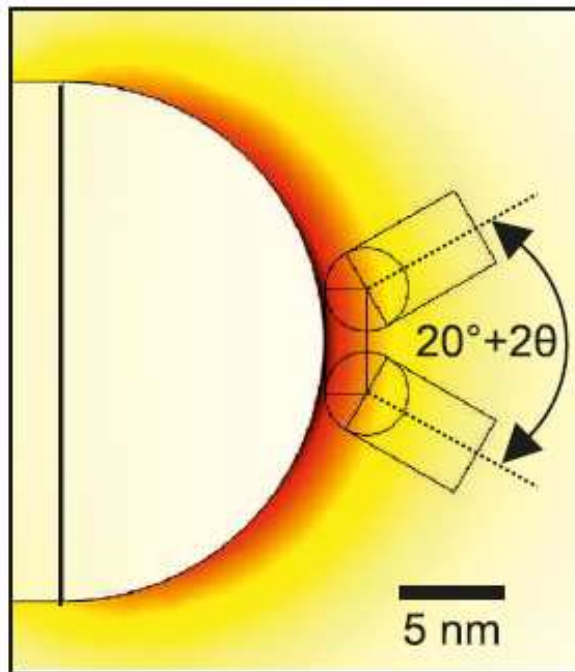
potential for very high time (ns) resolution





From David Goodsell, *The Machinery of Life* (1993)

# OBSERVING THE MOTIONS OF NANOMACHINES



SCIENCE ADVANCES | RESEARCH ARTICLE

BIOPHYSICS

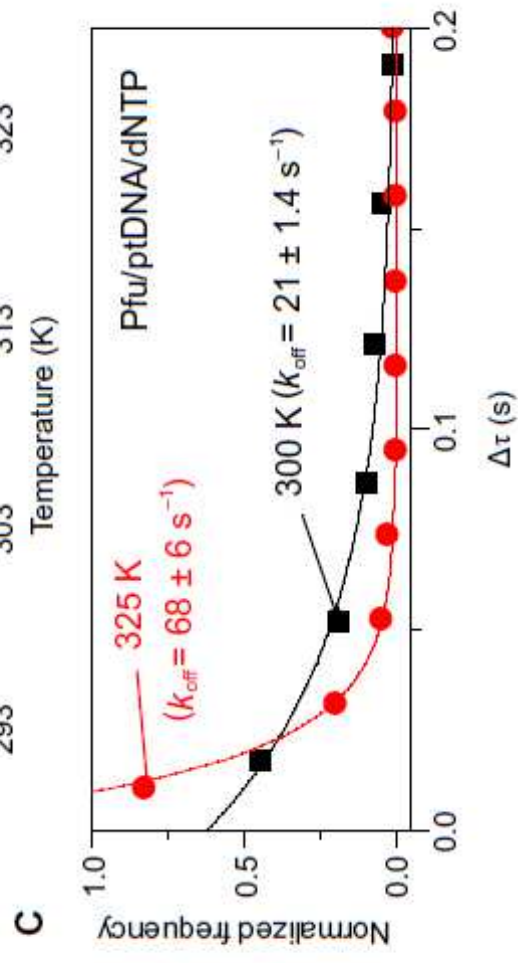
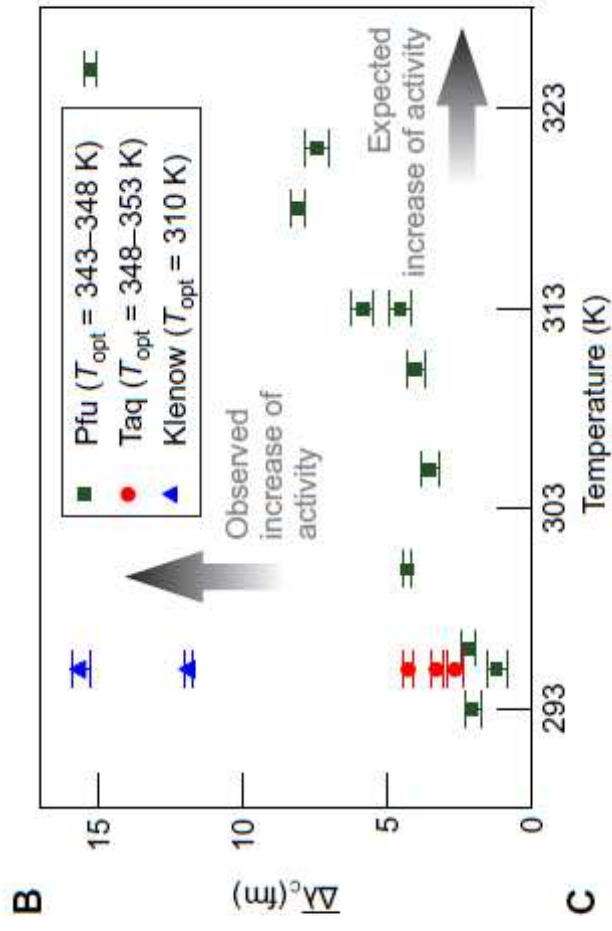
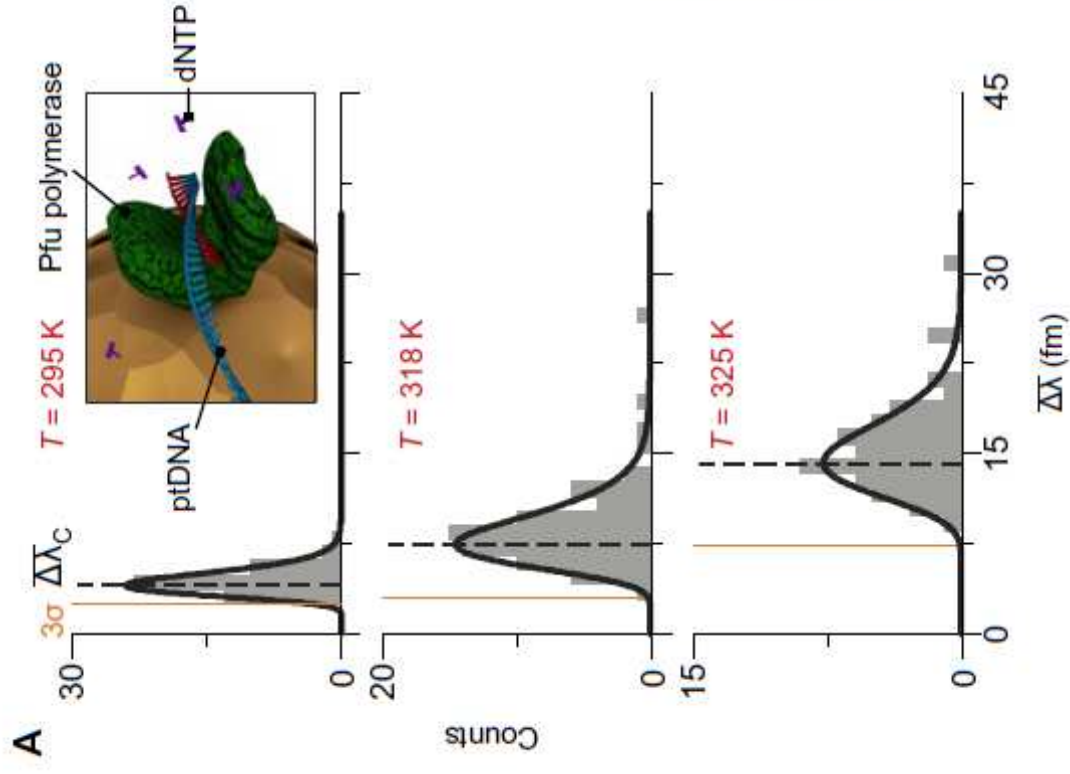
Label-free optical detection of single enzyme-reactant reactions and associated conformational changes

