Coarse Grain 3D RNA Structure Prediction

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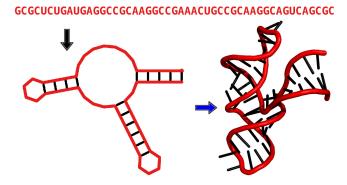
http://www.tbi.univie.ac.at/

Benasque, July 2015





Hierarchical RNA Folding



- RNAs fold hierarchically
- To predict 3D structure, assume we know 2D structure

Sampling Approach

Sample structures rather than predicting the optimal structure.

Monte Carlo (MCMC) approach:

- 1 Create a model
- 2 Evaluate energy
- 3 Accept / Reject
- 4 Perturb model
- 6 Go to step 2

Coarse Graining

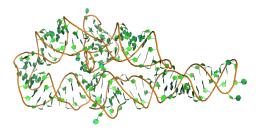
Conformation space is of RNA 3D structures is too large for efficient sampling.

Solution: Coarse graining Remove details from the models in order to

- make larger strides across the conformation space
- spend less effort evaluating each structure

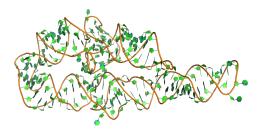
Coarse Graining

All-Atom Representation



Coarse Graining

All-Atom Representation



Easiest: Coarse Graining with one (or few) points per Nucleotide

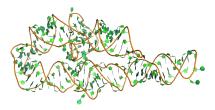


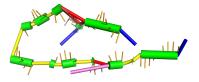
NAST (Jonikas et al. 2009)



DMD (Ding et al. 2008)

Ernwin Coarse Grained Representation

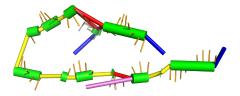




Helix based coarse graining with

- 6 parameters per interior loop
- 3 parameters per hairpin / exterior loop
- 1 parameter per helix

Coarse Grain Model Parameters



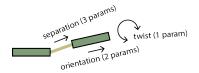


Structure Evaluation

Structure evaluation is split into two parts:

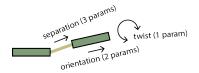
- Local structure: Relative orientation of adjacent helices
- Global structure: Avoid steric clashes Ensure compactness of structures Long-range interactions

Local Structure



- Learn frequency distribution for helix orientations dependent on loop size
- Used large number of Rosetta generated models with random sequences

Local Structure



- Learn frequency distribution for helix orientations dependent on loop size
- Used large number of Rosetta generated models with random sequences
- Locally correct structures can be now be sampled directly!
- MCMC only needed to include long range interactions

Non-local Energies

How to include non-local energies?

- Knowledge based potentials common approach for global properties and long-range interactions
- Given feature X with a reference (desired) frequency distribution P(X)

$$E_X = -c \ln \frac{P(X)}{Q(X)}$$

with Q(X) the background (expected) distribution.

• Used in the accept/reject step of MCMC

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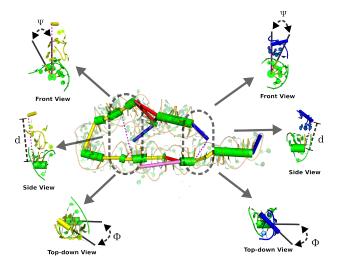
- Used in the accept/reject step of MCMC
- Instead of a fixed Q(X), we sample Q(X) during the simulation
 Known as reference ratio method (Hammelryck, 2010)

Non-local Energies

Currently, we use 4 non-local energy terms:

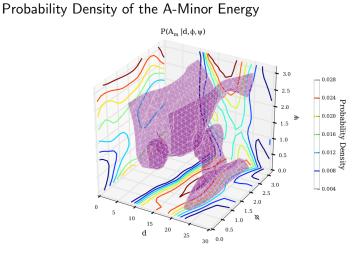
- Clash detection uses 1 virtual atom for each nucleotide
- Radius of gyration ensures compactness of structures
- Loop-loop distance between two hairpin loops
- A-minor interaction unpaired A interacting with the minor groove of a helix (hairpin and interior loop version)

A-minor Interaction



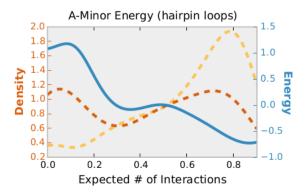
The parameters d, Φ , and Ψ describe how the donor loop (blue) is oriented with respect to the receptor stem (green).

A-minor Interaction

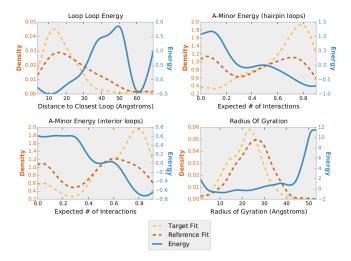


Expected vs. Sampled

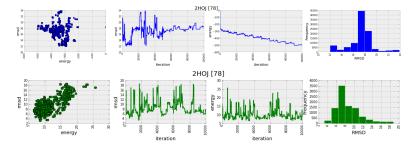
How many interactions do we expect a loop to be involved in?