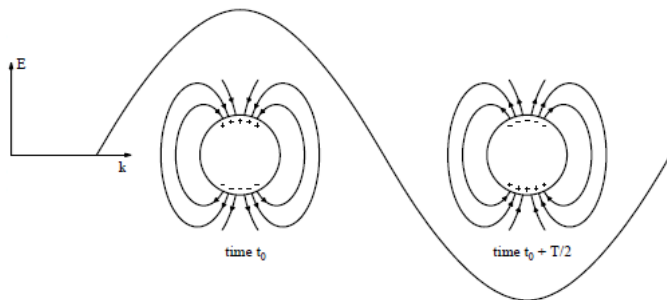
Eugene Kim,<sup>\*†</sup> Martin D. Baaske,<sup>\*†</sup> Isabel Schuldes,<sup>\*\*</sup> Peter S. Wilsch,<sup>†</sup> Frank Vollmer<sup>§</sup>

$$\Delta\lambda \propto \alpha_e \left( \int_{v_m(t_2)} |E(r)|^2 dV - \int_{v_m(t_1)} |E(r)|^2 dV \right)$$

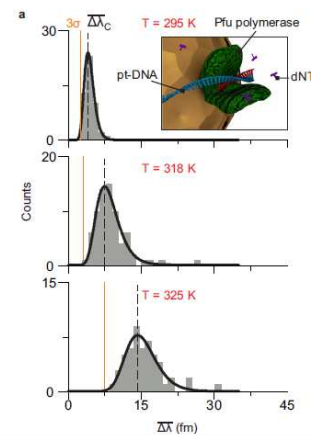
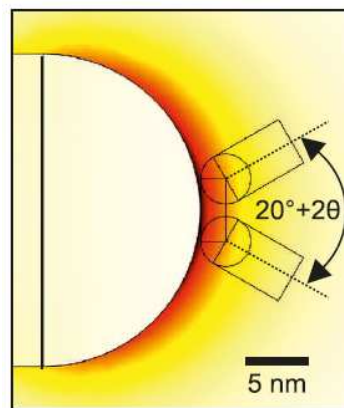
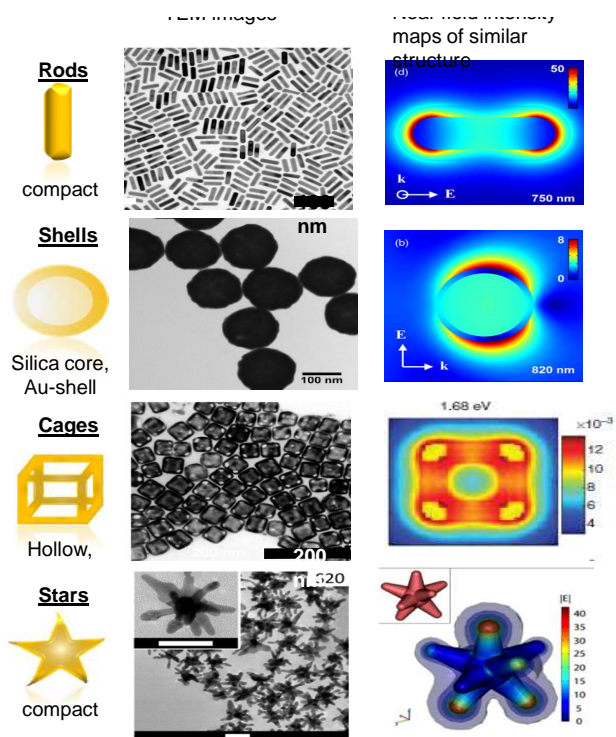
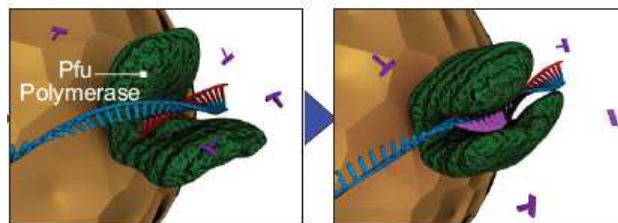
$$= \alpha_e \left( I(t_2) - I(t_1) \right) = \alpha_e \Delta I$$

$$I_{\text{exp},k} = \bar{I}_k = (\tau_m)^{-1} \int_{t_0}^{t_0 + \tau_m} I(t) dt$$

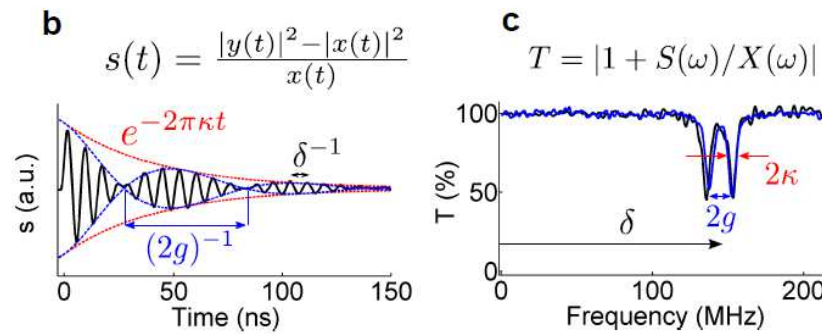
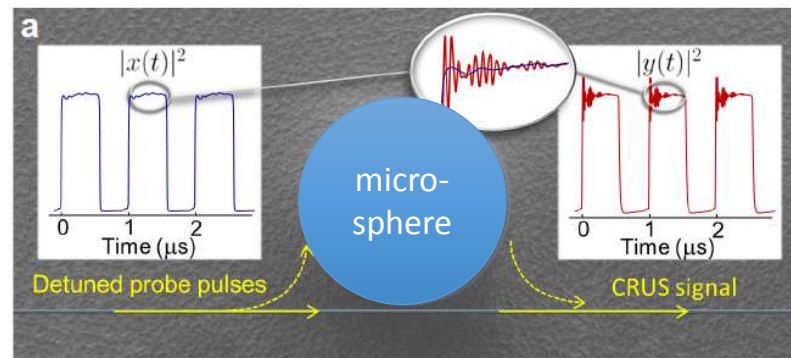




**Polymerase immobilized on NR (immo-Pol)**



# + TIME RESOLUTION: RING-UP SPECTROSCOPY

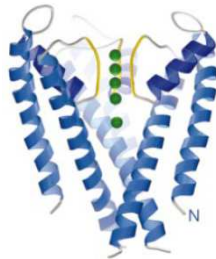


collaboration with Weizmann Institute, Vollmer *et al.*, Nature Communications 2015

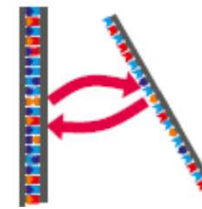
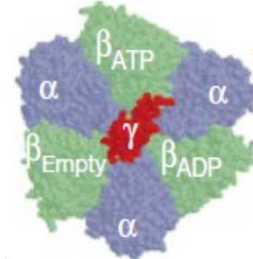
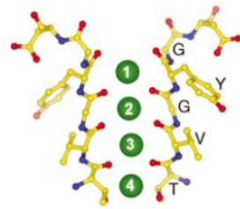
# Single molecule time resolution

$$Q = \omega\tau$$

ion channels, aquaporin



ATPase, motor proteins



~~photo damage~~



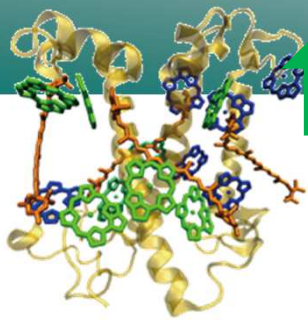
nanoseconds

microseconds

milliseconds

hours/days

time scale



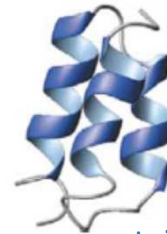
light harvesting



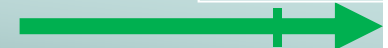
DNA, RNA dynamics



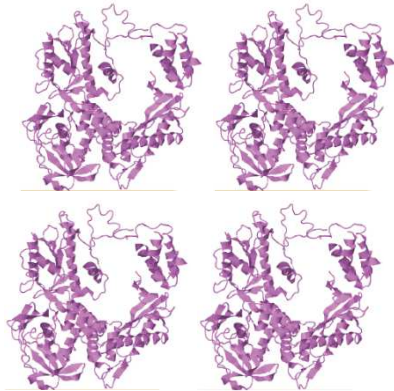
enzyme dynamics



protein folding



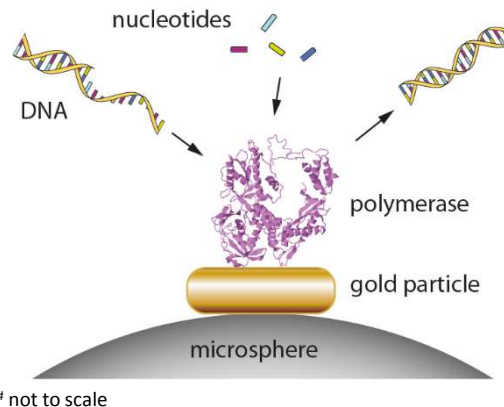
## THE RESEARCH FIELD “STRUCTURE DETERMINATION”



static structure:  
crystallography

dynamic structure:  
NMR, ESR, DLS, SAS, fluorescence  
**ensemble** measurements  
need for **synchronization, labels**

## OUR APPROACH: PROBE THE DYNAMICS OF STRUCTURE



**single molecule structural dynamics**

**label-free**, time dependent and non-destructive

highest **sensitivity** in optical domain

one of the „holy grails“ of structure determination

$$P(E) = \alpha * E \longrightarrow \text{perturbation of microcavity resonances}$$

$\Delta$  wavenumber [fm]

$$\text{Re}[\alpha]$$

$$\frac{\delta\omega}{\omega_0} \approx -\frac{\int_{V_p} [\epsilon_p(\mathbf{r}) - \epsilon_h] \mathbf{E}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}) \cdot \mathbf{E}'(\mathbf{r}) d\mathbf{r}}{2 \int_V \epsilon(\mathbf{r}) \mathbf{E}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}) \cdot \mathbf{E}'(\mathbf{r}) d\mathbf{r}} \approx -\frac{\text{Re}[\alpha]}{2} \frac{f |\mathbf{E}(\mathbf{r}_p)|^2}{\int_V \epsilon(\mathbf{r}) |\mathbf{E}(\mathbf{r})|^2 d\mathbf{r}},$$

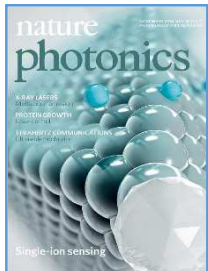
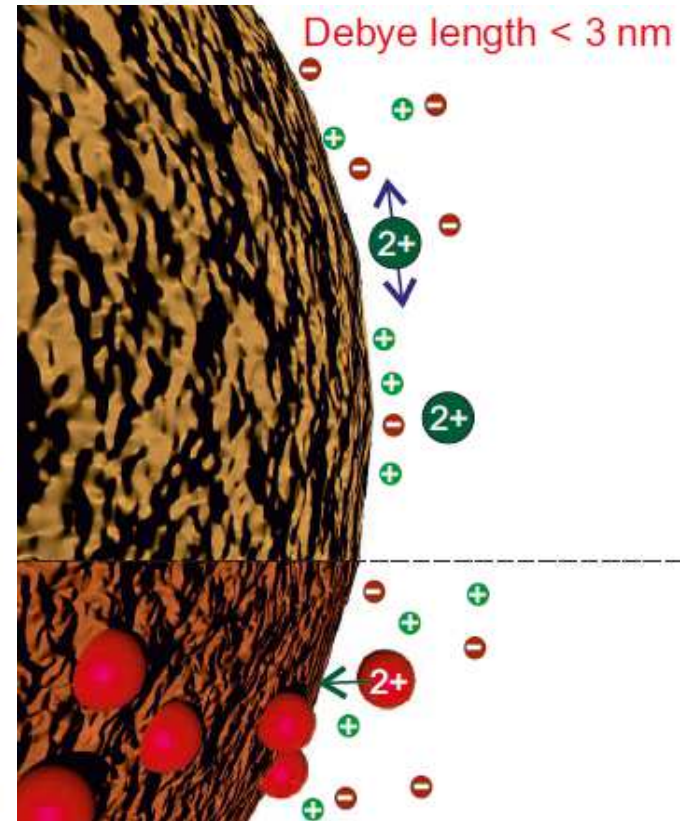
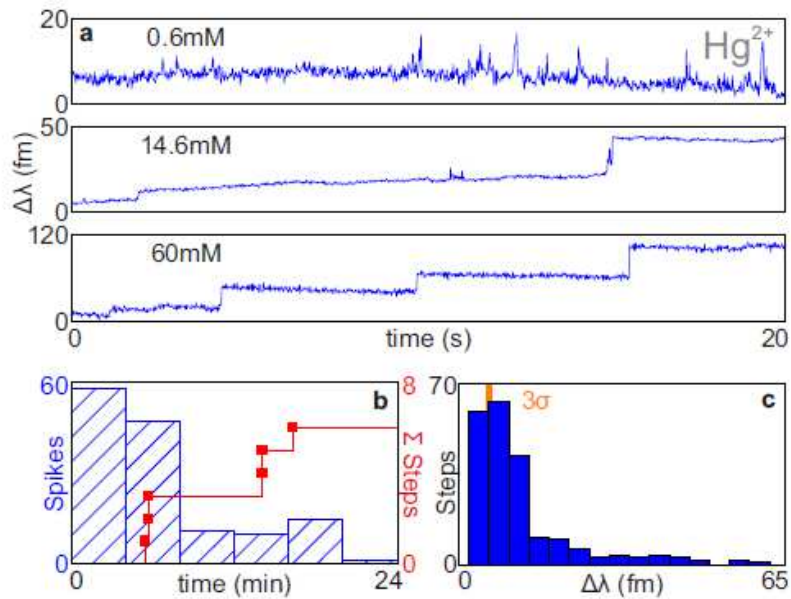
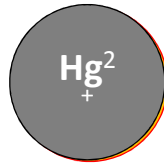
$\Delta$  linewidth [fm]

$$\text{Im}[\alpha], \alpha^2$$

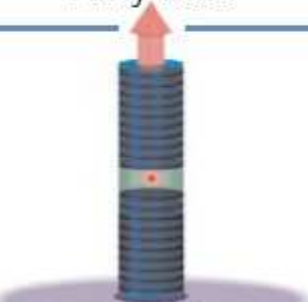
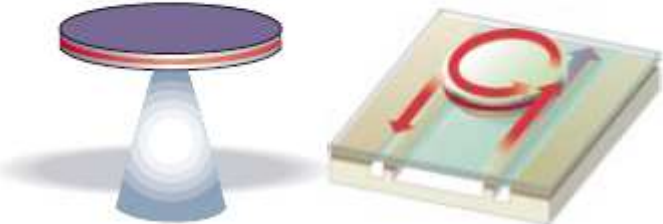