Other Energies

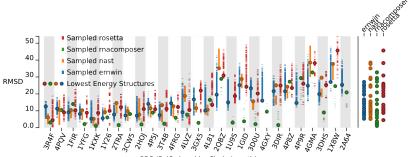


How Useful is An Energy?



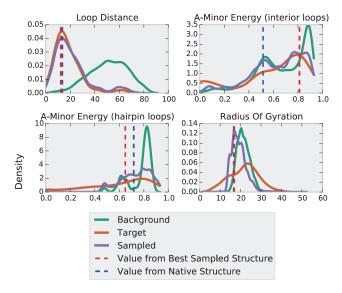
The ernwin energy has a better profile than the Rosetta energy.

Prediction Accuracy and Comparisons



PDB ID (Ordered by Chain Length)

Sampling Coarse-Grain Features



Coarse Grain Measure Value

Summary

- Introduced highly coarse-grained helix based structure model
- Allows more complete sampling of configuration space
- Proposed long-range energies over a coarse-grain model
- Direct sampling of local structure and knowledge based potentials for long-range interactions

Details: Kerpedjiev et al., *RNA* **21**, pp 1110-1121, 2015 Code at https://github.com/pkerpedjiev/ernwin

Limitations and Improvements

- Conversion from coarse grained \rightarrow atomic resolution and refinement
- Better long-range energy terms
- More sequence dependence
- Incorporation of interior loop motifs
- Incorporation of multi-loop motifs

Including 3D Motifs

Can we use 3D motif prediction to improve ernwin?

- Run JAR3D on each interior loop returns a list motifs and PDB ids for each motif
- Choose loop conformation from one of the JAR3D instances
- Compare predictions with/out JAR3D

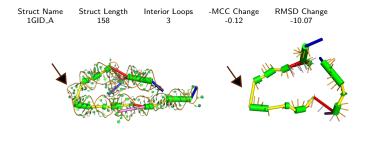
Unfortunately, no JAR3D predictions for multi-loops yet.

Including Motif Predictions from JAR3D

| Name | Length | Int. Loops (found) | MCC Original | MCC JAR3D | MCC Change | RMSD Change |
|--------|--------|--------------------|--------------|-----------|------------|-------------|
| 1GID_A | 158 | 8(5) | 0.67 | 0.79 | 0.12 | -10.07 |
| 1X8W_A | 242 | 10(6) | 0.64 | 0.69 | 0.05 | -2.94 |
| 4GMA_Z | 192 | 8(3) | 0.68 | 0.71 | 0.04 | -3.79 |
| 3T4B_A | 83 | 2(1) | 0.89 | 0.91 | 0.02 | -1.92 |
| 3D0U_A | 161 | 7(0) | 0.75 | 0.76 | 0.01 | -5.52 |
| 4GXY_A | 161 | 10(5) | 0.70 | 0.71 | 0.01 | 0.33 |
| 4LVZ_A | 89 | 2(1) | 0.82 | 0.83 | 0.01 | -1.74 |
| 2TRA_A | 73 | 0(0) | 0.90 | 0.91 | 0.01 | -0.80 |
| 2HOJ_A | 78 | 3(0) | 0.90 | 0.91 | 0.01 | -0.05 |
| 4L81_A | 96 | 2(2) | 0.82 | 0.83 | 0.00 | -1.98 |
| 1Y26_X | 71 | 1(0) | 0.98 | 0.97 | 0.00 | 1.00 |
| 3DHS_A | 215 | 6(3) | 0.75 | 0.74 | 0.00 | 0.60 |
| 4P5J_A | 83 | 0(0) | 0.86 | 0.85 | 0.00 | 0.15 |
| 3CW5_A | 75 | 0(0) | 0.91 | 0.90 | -0.01 | 0.29 |
| 1U9S_A | 155 | 8(3) | 0.80 | 0.79 | -0.01 | -2.01 |
| 1KXK_A | 70 | 4(2) | 0.88 | 0.86 | -0.02 | 0.37 |
| 4P9R_A | 189 | 3(3) | 0.72 | 0.70 | -0.02 | -1.16 |
| 4PQV_A | 68 | 0(0) | 0.87 | 0.84 | -0.03 | 0.15 |
| 3DIR_A | 172 | 6(3) | 0.81 | 0.76 | -0.05 | 0.99 |
| 3GX5_A | 94 | 4(2) | 0.88 | 0.79 | -0.09 | 1.38 |

MCCs computed by converting 3D structures into contact maps

Correctly Predicted Kink-Turn Motif



Crystal Structure

Best Prediction

Incorrectly Predicted Interior Loop