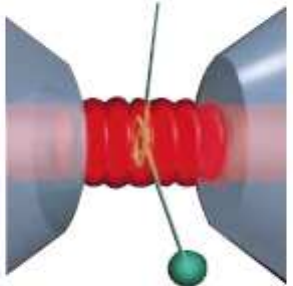
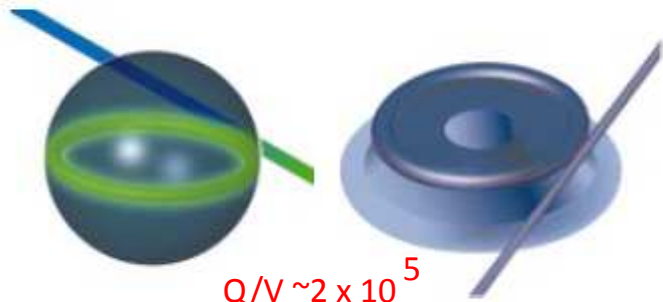
$$\frac{\delta\gamma_{\text{abs}}}{\omega_0} \approx \text{Im}[\alpha] \frac{|\mathbf{E}(\mathbf{r}_p)|^2}{\int_V \epsilon(\mathbf{r}) |\mathbf{E}(\mathbf{r})|^2 d\mathbf{r}}, \quad \delta\gamma_{\text{sca}} = \frac{n_h^5 \omega_0^4 \epsilon_0}{6\pi c^3} \frac{|\alpha|^2 |\mathbf{E}(\mathbf{r}_p)|^2}{\int_V \epsilon(\mathbf{r}) |\mathbf{E}(\mathbf{r})|^2 d\mathbf{r}}.$$

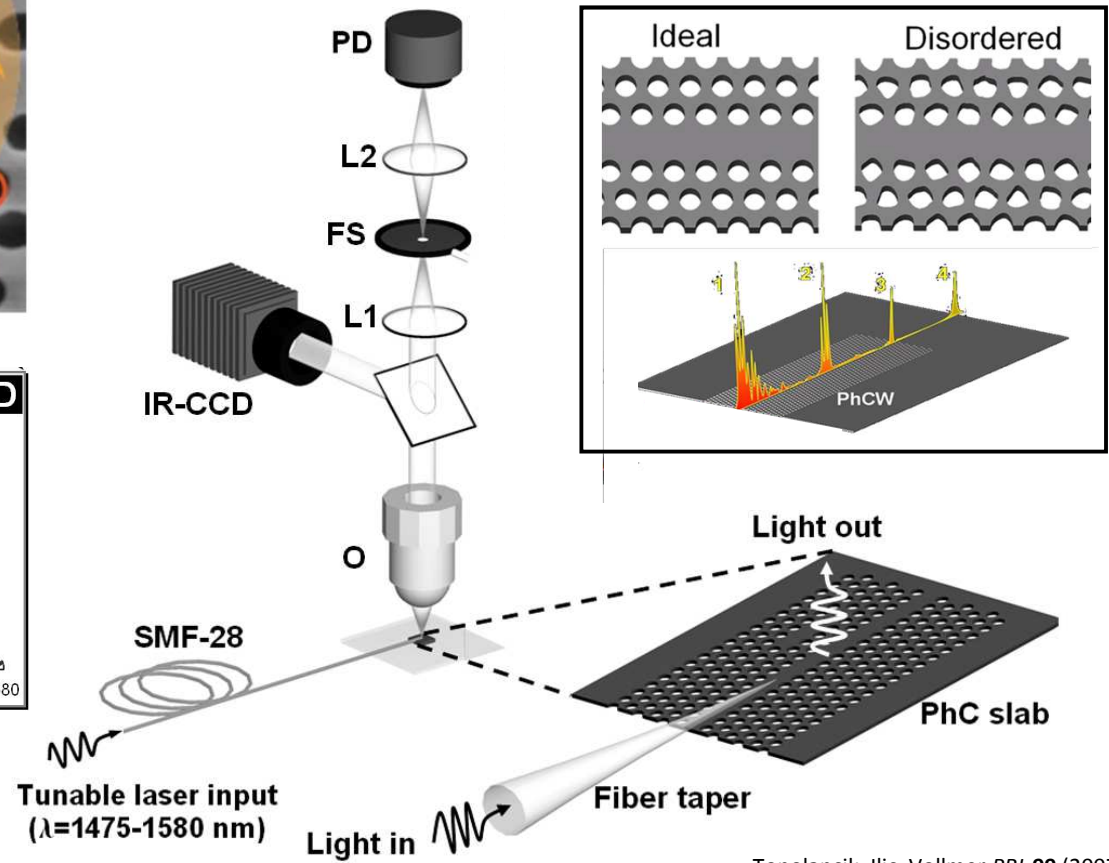
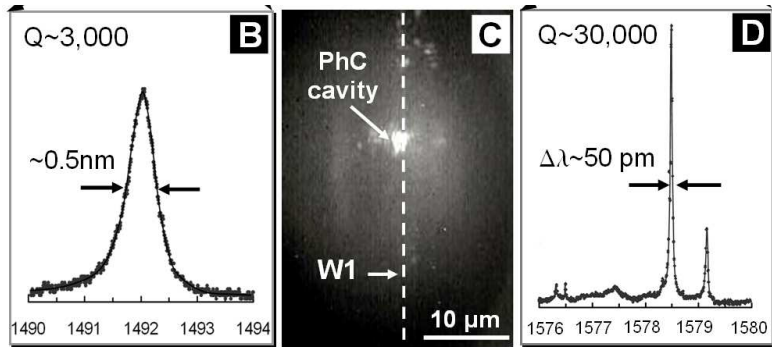
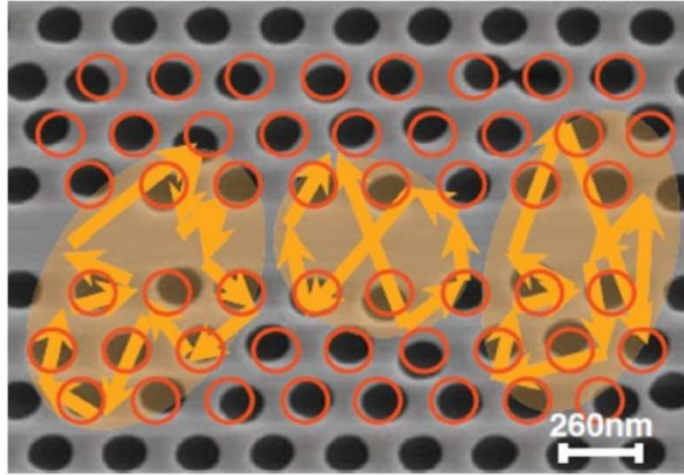


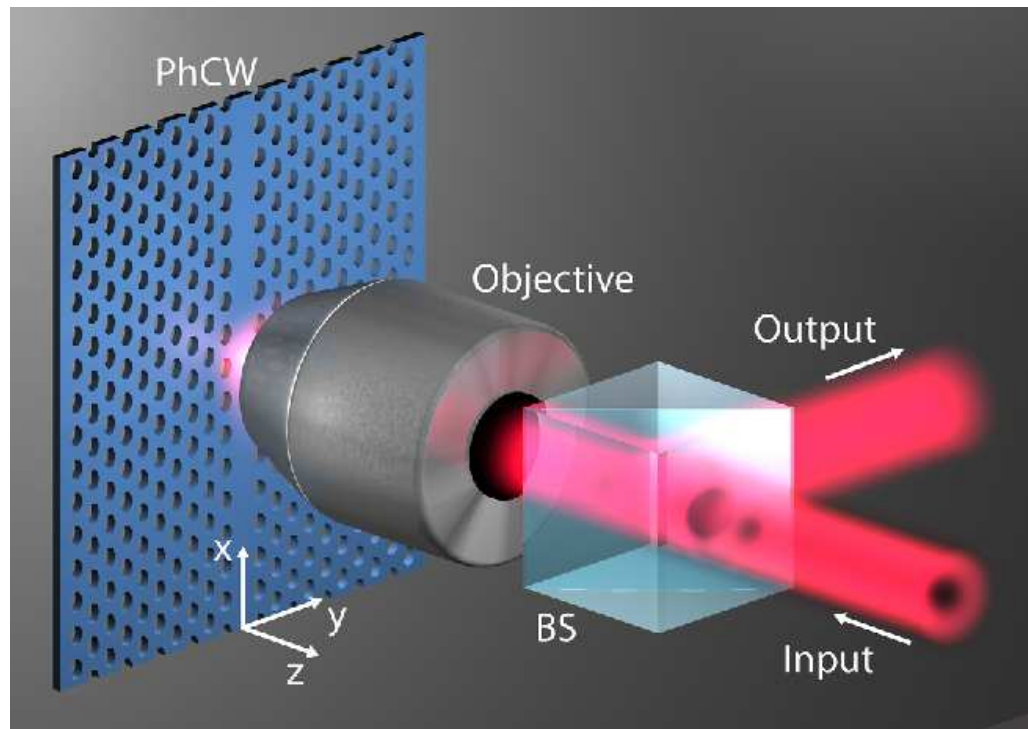
# TAKING DETECTION TO THE LIMIT: SINGLE ATOMIC IONS



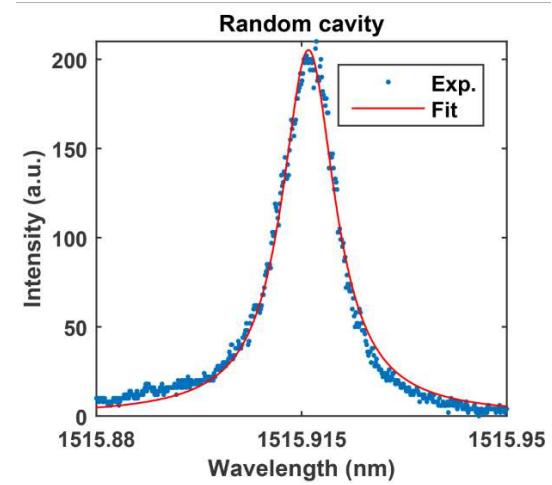
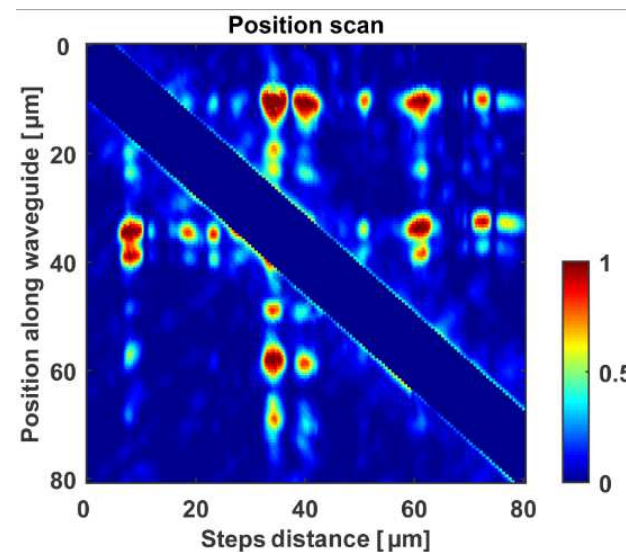


	Fabry-Perot	Whispering gallery	Photonic crystal
High Q	 <p>Q: 2,000 V: <math>5 (\lambda/n)^3</math></p>	 <p>Q: 12,000 V: <math>6 (\lambda/n)^3</math></p> <p><math>Q_{III-V}</math>: 7,000 <math>Q_{Poly}</math>: <math>1.3 \times 10^5</math></p>	 <p><math>Q/V \sim 1 \times 10^{5-6}</math></p> <p>Q: 13,000 V: <math>1.2 (\lambda/n)^3</math></p>
Ultra-high Q	 <p>F: <math>4.8 \times 10^5</math> V: <math>1,690 \mu\text{m}^3</math></p>	 <p><math>Q/V \sim 2 \times 10^5</math></p> <p>Q: <math>8 \times 10^9</math> V: <math>3,000 \mu\text{m}^3</math></p> <p>Q: <math>10^8</math></p>	

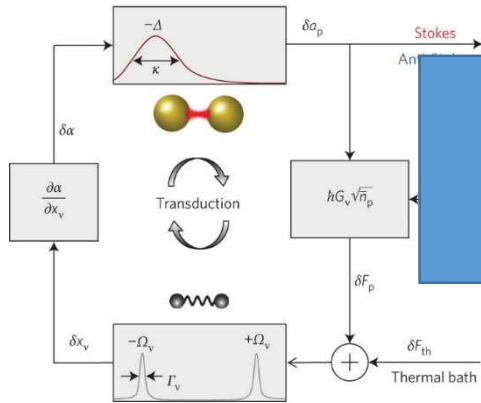
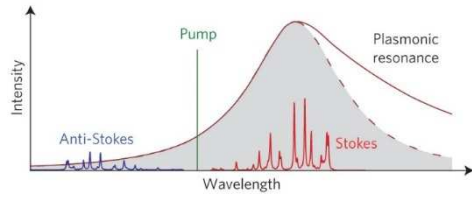




Mahdavi A, Roth P, Xavier J, Paraiso TK, Banzer P, Vollmer F. (2017) [Free space excitation of coupled Anderson-localized modes in photonic crystal waveguides with polarization tailored beam](#), *Applied Physics Letters*, volume 110, pages 241101-241101, article no. 24, DOI:10.1063/1.4986187h



Light to manipulate molecular vibrations/motions?

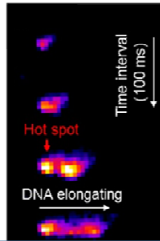
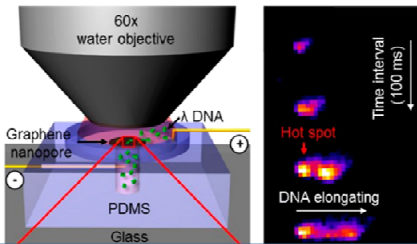


P. Roelli, C. Galland, N. Piro, T. J. Kippenberg.. *Nat. Nanotechnol.* 11(2): 164-169 (2016).

Study biological systems on chip?

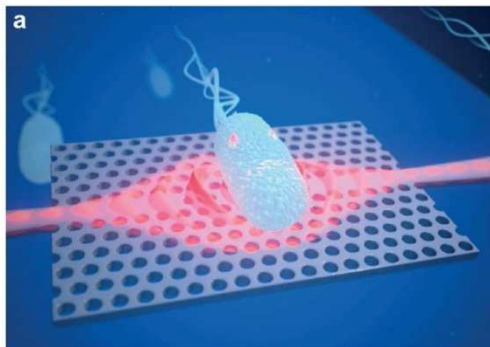
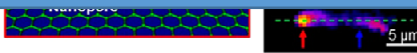
*Lab Chip* 13(22): 4358-4365 (2013).

Explore other hybrid plasmonic resonators/cavities?

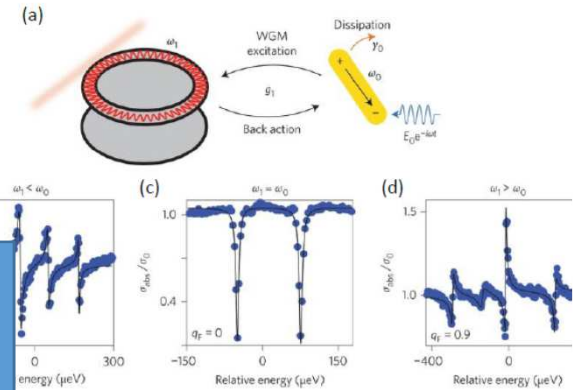


S. Nam, I. Choi, C. C. Fu, K. Zettl, and L. P. Lee. *BioPhotonics* 4(1): 1-10 (2015).

# Optoplasmonic Sensors

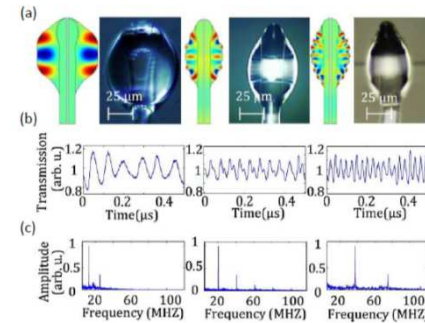


Miniaturise single-molecule spectroscopy?



..., N. Thakkar, E. H. Horak, S. C. Quillin, C. Cherqui, K. A. Knorr, and J. R. Smith. *Nat. Photonics* 10(12): 788-795 (2016).

Droplet sensing?



T. Carmon. Droplet optomechanics. *Optica* 3(2): 175-178 (2016).



## Advances in Optoplasmonic Sensors — Combining Optical Nano/Microcavities and Photonic Crystals with Plasmonic Nanostructures and Nanoparticles ”

Jolly Xavier<sup>a,b,\*</sup>, Serge Vincent<sup>a,b,\*</sup>, Fabian Meder<sup>b,c,\*</sup>, and  
Frank Vollmer<sup>a,b,\*</sup>,<sup>†</sup>

**Nanophotonics** (2017), volume 1, DOI:10.1515/nanoph-  
2017-0064.



### Lab on a Chip

#### CRITICAL REVIEW

Check for updates

Cite this: *Lab Chip*, 2017, 17, 1190

#### Towards next-generation label-free biosensors: recent advances in whispering gallery mode sensors

Eugene Kim,<sup>a</sup> Martin D. Baaske<sup>a</sup> and Frank Vollmer<sup>ab</sup>

## Whispering gallery mode sensors

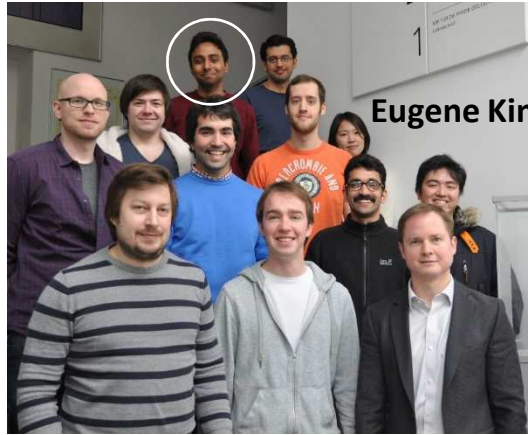
Matthew R. Foreman Jon D. Swaim and Frank Vollmer<sup>\*</sup>

Max Planck Institute for the Science of Light, Laboratory of Nanophotonics and  
Biosensing, Günther-Scharowsky-Straße 1, 91058 Erlangen, Germany

<sup>\*</sup>Corresponding author: frank.vollmer@mpl.mpg.de

Received December 1, 2014; revised March 18, 2015; accepted April 13, 2015; pub-  
lished 00 MONTH 0000; published 00 MONTH 0000 (Doc. ID 228720)

# THANK YOU!



Eugene Kim

## Martin Baaske

- Frank Vollmer (Prof)
- Jolly Xavier (Research Fellow)
- Tom Constant (Postdoc)
- Hsin-Yu Wu (Postdoc)
- Siva Subramanian (PhD)
- Serge Vincent (PhD)

open PhD positions!



Bolt Head



St. Ives - Zennor



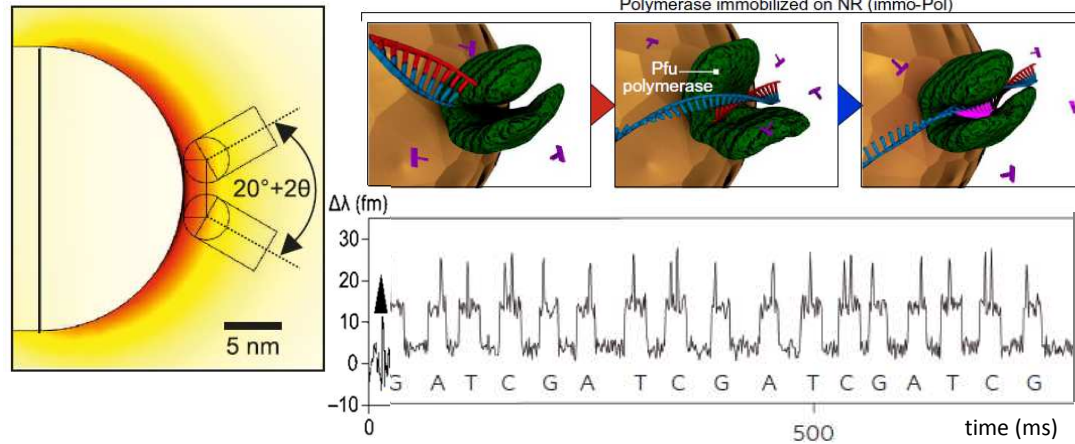
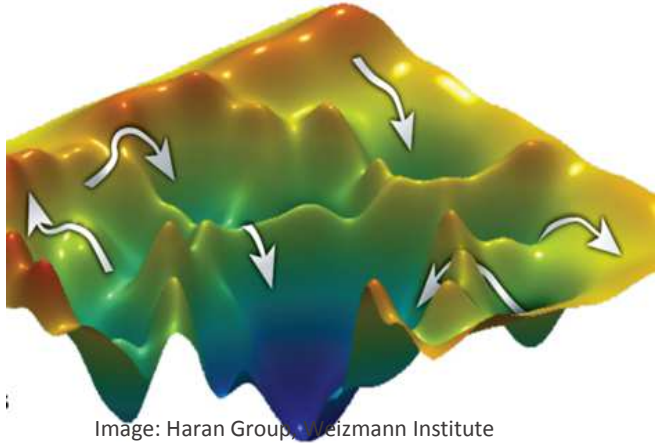
Mill Bay



Saunton



# OPTOPLASMONIC SENSORS



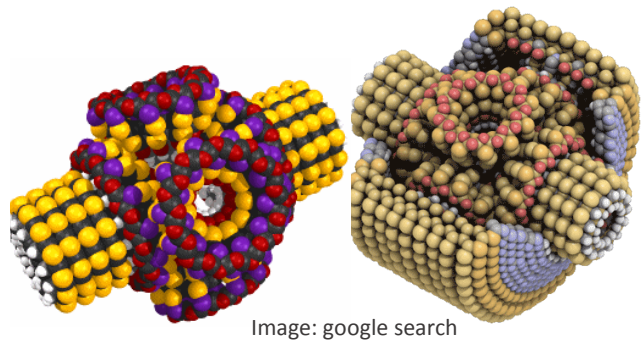
SELF-ASSEMBLY



STRUCTURE



FUNCTION



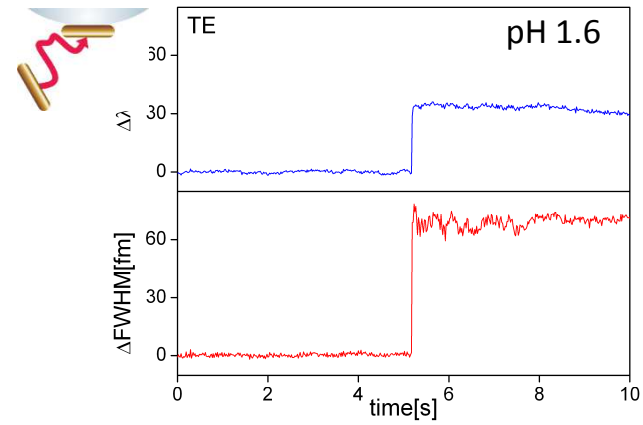
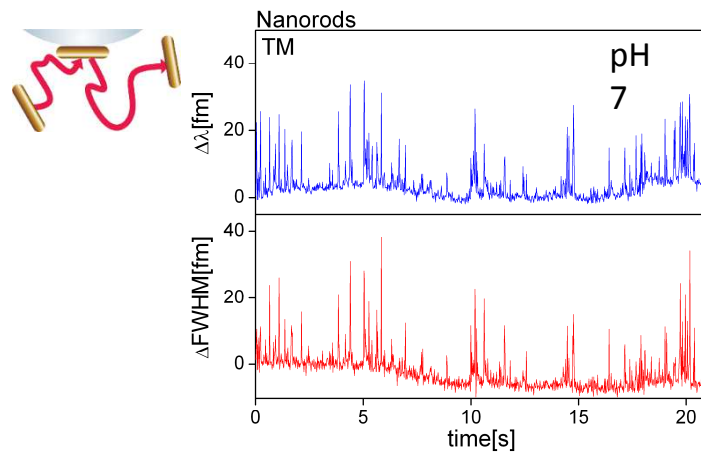
LIVING SYSTEMS

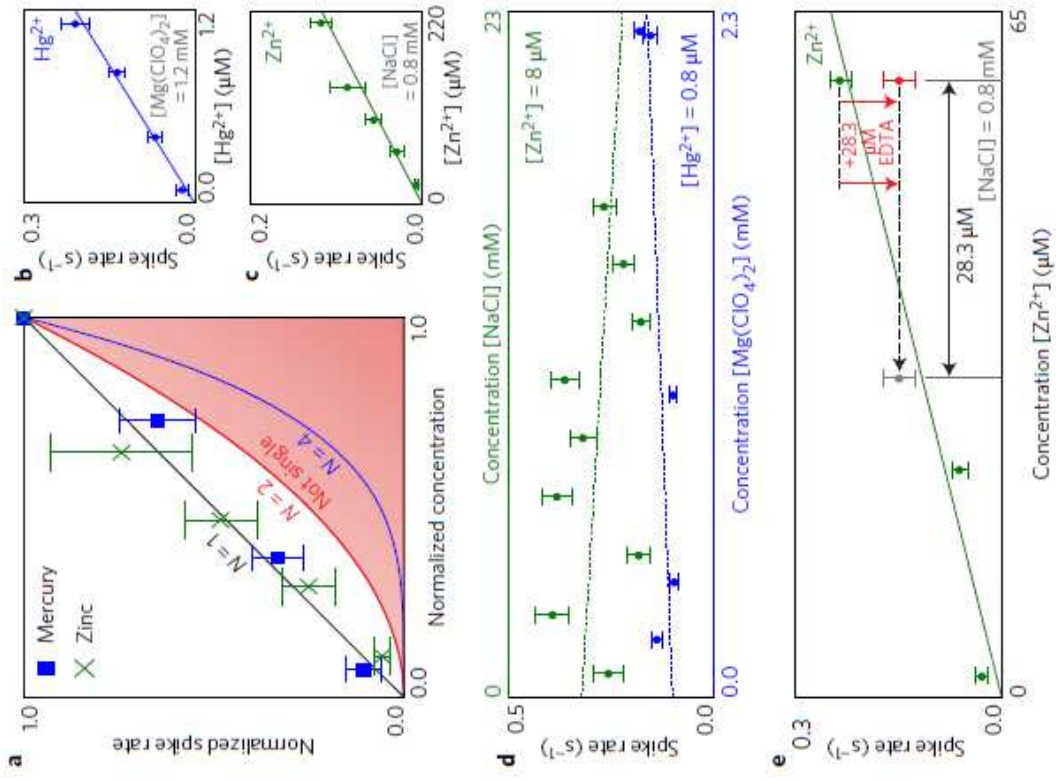
SYNTHETIC BIOLOGY



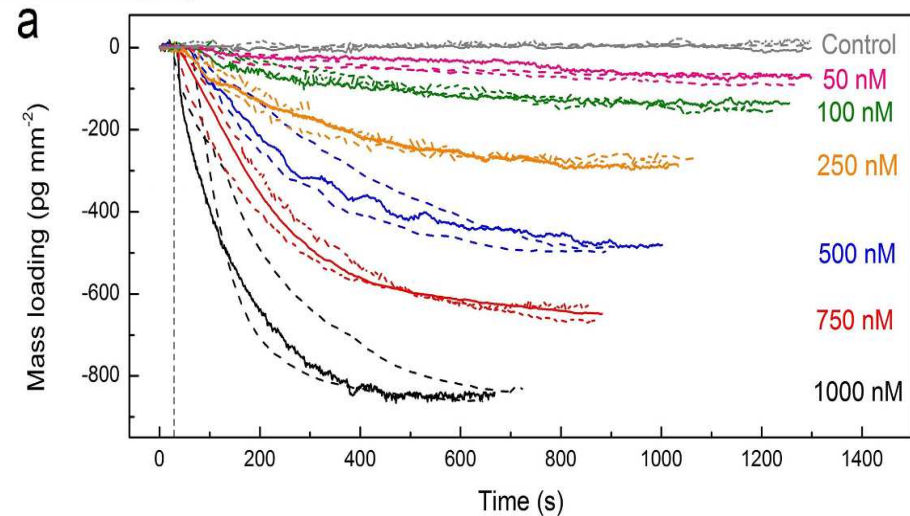
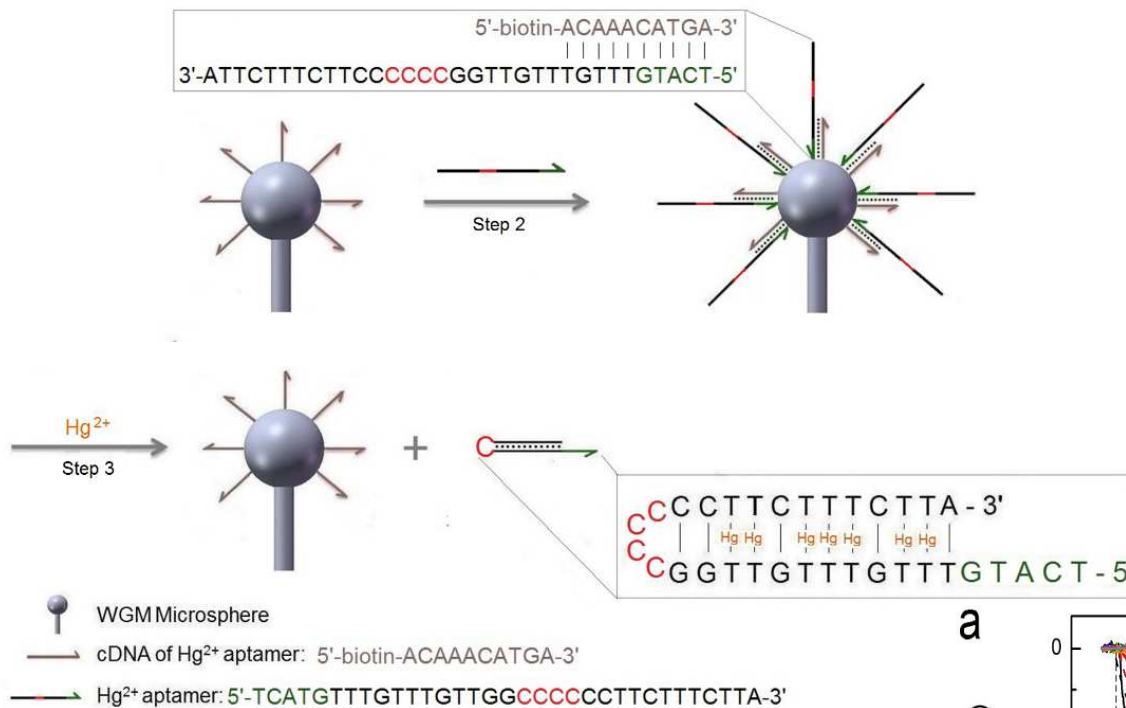
"The principles of physics, as far as I can see, do not speak against the possibility of maneuvering things atom by atom."  
(Feynman, 1961)

# I. NANOROD LOADING FROM SOLUTION





# LABEL-FREE MERCURY (II) ION DETECTION



Integrating a DNA Strand Displacement Reaction with a Whispering Gallery Mode Sensor for Label-free Mercury (II) Ion Detection (2014)

Fengchi Wu<sup>a,b,c</sup>, Yuqiang Wu<sup>c</sup>, Zhongwei Niu<sup>a</sup>, and Frank Vollmer<sup>c,d\*</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Technical Institute of Physics and Chemistry, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100190, China

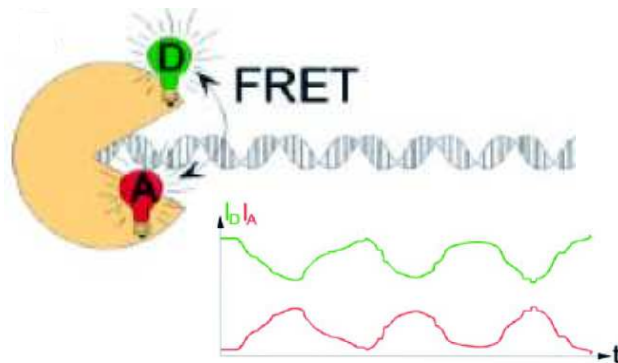
<sup>b</sup>University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100080, China

<sup>c</sup>Laboratory of Nanophotonics & Biosensing, Max Planck Institute for the Science of Light, Erlangen, D-91058, Germany

<sup>d</sup>Division of Biomedical Engineering, Brigham and Women's Hospital, Harvard Medical School, Boston, MA, 02115, USA

# FLUORESCENCE VS LABEL-FREE

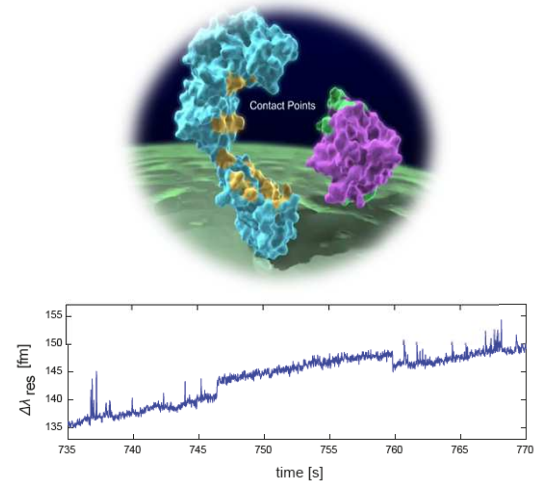
## Local Dynamics of Single Labels



Shimon Weiss, SCIENCE, VOL 283, page 1686.

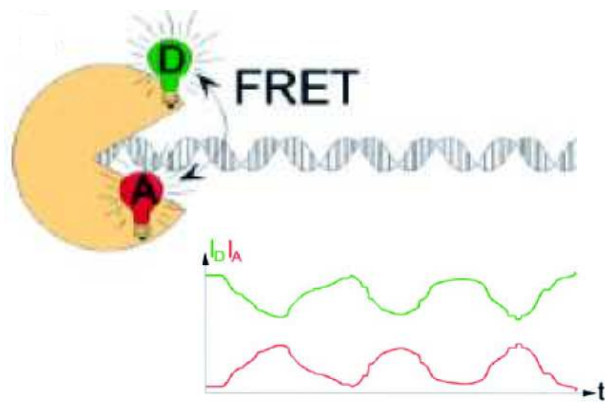
Single Molecule Fluorescence, FRET, STED, ....  
NMR

## Large- /Nanoscale Dynamics of entire, label-free Biomolecule

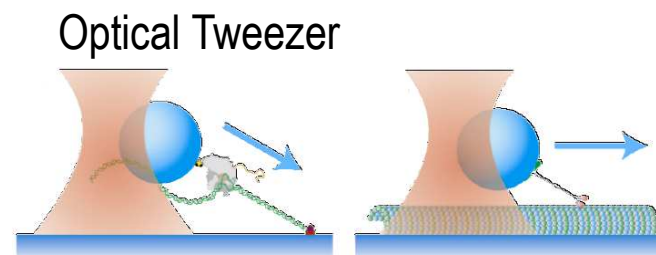


$$P(E) = P_0 + \alpha * E + \beta * E^2 + \dots$$

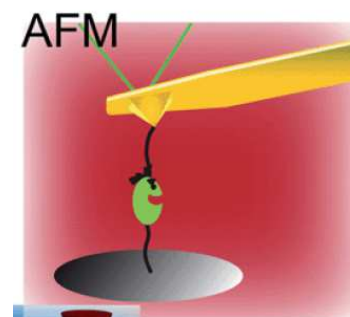
# SINGLE MOLECULE TECHNIQUES



Shimon Weiss, SCIENCE, VOL 283, page 1686.



Joshua W. Shaevitz, A Practical Guide to Optical Trapping



M.J. Jacobs, Blank Chem.Sci. (2014) vol. 5:1680-1697